DICOM

Conformance Statement

HD11 XE Release 1.1.x.x 2005-11-08





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Overview

The HD11 implements the necessary DICOM® services to download worklists from an information system, save acquired Ultrasound (US) images and associated Structured Reports to a network storage device, CD or MOD, print to a networked hardcopy device, and inform the information system about the work actually done. Table I provides an overview of the supported network services, Table 2 lists the supported Media Storage Application Profiles, and Table 3 lists the supported Structured Report Templates.

[®] DICOM is the registered trademark of the National Electrical Manufacturers Association for its standards publications relating to digital communications of medical information.

Table I NETWORK SERVICES

NETWORK SERVICES		
SOP Classes	User of Service (SCU)	Provider of Service (SCP)
	Transfer	
Ultrasound Image Storage	Yes	No
Ultrasound Multi-frame Image Storage	Yes	No
Storage Commitment Push Model SOP Class	Yes	No
Comprehensive SR	Yes	No
	Query/Retrieve	
W	orkflow Management	·
Modality Worklist Information Model - FIND	Yes	No
Modality Performed Procedure Step SOP Model	Yes	No
	Print Management	
Basic Grayscale Print Management Meta SOP Class	Yes	No
Basic Color Print Management Meta SOP Class	Yes	No
Basic Film Session SOP Class	Yes	No
Basic Film Box SOP Class	Yes	No
Basic Grayscale Image Box SOP Class	Yes	No
Basic Color Image Box SOP Class	Yes	No
Printer SOP Class	Yes	No

Table 2 **MEDIA SERVICES**

Media Storage Application Profile	Write Files (FSC or FSU)	Read Files (FSR) (1)(2)
Com	pact Disk - Recordable	
STD-US-SC-SF&MF-CDR	Option	Option
Magneto-Optical Disk		
STD-US-SC-SF&MF-MOD128	Option	Option
STD-US-SC-SF&MF-MOD230	Option	Option
STD-US-SC-SF&MF-MOD540	Option	Option
STD-US-SC-SF&MF-MOD640	Option	Option
STD-US-SC-SF&MF-MOD13	Option	Option

Table 3 STRUCTURED REPORTS

Concept Name	Supported
OB-GYN Ultrasound Procedure Report	Yes
Echocardiography Procedure Report	Yes

⁽¹⁾ Structured Reports are not imported to the system.(2) Only reads and imports data from other Philips HD11 or EnVisor systems.

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0. Introduction

This chapter provides general information about the purpose, scope and contents of this Conformance Statement.

0.1 Purpose of this Document

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Introduction
 - Purpose of this Document

The Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine (DICOM) standard was originally developed by a joint committee of the American College of Radiology (ACR) and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) to

"Facilitate the open exchange of information between digital imaging computers".

It specifies how medical images and related clinical information are passed between medical devices.

The DICOM Conformance Statement (DCS) is a required document for any device that claims conformance to DICOM. Since the DICOM standard specifies the structure and content of this document (PS3.2-2004) a DCS describes the DICOM capabilities and key features of a particular product in a standardized, defined manner.

This DCS defines the DICOM capabilities and key features of Philips Medical Systems' HD11 ultrasound imaging system.

For a hospital's Information Technology (IT) department, matching DICOM Conformance Statements between vendor product offerings is a key element to determine interconnectivity between vendors' devices.

This Conformance Statement should be read in conjunction with the DICOM standard and its addenda [DICOM].

0.2 Intended Audience

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- > Introduction
 - > Intended Audience

This Conformance Statement is intended for:

- Potential customers
- System integrators of medical equipment
- Marketing staff interested in system functionality
- Software designers implementing DICOM interfaces

It is assumed that the reader is familiar with the DICOM standard.

0.3 Overview of DICOM product offering

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Introduction
 - Overview of DICOM product offering

HDII is an ultrasound system. The services supported by HDII's DICOM subsystem are derived from the following customer needs:

Name	Customer Need	Options package
Optioning	Ability to purchase some features and not others.	N/A
Archival	Archival of digital images to: I. Removable media or 2. Across the network	DICOM Media DICOM Networking
Printing of medical images	Printing to a DICOM compatible printer.	DICOM Networking
Verification	Ability to verify the existence of and communicate with a DICOM server on the network.	DICOM Networking
Modality WorkList (MWL)	Ability to obtain lists of patients and procedures from the hospital's information system.	DICOM Networking
Modality Performed Procedure Step (MPPS)	Ability to update the information in the hospital's information system with regard to the status of a scheduled procedure.	DICOM Networking
DICOM SR	Archival of structured report (for obstetric, gynecology and cardiac studies) to: I. Removable media or 2. Across the network	DICOM Structured Reporting

The base HDII system will be sold with no DICOM services enabled. Customers requiring functionality beyond that provided by the base system purchase DICOM services as options on top of the base system.

Philips Medical Systems offers customers three DICOM options:

Ι.	DICOM Media	Capability to read/write studies from/to a CD-R, CD-RW or MOD. This is enabled/disabled via hardware: based on the presence or absence of the MOD drive.
2.	DICOM Networking	Capability to store studies across a network, transfer ownership of studies to the PACS and print a hardcopy to a DICOM printer. Capability to request lists of scheduled work from the hospital's information system and the ability to update study status information in the hospital's information system. Enabled via access codes.
3	DICOM Structured Reporting	Capability to generate and store structured report for obstetric, gynecology and cardiac studies to DICOM formatted media and across the network.

Note: DICOM Networking encompasses what in EnVisor had been two separate options: DICOM Basic and DICOM Advanced.

While the DICOM Conformance Statement is not intended to be a complete HDII product specification, some areas of this document will refer to system operation where it is necessary to add a context for the discussion or to help explain a capability.

0.4 Sources for this Document

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Introduction
 - Sources for this Document

The source for this document is:

 American College of Radiology-National Electrical Manufacturers Association (ACR-NEMA) Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine (DICOM) documents PS 3.1-2004 through PS 3.18-2004.

0.5 Important Note to the Reader

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Introduction
 - Important Note to the Reader

This Conformance Statement by itself does not guarantee successful interoperability of Philips equipment with non-Philips equipment. The user (or user's agent) should be aware of the following issues:

Interoperability

Interoperability refers to the ability of application functions, distributed over two or more systems, to work successfully together. The integration of medical devices into an IT environment may require application functions that are not specified within the scope of DICOM. Consequently, using only the information provided by this Conformance Statement does not guarantee interoperability of Philips equipment with non-Philips equipment. It is the user's responsibility to analyze thoroughly the application requirements and to specify a solution that integrates Philips equipment with non-Philips equipment.

Validation

Philips equipment has been carefully tested to assure that the actual implementation of the DICOM interface corresponds with this Conformance Statement. Where Philips equipment is linked to non-Philips equipment, the first step is to compare the relevant Conformance Statements. If the Conformance Statements indicate that successful information exchange should be possible, additional validation tests will be necessary to ensure the functionality, performance, accuracy and stability of image and image related data. It is the responsibility of the user (or user's agent) to specify the appropriate test suite and to carry out the additional validation tests.

New versions of the DICOM Standard

The DICOM Standard will evolve in future to meet the user's growing requirements and to incorporate new features and technologies. Philips is actively involved in this evolution and plans to adapt its equipment to future versions of the DICOM Standard. In order to do so, Philips reserves the right to make changes to its products or to discontinue its delivery. The user should ensure that any non-Philips provider linking to Philips equipment also adapts to future versions of the DICOM Standard. If not, the incorporation of DICOM enhancements into Philips equipment may lead to loss of connectivity (in case of networking) and incompatibility (in case of media).

0.6 Acronyms, Abbreviations and Glossary of Terms

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- > Introduction
 - > Acronyms, Abbreviations and Glossary of Terms

DICOM definitions, terms and abbreviations are used throughout this Conformance Statement. For a description of these, see NEMA PS 3.3 and PS 3.4.

ACC	American College of Cardiology
ACR	American College of Radiology Initiated the DICOM standardization effort in the early 1980's.
AE	Application Entity A software process that implements DICOM. HDII uses a single AE.
AE Title	AE's require a unique 'AE Title', typically set up during installation through HDII's setup key on the control panel. Application Entities (AE's) identify themselves to each other via the AE Title at application level.
ANSI	American National Standard Institute
ASE	American Society of Echocardiography
Association	A connection between AE's for DICOM exchange.
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Exchange Known for standardizing codes for text.
Attribute	Attributes are the components of an object (IOD), describing its properties. Examples of attributes are Patient Name, Patient ID etc. Each attribute has a unique DICOM tag.
Big Endian	An encoding method for storing the most significant Byte in the high order bits of a 16 bit word. Motorola based CPU's expect information to be stored this way. Exchanged as part of the transfer syntax. Conversion to

	little endian would require swapping each byte within the words.
CD-R	Compact Disk, Write once, read many times. An option for the physical specification for the DICOM media exchange standard and used by HDII as a removable media device.
CD-RW	Compact Disk, multi-write, multi-read An option for the physical specification for the DICOM media exchange standard and used by HDII as a removable media device.
DICOM	Digital Imaging and Communications In Medicine Version 3.0 is the current defined version and is that used by this in this document.
DICOM Media	A DICOM option that can be purchased by the customer, it allows the user to write DICOM studies to removable media.
DICOM Networking	A DICOM option that can be purchased by the customer, it allows the user to perform network export of DICOM studies and DICOM print as well as to select a procedure from a Modality Worklist and to send study status information to the department scheduler. It includes DICOM Media.
DICOM SR	A standard for documents that incorporates references to images and associated data. Each DICOM Structured Report encodes only what is meant, not how it is intended to be displayed, printed or otherwise presented.
DICOM Structured Repo	orting – A DICOM option that can be purchased by the customer, it allows the user to generate and store structured report for Obstetrics, Gynecology and cardiac studies to a DICOM formatted media and across the network.
DICOMDIR	The standard directory structure specified for DICOM media exchange.
DIMSE	DICOM Message Service Element. The DICOM set of commands (e.g. C_ECHO, C_STORE, etc.)

HDII -----Philips Medical Systems' HDII ultrasound system. Explicit VR -----Explicit Value Representation A transfer syntax which is negotiated by which the receiver is explicitly told the VR syntax and context. This is in contrast to Implicit VR. FSC -----File-set creator The function of a device that creates DICOM exchange media, typically an acquisition device such as an ultrasound. HDII is a FSC. FSR -----File-set reader The function of a device that reads DICOM exchange media - typically a viewing station. HDII is also a FSR and can view studies created by other HDII systems. FSU-----File-set updater The function of a device that can read DICOM exchange media and update the DICOMDIR. Implementation Class UID A unique number, which is exchanged during the set up of the association, by which HDII identifies itself. This UID is guaranteed not to change for a specific release of HDII. Implicit VR ------Implicit Value Representation A transfer syntax which is negotiated by which the receiver is assumed to know the VR syntax and context. HIS ----- Hospital Information System IOD -----Information Object Definition Specification of a DICOM object such as a US Image Object. ISO -----International Standards Organization IPEG -----An image compression technique created by the Joint Photographic Experts Group Little Endian -----An encoding method by which the least significant byte is stored in the high order bits in a 16 bit word. This is how Intel based CPU's store data.

LUT	Look Up Table Specifying mapping from specific values such as pixel values into luminance.
MOD	Magneto Optical Disk Used by HDII as one of the physical exchange media options for the DICOM exchange standard.
Modality	An acquisition system such as CT, MR, US. HDII is an ultrasound (US) modality.
Module	reasons. Examples are Patient module, Study module etc.
Monochrome2	A color format for images in which the pixel values are grayscale values with a range of 0-255, 0 represents a Black pixel and 255 represents a White pixel.
MPPS	Modality Performed Procedure Step Used by HDII for informing a department scheduler of the status of a study.
MWL	Modality WorkList Used to provide on the HDII system a Worklist of scheduled procedures.
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association US trade organization, members of which defined the first version of the DICOM standard together with the ACR.
PACS	Picture Archiving and Communications System An image archive.
PaletteColor	A color format for images in which the pixel values are indices into a color table. See RGB and YBR for other color formats.
PDU	Protocol Data Unit Packet that is created at the DICOM lower-level protocol.
Pixel	Smallest, single element or dot of an image.
QLAB	A Philips tool for advanced quantification of images.
RGB	A color format for images in which the pixel values contain the red, green and blue color intensities. See PaletteColor and YBR for other color formats.

RIS	Radiology Information System Which typically schedules and maintains patient demographic information.
RLE	Run Length Encoding A lossless image compression scheme.
SCP	Service Class Provider DICOM AE that functions as a server or 'provides' a service such as Storage, Print etc.
SCU	Service Class User DICOM AE that functions as a client, or uses a service, i.e. for printing, storage etc.
Service Class	A service class is a group of one or more SOP classes e.g. the Storage Service class contains all the storage SOP classes (CT_STORE, US_STORE etc).
SOP	Service Object Pair Combination of a service such as US_STORE and an object such as image.
SR	- Structured Report
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol The communication standard supported by DICOM.
Transfer Syntax	Encoding specification of DICOM messages, negotiated while setting up an association. Examples of different transfer syntaxes are Little Endian or Big Endian, Implicit or Explicit VR, or a compression scheme (such as RLE or JPEG).
Туре	Specification of rule for whether an attribute has to be present in an object. Type I attributes are required; Type 2 are required but can be left blank when unknown; Type 3 are optional.
U/U	Usage specification for a specific service, meaning (user-) optional for SCU and mandatory for SCP.
U/M	Usage specification for a specific service, meaning (user-) optional for both SCU and SCP.
UID	Unique Identifier A world-wide unique numbering scheme which is used by

	the NEMA to, for example, identify SOP classes, syntaxes etc and vendors for identifying SOP instances.
US	Ultrasound
VM	Value Multiplicity Defining whether or not an attribute can have multiple elements, for example multiple phone numbers.
VR	Value Representation The definition of rules and encoding of groups of similar attributes. For example the VR Person Name (PN) specifies exactly the sequence of last name, first name etc.
YBR	A color format for images in which the pixel values contain one luminance and two chrominance planes. See PaletteColor and RGB for other color formats.

I. Implementation Model

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

> Implementation Model

This section describes the functional relationship between the device and the DICOM services:

Customer Need	Provided in options package	Functionality	DICOM Service Classes Required
Optioning	Bundled	Ability to install/remove optional features	
Archive to Media	Bundled	Saving BMP's, AVI's, and HTML docs to media	
		Formatting removable media: MOD.	
	DICOM Media	Saving DICOM studies to removable media.	Media Storage Service Class – File Set Creator
			Media Storage Service Class – File Set Updater
Retrieval from Media	DICOM Media	Reading DICOM studies from removable media	Media Storage Service Class – File Set Reader
Archive to Network	DICOM Networking	Network export of DICOM images	Storage SCU
		Transfer ownership of acquired images to a PACS.	Storage Commitment SCU

Customer Need	Provided in options package	Functionality	DICOM Service Classes Required
Print	Bundled	Print images to PC based printers, non-DICOM film printers.	
	DICOM Networking	Print studies to a DICOM printer – both color and B&W.	Print Management SCU
Modality Worklist (MWL)	DICOM Networking	Request modality worklists from the Modality Worklist Server.	MWL SCU
Modality Performed Procedure Step (MPPS)	DICOM Networking	Inform the hospital of the status of a performed procedure.	MPPS SCU
DICOM SR	DICOM Structured Reporting	Network/media export of DICOM structured report files for Obstetrics, Gynecology and Cardiac studies.	SR Storage SCU
		Transfer ownership of generated DICOM SR files to a PACS.	SR Storage Commitment SCU
Setup	DICOM Networking	Verification that a network device is a DICOM server.	Verification SCU
		Response to requests from the network to verify that HDII is a DICOM device.	Verification SCP

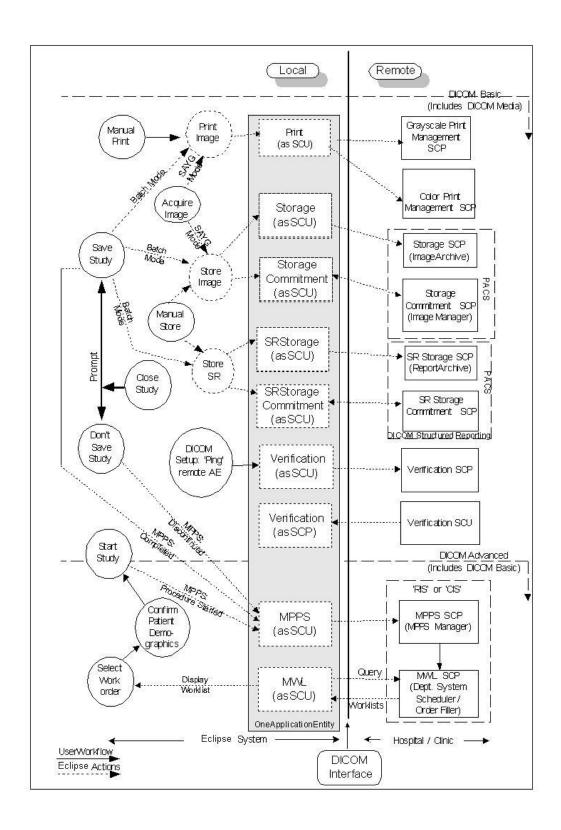
Customer Need	Provided in options package	Functionality	DICOM Service Classes Required
		Set the AE Title for HDII; Specify which network server is the primary and secondary storage SCP, storage commit SCP; List servers, add servers etc	

I.I Application Data Flow Diagrams

I.I.I Network Relationships

The diagram in Figure 1.1-1 represents the relationship between HD11's Application Entity and it's use of DICOM to real-world activities. Figure 1.1-1 shows the relationships for DICOM activities on the network.

Figure 1.1-1 Network Relationships



The left side of the diagram (labeled 'Local') represents the HDII system being described in this DICOM Conformance Statement. The right side (labeled 'Remote') represents equipment that HDII is meant to exchange information with (the Hospital/Clinic), and the vertical line in between is the DICOM Interface.

The long rectangular gray box represents the one and only Application Entity that is used in the implementation of all HDII's DICOM services. This single AE supports all the HDII services: print, storage, storage commitment, verification, MWL and MPPS.

Since an AE must have a unique AE Title across a hospitals network (HIS), the user can configure the AE's title through setup. The dotted rectangular boxes within the Application Entity represent the various DICOM services used (SCU) and supported (SCP).

The circles, on the left side of the diagram, represent real-world activities that a user can perform with the HDII system, such as saving a study and acquiring an image.

The diagram shows that HDII supports storing images to a remote PACS, as well as transferring ownership of the images to a PACS so that the study can automatically be deleted from HDII's hard-drive.

Images can be:

- 1. Sent to the primary (and if configured secondary) Storage SCP as soon as they are acquired (circle 'Acquire Image'), this is called send-as-you-go mode.
- 2. Batched up and sent all at once each time the study is saved (circle 'Save Study').
- 3. A study can be selected, by the user, from a list of studies on HD11's local hard-drive, and manually exported (circle 'Manual Store').

The diagram shows that HDII supports storage and store commitment of structured report (SR) to a remote PACS. HDII allows the user to configure Image archival SCP and SR archival SCP as different AEs, however this is not a restriction and the user can use same SCP for both. It is to be noted that SR is exported only for obstetric, gynecology and cardiac type studies.

SRs can be:

- Sent to the SR Storage SCP whenever a study is closed (Batch Mode as well as Send As You Go mode)
- 2. Sent to the SR Storage SCP by the user using manual export.

HDII also supports printing studies to a grayscale or color DICOM printer. As with storing studies to a remote PACS, images can be printed as soon as they are acquired (but only when there are enough to fill a page); they can be batched for printing all at once when the study is saved, or the study can be selected manually for printing.

If color images are sent to a grayscale printer, they will be converted to grayscale. If both a color and grayscale printer is configured, color images will be routed to the color printer and grayscale images will be routed to the grayscale printer.

HDII supports Modality Worklists (MWL) and Modality Performed Procedure Step (MPPS.) These two capabilities work together to allow HDII to communicate with a Hospital Information System (HIS) to obtain and display lists of patients scheduled for imaging procedures and to update the HIS whenever the status of a scheduled procedure changes (for example, when a scheduled study is completed.)

The diagram shows that when a study is started (circle 'Start Study'), HDII sends an MPPS Study Started message to the department system scheduler (MPPS SCP) and when the user finishes the study a MPPS Study Completed message is sent to the department system scheduler (circle 'Save Study'). It also shows that the user can discontinue a study (circle 'Don't Save Study'), in which case a MPPS Study Discontinued message is sent to the department system scheduler.

The user can disconnect the network cable and use HDII in walk-about or portable mode. When reconnected to the network, HDII will process any queued jobs including storage, printing and Storage Commitment. Queued MPPS status updates will also be performed. Also, on reconnect, HDII resumes the periodic retrieval of the modality worklist.

1.1.2 Removable Media Relationships

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - > Application Data Flow Diagrams
 - Removable Media Relationships

The diagram in Figure 1.1-2 represents the relationship between HD11's Application Entity and it's use of DICOM to real-world activities. Figure 1.1-2 shows the relationships for DICOM activities involving local storage to removable media.

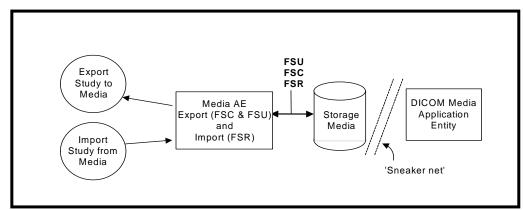


Figure 1.1-2 Removable Media Relationships

As with the previous diagram, circles represent real-world activities performed on the HDII system.

The diagram shows that HDII supports the writing of DICOM studies to the ultrasound systems removable media (CD-R, CD-RW or MOD). Writing of a DICOM study includes writing of images by default. DICOM SR files of obstetrics, gynecology and cardiac study types are written in case the package DICOM Structured Reporting is purchased. This is useful for exporting the studies to the image / report archive when the hospitals network is down. It is also useful for long term archival to CD of studies for sites that have not purchased the networking capability provided in the 'Networking' package.

HDII can also read back into the system studies that it (another HDII system or an EnVisor system) has previously written to removable media. However, since HDII is

not an image archive but an image modality, it will not allow a user to read studies into the system that were not generated by an HDII (or EnVisor) system. HDII, when it reads back a study from media, does not read back SR.

The rationale behind allowing HDII to read studies generated by an EnVisor system is that HDII is a potential 'next' purchase for EnVisor customers. It is an upgrade and therefore the customer would want to be able to read studies that they generated with the EnVisor. However, the opposite is not true – an EnVisor system will not be able to read studies generated by an HDII system.

I.2 Functional Definition of HDII AE

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HD11 AE

HDII is implemented as a single AE. The DICOM AE Title and Port number are configurable by the user through the 'Setup' screens. The default AE Title that HDII will use is the host name of the computer. Since AE Titles must be unique across a hospital's network and computer names must also be unique, some institutions institute a policy where the AE Title is derived from the computer name. HDII supports this by allowing the user to specify a fixed string for a prefix and suffix. The AE Title is then generated from the prefix, the computer's name and the suffix.

The default port number is 104 but as with the AE Title, the port number can be configured by the user.

There are ten real-world activities that the HDII AE performs. These are:

- 1. Storage of DICOM studies (Images and SRs) to a PACS,
- 2. Issuing of Storage Commitment requests to a PACS,
- 3. Verification of the existence of DICOM servers on the hospital's network,
- 4. Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer,
- 5. Responding to a verification request from a remote DICOM server,
- 6. Saving a DICOM study to removable media,
- 7. Reading a DICOM study from removable media,
- 8. Writing and Reading a study to/from removable media in Non-DICOM formats
- 9. Obtaining a list of scheduled work from the HIS via the MWL Server, and

 Updating the HIS whenever a scheduled procedure changes using the MPPS Server.

These real-world activities are described, in general terms, in the following sub-sections.

1.2.1 Storage of DICOM studies (Images and SRs) to a PACS

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HDII AE
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS

HDII acts as a Service Class User (SCU) of the 'Ultrasound Image Store', 'Ultrasound Multiframe Image Store' and 'Comprehensive SR' SOP Classes using DIMSE C-STORE commands to transmit images and SRs to the storage server. It provides a set of DICOM configuration settings used to set up the network interface and storage options. The configurable options include specification of the DICOM storage server (host-name, port number and AE Title) for both image storage and SR storage. These options can be accessed through the DICOM Setup screen.

Just before the first image is sent from the system, the storage AE establishes an association with the primary (and if configured secondary) storage SCP and maintains the open association as long as images for storage are in the queue to that SCP. If the queue empties, the storage AE will close the association. This process will repeat for subsequent images. Therefore, images sent quickly one after the other would share the same association. This reduces overhead and improves performance. Therefore

- In Batch Mode, where all the images (since last save) are sent to the storage SCP when the user closes the study (and confirms export) - all the images will be sent on the same association.
- In Batch Mode, where the user presses the save icon (floppy disk) in review mode, the images acquired since the last save are sent to the storage SCP all the images will be sent on the same association.
- In send-as-you-go mode, where the images are sent one-at-a-time as the user acquires them each image will be sent on a separate association.

SR document is generated only when a study is closed. Hence in batch mode or in send as you go mode SR is exported to the SR storage server only when the study is closed. Similar to the image storage, an association is opened with SR storage server and all the SRs associated with the study are sent to the SCP before closing the association.

If any images (or SRs, if applicable) in a study are not successfully stored to the Storage SCP (or SR Storage SCP), then the study is marked with an icon indicating failure in the 'Search for Study' screen. If the user subsequently manually exports the study, all the images (and SRs, if applicable) will be resent to the Primary Storage SCP and (if defined) the Secondary Storage SCP. As mentioned, all images will be sent - both those that were previously successfully stored and those that failed. The Storage SCP will detect, without detrimental consequences (per the DICOM standard), that some images are duplicates.

A.2.1.1 Monochromization and Intelli-Store

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HD11 AE
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - > Monochromization and Intelli-Store

HDII allows the user to select photometric interpretation and transfer syntax of the image pixel data so that HDII's images can be viewed with a wide range of DICOM viewers. HDII supports RGB, PALETTE_COLOR, MONOCHROME2 and YBR_FULL_422 photometric interpretations. If MONOCHROME2 is selected, the color images are monochromized (converted to 8 bit grayscale) before transfer to PACS.

Intelli-store feature of HDII allows the user to send Black & White images in monochrome format and color images in a different format (e.g. RGB or YBR)

1.2.2 Issuing of Storage Commitment requests to a PACS

I.2.2.1 Batch Mode and Manual Export

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HDII AE
 - Issuing of Storage Commitment requests to a PACS
 - Batch Mode and Manual Export

If the user has configured, through DICOM setup, a Storage Commitment server, then after the last image of the study is stored to the Primary storage SCP, HDII will generate an N-Action to request Storage Commitment by the Storage Commitment SCP of all the images. Storage Commitment will not be requested unless all the images of the study have been successfully sent to Primary Storage SCP.

The N-Action command contains a list of image Instance UIDs. After the Storage Commitment SCP sends the N-ACTION-RSP, HDII immediately closes the association without waiting for the N-EVENT-REPORT from the Storage Commitment SCP.

Some time later, the Storage Commitment SCP will open an association with HDII's AE using reverse-role negotiation, and will send an N-Event Report with a list of the image Instance UIDs that were successfully committed and if applicable, a list of those that were not. If the list contains images that could not be committed, HDII marks the complete store job as 'FAILED' and retry of job will involve requesting Store and Store commit for all the images in the study, including the ones that had been successfully committed.

HDII will reject an association requested by a Storage Commitment SCP that does not employ role-reversal.

Issuing of Storage Commitment request and the processing of the response from the commitment SCP for SR works in the same way as images. If a storage commitment SCP has been configured for SR, HDII will generate an N-ACTION request for storage commitment of all the SR instances that were stored.

1.2.2.2 Send-As-You-Go Mode

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HDII AE
 - Issuing of Storage Commitment requests to a PACS
 - Send-As-You-Go Mode

If the user has configured, through DICOM setup, a Storage Commitment server, then after each image of the study is successfully stored to the Primary storage SCP, HDII will generate an N-Action to request Storage Commitment of the image by the Storage Commitment SCP.

Therefore, in send-as-you-go mode, where the images are sent one-at-a-time as the user acquires them, multiple N-Action requests are generated and sent to Storage Commitment SCP. One N-Action request corresponds to one image.

The N-Action command contains the transaction UID of the just acquired image. HDII then, as with batch mode, closes the association and waits for a reply from the STORAGE COMMITMENT server.

1.2.3 Verification of the existence of DICOM server on the hospitals network

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - > Functional Definition of HDII AE
 - ➤ Verification of the existence of DICOM server on the hospitals network

When the user configures one of the SCP servers (for example the Primary Storage SCP or B&W printer SCP), he/she can optionally 'ping' the SCP to verify it is a DICOM server, it is on-line and it is enabled to communicate with this HDII system.

When the user requests a 'DICOM Ping', the verification SCU will initiate an association with the remote server and send a C-Echo request to the server.

1.2.4 Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer

HDII serves as a print SCU and sends images to a remote DICOM print device.

I.2.4.1 Monochromization and Intelli-print

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HDII AE
 - Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer
 - Monochromization and intelli-print

The operator can configure up to two print SCPs: one B&W and one COLOR. If only a B&W print SCP is configured, then color images will be converted to grayscale. If both B&W and color print SCP's are defined then HDII uses an "intelli-print" process to send color images to the color SCP and grayscale images to the B&W SCP.

If both a color and BW printer are configured, HDII creates two separate requests for printing, one for the color images in the study and the other for the gray images. These two requests lead to two separate Print Jobs, and since, HDII executes only one print job at a time, these jobs would be executed sequentially.

1.2.4.2 Batch Mode and Manual Print

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HDII AE
 - Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer
 - > Batch Mode and Manual Print

In Batch Mode, where all the images are printed when the user closes the study, all the images will be sent on the same association. Each page will contain the configured number of images. The last page may be a partial page if there are not enough images to fill the page; this ensures that a printed page cannot have images from multiple studies

I.2.4.3 Send-As-You-Go Mode

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HDII AE
 - Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer
 - Send-As-You-Go Mode

In send-as-you-go mode, as images are acquired they are held until a full page of images is ready for printing. When a full page of images is ready for printing, HDII will open an association with the printer, send the images and then close the association.

When the study is closed, any partially filled page is printed. As with Batch Mode, this ensures that a printed page cannot have images from multiple studies

1.2.5 Responding to a verification request from a remote DICOM server

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HD11 AE
 - Responding to a verification request from a remote DICOM server

The ultrasound system employs a Verification SCP to reply to verification requests sent by remote devices. This will allow the remote device to ensure the availability of HDII on the network, within the constraints of the network topology, and timeout values.

HDII employs a 'high security' paradigm for responding to verification requests by remote devices. This means, HDII will only respond to C-Echo requests from DICOM Servers that it knows about. Specifically, the following steps must have been performed:

- 1. In DICOM Setup, add the DICOM server to the list of DICOM servers.
- 2. Assign the server to the appropriate role.
- 3. Reboot the system.

Note: Philips considers step 3 (the reboot) a limitation that may be removed in some future release.

1.2.6 Saving a DICOM study to removable media

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HDII AE
 - Saving a DICOM study to removable media

HDII is a DICOM file set creator (FSC) and updater (FSU). Studies can be saved (exported) to HDII's removable media (CD-R, CD-RW or MOD), in DICOM format, for long-term storage. Also, if a customer chooses not to purchase DICOM Networking, then DICOM media can be used as a 'sneaker-net' to get DICOM studies off HDII and onto the PACS.

1.2.7 Reading a DICOM study from removable media

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HDII AE
 - > Reading a DICOM study from removable media

HDII is a DICOM file set reader (FSR). Studies that HDII has saved to removable media may also be loaded into another HDII system or even into the same HDII system (as long as the original study has already been deleted). Since HDII is not an image review station, it will check the originator of the study and only import studies created by another HDII or an EnVisor system.

Even though HDII supports writing of SRs to the media, read back of SR is not supported.

I.2.8 Writing and Reading a study to/from removable media in Non-DICOM formats

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HD11 AE
 - Writing and Reading a study to/from removable media in Non-DICOM formats

Users that do not purchase DICOM Media can write the images in DICOM studies to removable media as bmp's and AVI's. Images written in this format cannot be read back into the system.

They can also write a study to removable media in an HDII proprietary format that includes patient demographic information and can be read back into (the same) or another HDII system. This format, however, is not DICOM and cannot be read by non-HDII systems. EnVisor also allowed the user to write a study to removable media in an EnVisor proprietary format that includes patient demographic information. HDII will be able to read studies generated in the EnVisor proprietary format.

1.2.9 Obtaining a list of scheduled work from the HIS via the MWL Server

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HD11 AE
 - Obtaining a list of scheduled work from the HIS via the MWL Server

HDII acts as a Service Class User (SCU) of the 'Modality Worklist (MWL)' SOP Class using DIMSE C-FIND commands to retrieve lists of scheduled protocols (imaging sessions) from the HIS.

A set of standard MWL queries is available (e.g. Show today's worklist entries, show today's worklist entries assigned to this system, show yesterday, today and tomorrow's worklist entries etc.). The user can also configure their own queries based on start date, AE Title of performing HDII etc.

The current work lists can be retrieved manually (when the HDII system is connected to the network) or automatically polled in the background.

1.2.10 Updating the status of a scheduled procedure using the MPPS Server

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Functional Definition of HDII AE
 - Updating the status of a scheduled procedure using the MPPS Server

HDII also acts as a Service Class User (SCU) of the 'Modality Performed Procedure Step (MPPS)' SOP Class.

The start procedure message (N-CREATE) is sent when the user presses the OK button on the Patient ID Window to bring up live imaging. The MPPS Server is also notified, with a N-SET command, when the study is completed (when the study is saved to HDII's disk and closed), or when it is discontinued (when the study is closed without saving.)

1.3 Sequencing of Real-World Activities

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Implementation Model
 - Sequencing of Real-World Activities

For printing and storing using the Print Gray Image, Print Color Image, and Store Image commands, the user must have previously completed the Patient ID screen (which creates a study). For accessing and updating procedures scheduled by the HIS, the HDII user must first select a patient from the Patient Selection screen which displays a list of patients scheduled for procedures on HDII.

2. Application Entity Specifications

HDII is implemented as a single AE.

2.1 HD11 AE Specification

2.1.1 Association Establishment Policies

2.1.1.1 General

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Establishment Policies
 - > General

The following Application Context Name will be proposed and recognized by HDII:

• DICOM 3.0 Application Context I.2.840.10008.3.1.1.1

The PDU size is configurable with a minimum size of 100 and a maximum size of 16,000. The default PDU size is 16,000.

2.1.1.2 Number of Associations

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Establishment Policies
 - Number of Associations

HDII establishes one association per destination at a time. The total number of associations possible at one time is 9: one B&W printer, one Color printer, one Primary Storage Server, one Secondary Storage Server, one Storage Commitment server, one SR storage server, one SR commitment server, one MWL server and one MPPS server.

HDII accepts simultaneous associations for Storage Commitment and Verification. If multiple servers issue a Storage Commitment or verification request at the same time, HDII will accept all the associations. The maximum number of simultaneous associations **accepted** by HDII is limited only by resource constraints.

2.1.1.3 Asynchronous Nature

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- > Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Establishment Policies
 - > Asynchronous Nature

HDII allows a single outstanding operation on any association. Therefore, HDII does not support asynchronous operations window negotiation, other than Storage Commitment reverse-role negotiation for N-Event Report's.

2.1.1.4 Implementation Identifying Information

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - > HDII AE Specification
 - Association Establishment Policies
 - Implementation Identifying Information

Element	Implementation Value
Implementation Class UID	1.2.840.113543.6.6.4.1
Implementation Version Name	HDII_VI.I

Table 4: Implementation Identifying Information

Note: This Class UID and Version Name will be used for the release of HDII described in this DICOM Conformance Statement. The Class UID and Version Name may be updated with subsequent HDII releases to capture the version level of the new release, however the Implementation Version Name for the HDII product will always start with the characters "HDII" and the Implementation Class UID will always be of the form 1.2.840.113543.6.6.4.n

2.1.2 Association Initiation by Real-World Activity

2.1.2.1 Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - > HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS

The HDII provides standard conformance to the following DICOM V3.0 SOP Classes as an SCU:

SOP Class Name	SOP Class UID	Role
Ultrasound Multi-frame Image Storage	1.2.840.10008.5.1.4.1.1.3.1	SCU
Ultrasound Image Storage	1.2.840.10008.5.1.4.1.1.6.1	SCU
Comprehensive Structured Report Storage	1.2.840.10008.5.1.4.1.1.88.33	SCU

Table 5: SOP Classes Supported by Network Storage AE

2.1.2.1.1 Associated Real-World activity

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Associated Real-World activity

Note: In the following sections if a study has SR (obstetric, gynecology or cardiac), association is initiated with the SR storage server. Even if the image storage server and SR storage server are same, association used for SR(s) export is different from the association used for image export.

Unless stated otherwise, the following description applies to both image and SR storage.

The real world activities that will trigger HDII to initiate an association with the Primary and, if configured, the Secondary Storage Server is dependent on the mode of operation:

I. In Manual mode

An association is initiated when the user selects a study from the list of studies on HDII's local hard-drive and requests that the selected study be exported to the PACS.

2. In Send-As-You-Go mode

An association is initiated when the first image is acquired. HDII will close the association after the image has been stored. A new association will be initiated when the next image is acquired. If Send-As-You-Go mode is configured, SR is always exported when a study is closed.

3. In Batch mode

An association is initiated whenever the user saves the study. The images that have been acquired since the previous 'save' are stored to the PACS. To enhance network performance images / SRs that have already been stored to the PACS are not resent. A new version of SR is generated containing only the new analysis data for the study (if any). This version is exported when the study is closed.

Store Association Negotiation - Association Status (Send-As-You-Go mode)

User	DICOM Activity – Store
Action	Send As You Go Mode
Acquires Image from system	Association Negotiation, then C-Store for the acquired image, then Association Release Request is sent.

Store Association Negotiation - Association Status (Batch Mode & Manual Mode)

User Action	DICOM Activity - Store
Save Study	Association Negotiation then C-Store until all images sent, then Association Release Request is sent.
Close Study	Association negotiation with SR storage server then C-Store until all SRs sent then association release request is sent.

The user can also configure the photometric interpretation and transfer syntax of the image pixel data so that HDII's images can be viewed with a wide range of DICOM viewers.

For an export to the PACS the user can specify different image formats for the Primary and Secondary Storage SCP. The user can choose from one of the following image formats:

- Palette Color, RLE Compressed
- Palette Color, Uncompressed (Implicit VR, Little Endian)
- Palette Color, Uncompressed (Explicit VR, Little Endian)
- RGB, RLE Compressed
- RGB, Uncompressed (Implicit VR, Little Endian)
- RGB, Uncompressed (Explicit VR, Little Endian)
- YBR FULL 422, JPEG compressed.
- Monochrome2, RLE Compressed
- Monochrome2, Uncompressed (Implicit VR, Little Endian)

Monochrome2, Uncompressed (Explicit VR, Little Endian)

It is possible for a user to configure the image format such that Black & White images are always sent using Monochrome2 format while color images are sent in a different format (as per user's selection). This feature is referred to as intelli-store.

Notes:

Palette Color – Pixels are indices into a palette

RGB - pixels are intensities of Red, Green and Blue color components

YBR FULL 422 - pixels are described by one luminance and two chrominance planes, sampled with twice as a much luminance as chrominance

Monochrome2 – pixels are grayscale values with a range of 0-255, 0 represents a Black pixel and 255 represents a White pixel.

HDII will try to negotiate the transfer using the appropriate transfer syntax as per the user selected image format. The Image transfer could fail if the storage SCP does not support the transfer syntax. In this case HDII will report an error condition to the user in the 'Search for Studies' screen. Therefore, as a network administrator you should not configure HDII to send the images in formats not supported by your image archive.

For manual export to removable media the user has the same choices of image format as supported in network export. The intelli-store feature is also available for export to removable media.

Table 6 describes the behavior of the Network Storage AE in response to various error conditions and C-STORE-RSP status indicators. This description is applicable for image as well as SR storage.

Establishing the association

Condition (After C-Store)	Status Codes (C-Store- RSP)	Response
Could not establish the association within 30-second time window (Connect Timeout) due to NO RESPONSE from the Storage Server	Not Applicable	The association attempt is aborted, and after 5-minutes a new association is attempted. HDII will make three attempts to open an association with the configured Storage SCP before aborting the storage request and placing the job in an error state. The user can then manually restart the job at some later date. The failure is logged to the DICOM log file as an error. The 5-minute timeout and the number of retries are configurable by the user from the DICOM Setup screens. The 5-minute timeout is mapped to the 'Retry Interval' input control on the 'DICOM Setup screen and the number of retries is mapped to 'Maximum Retries' on the DICOM Setup screen.
Refused	A7xx	If the Storage SCP server refuses the association, then the association attempt is aborted. HDII will wait 5-minutes and then reattempt the association. HDII will make three attempts to establish the association before aborting the storage request and placing the job in an error state. The user can then manually restart the job at some later date. The failure is logged to the DICOM log file as an error. As an example, the association would be refused if the storage server employs a high security mechanism whereby it only accepts association requests from DICOM Servers that it knows about and the HDII's AE Title was not in the PACS database. The 5-minute timeout and the number of retries are configurable by the user from the DICOM Setup screens. The 5-minute timeout is mapped to the "Retry Interval" input control on the DICOM Setup screen and the retry is

Condition (After C-Store)	Status Codes (C-Store- RSP)	Response
		mapped to 'Maximum Retries' on the DICOM Setup Screen.

During image transfer

Condition	Status	
(After C-Store)	Codes (C-Store- RSP)	Response
After association has been accepted, there is no response to a request within 5-minute time window (Read Timeout).	Not Applicable	If the association is lost during active image transfer to the Storage SCP server, HDII will initiate a new association after 5 minutes, and attempt to store all the images. If during transfer, the association is again lost, HDII will wait another 5 minutes and try again. HDII will make three attempts to send all the images before aborting the storage request and placing the job in an error state. The user can then manually restart the job at some later date. The failure is logged to the DICOM log file as an error. The 5-minute timeout and the number of retries are configurable by the user from the DICOM Setup screens. The 5-minute timeout is mapped to the "Retry Interval" input control on the DICOM Setup screen and the retry is mapped to 'Maximum Retries' on the DICOM Setup Screen.
Error	A9xx, Cxxx, 0122, Other	HDII will treat all errors as failure of Storage request (also called as Job). A failed job is automatically retried after 5 minutes. If the job fails even after three attempts, HDII will abort this request and place the job in an Error state. The user can then manually restart the job at some later date. The failure is logged to the DICOM log file as an error. The 5-minute timeout and the number of retries are configurable by the user from the DICOM Setup screens. The 5-minute timeout is mapped to the "Retry Interval" input control on the DICOM Setup

Condition (After C-Store)	Status Codes (C-Store- RSP)	Response
		screen and the retry is mapped to 'Maximum Retries' on the DICOM Setup Screen.
Warning	D000, B000, B006, B007	If the Storage SCP issues a warning on a particular image (perhaps it had to use coercion, HDII logs the warning to the DICOM log file as an informational event and continues on as if the image was successfully stored to the PACS (see row below).
Success	0000	When an image is successful store to the Storage SCP (PACS), HDII will keep a record of the successful storage. If all the images in the job are successfully stored, HDII will notify the user (through an icon on the list of studies). And the job will be removed from the job manager.

Table 6: Responses to Image Storage Error Conditions

If more images of the same study are presented to the HDII system, additional associations will be initiated to transfer the remaining images using the same Study and Series Instance UIDs.

2.1.2.1.2 Proposed Presentation Context

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- > Application Entity Specifications
 - > HDII AE Specification
 - > Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context

Each time the Network Storage service initiates an association in response to the store request, it requests services summarized in Table 7.

Abstract Synt	ax	Transfer Syntax	Transfer Syntax		ransfer Syntax		Extended Negotiation
Name	UID	Name List	UID List				
Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class	1.2.840.10008. 5.1.4.1.1.6.1	JPEG baseline - Process I (Used if Image Format is YBR)	1.2.840.10008.1.2.4. 50	SCU	None		
		DICOM RLE Lossless (Used if Image format is 'Palette Color, RLE Compressed' or 'RGB, RLE Compressed' or 'Monochrome2, RLE Compressed'	1.2.840.10008.1.2.5				
		DICOM Implicit VR Little Endian (Used if Image format is 'Palette Color, Uncompressed ILE' or 'RGB, Uncompressed ILE' or 'Monochrome2, Uncompressed ILE')	1.2.840.10008.1.2				

Abstract Syntax		Transfer Syntax		Role	Extended Negotiation
Name	UID	Name List	UID List		
		DICOM Explicit VR Little Endian (Used if Image format is 'Palette Color, Uncompressed ELE' or 'RGB, Uncompressed ELE' or 'Monochrome2, Uncompressed ELE')	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1		
Ultrasound Multi-frame Image Storage SOP Class	1.2.840.10008. 5.1.4.1.1.3.1	JPEG baseline – Process I (Used if Image Format is YBR)	1.2.840.10008.1.2.4. 50	SCU	None
		DICOM RLE Lossless (Used if Image format is 'Palette Color, RLE Compressed' or 'RGB, RLE Compressed' or 'Monochrome2, RLE Compressed'	1.2.840.10008.1.2.5		
		DICOM Implicit VR Little Endian (Used if Image format is 'Palette Color, Uncompressed ILE' or 'RGB, Uncompressed ILE' or 'Monochrome2, Uncompressed ILE')	1.2.840.10008.1.2		

Abstract Syntax		Transfer Syntax		Role	Extended Negotiation	
Name	UID	Name List	UID List			
		DICOM Explicit VR Little Endian (Used if Image format is 'Palette Color, Uncompressed ELE' or 'RGB, Uncompressed ELE' or 'Monochrome2, Uncompressed ELE')	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1			
Comprehensiv e Structured Report Storage	1.2.840.10008. 5.1.4.1.1.88.33	DICOM Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2	SCU	None	

Table 7: Transfer Syntaxes

The values of certain image attributes used in the transfer of each image depend on the Image Format as configured by the user in DICOM Setup (or specified during a manual export) as well as the type of image acquired.

The seven tables below, one for each image format, describe the relationships among these parameters.

I. Palette Color, RLE Compressed

	Resultant Attribute Values							
Image Type	Transfer Syntax (0002,0010)	File SOP Class UID (0002.0002)	Photometric Interpretation (0028,0004)	Samples Per Pixel (0028, 0002)	Bits allocated (0028, 0100)	Rows (0028, 0010)	Cols (0028, 0011)	
2D B&W Image ¹	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	
2D color Image	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	600 (540 without top border)	800	
2D B&W loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	
2D color loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	600 (540 without top border)	800	
Stress B&W 'quad' loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	8	245	320	
Stress color 'quad' loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	ı	16	245	320	
Report	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	600	800	

¹ 2D B&W Image include "Colorized" images, which map a sample to a color instead of a gray scale value.

3D single frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
3D multi frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
Panview	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	691	1024
QLAB	RLE Lossiess (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	1024 (726 lf from QLAB IMT plug- in)	1152

2. Palette Color, Uncompressed (Implicit VR, Little Endian)

			<u> </u>	•			
			Resultant Att	ribute Values			
Image Type	Transfer Syntax (0002,0010)	File SOP Class UID (0002.0002)	Photometric Interpretation (0028,0004)	Samples Per Pixel (0028, 0002)	Bits allocated (0028, 0100)	Rows (0028, 0010)	Cols (0028, 0011)
2D B&W Image ²	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	PALETTE COLOR	ı	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
2D color Image	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	600 (540 without top border)	800
2D B&W loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
2D color loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	600 (540 without top border)	800

 $^{^2}$ 2D B&W Image include "Colorized" images, which map a sample to a color instead of a gray scale value. ${\bf p}$

r	1	1	1				
Stress B&W 'quad' loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	ı	8	245	320
Stress color 'quad' loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	245	320
Report	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	600	800
3D single frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
3D multi frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
Panview	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	691	1024
QLAB	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	1024 (726 lf from QLAB IMT plug- in)	1152

3. Palette Color, Uncompressed (Explicit VR, Little Endian)

5. Fallette Golor, Greenpressed (Expirele VII, Elette Elidian)										
	Resultant Attribute Values									
Image Type	Transfer Syntax (0002,0010)	File SOP Class UID (0002.0002)	Photometric Interpretation (0028,0004)	Samples Per Pixel (0028, 0002)	Bits allocated (0028, 0100)	Rows (0028, 0010)	Cols (0028, 0011)			
2D B&W Image ³	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	8	600 (540 without top border)	800			
2D color Image	Explicit VR Little	Ultrasound Image	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	600	800			

³ 2D B&W Image include "Colorized" images, which map a sample to a color instead of a gray scale value.

	Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	(1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)				(540 without top border)	
2D B&W loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	ı	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
2D color loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	600 (540 without top border)	800
Stress B&W 'quad' loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	8	245	320
Stress color 'quad' loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	PALETTE COLOR	ı	16	245	320
Report	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	PALETTE COLOR	ı	16	600	800
3D single frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
3D multi frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
Panview	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	691	1024
QLAB	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	PALETTE COLOR	I	16	1024 (726 If from QLAB IMT plug- in)	1152

4. RGB, RLE Compressed

		Resultant Attribute Values									
Image Type	Transfer Syntax (0002,0010)	File SOP Class UID (0002.0002)	Photometric Interpretation (0028,0004)	Samples Per Pixel (0028, 0002)	Bits allocated (0028, 0100)	Rows (0028, 0010)	Cols (0028, 0011)				
2D B&W Image ⁴	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800				
2D color Image	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800				
2D B&W loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800				
2D color loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800				
Stress B&W 'quad' loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	245	320				
Stress color 'quad' loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	245	320				
Report	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600	800				
3D single frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800				
3D multi frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5.	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top	800				

 $^{^4}$ 2D B&W Image include "Colorized" images, which map a sample to a color instead of a gray scale value.

		1.4.1.1.3.1)				border)	
Panview	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	691	1024
QLAB	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	1024 (726 If from QLAB IMT plug- in)	1152

5. RGB, Uncompressed (Implicit VR, Little Endian)

	Resultant Attribute Values									
Image Type	Transfer Syntax (0002,0010)	File SOP Class UID (0002.0002)	Photometric Interpretation (0028,0004)	Samples Per Pixel (0028, 0002)	Bits allocated (0028, 0100)	Rows (0028, 0010)	Cols (0028, 0011)			
2D B&W Image ⁵	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800			
2D color Image	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800			
2D B&W loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800			
2D color loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800			
Stress B&W 'quad' loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	245	320			
Stress color 'quad' loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	245	320			

 $^{^{5}}$ 2D B&W Image include "Colorized" images, which map a sample to a color instead of a gray scale value.

Report	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
3D single frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
3D multi frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
Panview	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	691	1024
QLAB	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	1024 (726 lf from QLAB IMT plug- in)	1152

6. RGB, Uncompressed (Explicit VR, Little Endian)

	-	· •	Resultant Att	ribute Values			
Image Type	Transfer Syntax (0002,0010)	File SOP Class UID (0002.0002)	Photometric Interpretation (0028,0004)	Samples Per Pixel (0028, 0002)	Bits allocated (0028, 0100)	Rows (0028, 0010)	Cols (0028, 0011)
2D B&W Image ⁶	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
2D color Image	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
2D B&W loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800

 $^{^{6}}$ 2D B&W Image include "Colorized" images, which map a sample to a color instead of a gray scale value.

	ı						
2D color loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	(540 without top border)	800
Stress B&W 'quad' loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	245	320
Stress color 'quad' loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	245	320
Report	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
3D single frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
3D multi frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
Panview	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	691	1024
QLAB	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	1024 (726 If from QLAB IMT plug- in)	1152

7. Monochrome2, RLE Compressed

	Resultant Attribute Values									
Image Type	Transfer Syntax (0002,0010)	File SOP Class UID (0002.0002)	Photometric Interpretation (0028,0004)	Samples Per Pixel (0028, 0002)	Bits allocated (0028, 0100)	Rows (0028, 0010)	Cols (0028, 0011)			
2D B&W Image	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1.	Ultrasound Image Storage	MONOCHROME2	I	8	600 (540	800			

-							
	2.5)	(1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)				without top border)	
2D color Image	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	MONOCHROME2	1	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
2D B&W loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	1	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
2D color loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	1	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
Stress B&W 'quad' loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	I	8	245	320
Stress color 'quad' loop	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	I	8	245	320
Report	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	MONOCHROME2	1	8	600	800
3D single frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
3D multi frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
Panview	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	691	1024
QLAB	RLE Lossless (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.5)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	MONOCHROME2	I	8	1024 (726 lf from QLAB IMT plug- in)	1152

8. Monochrome2, Uncompressed (Implicit VR, Little Endian)

	Resultant Attribute Values							
Image Type	Transfer Syntax (0002,0010)	File SOP Class UID (0002.0002)	Photometric Interpretation (0028,0004)	Samples Per Pixel (0028, 0002)	Bits allocated (0028, 0100)	Rows (0028, 0010)	Cols (0028, 0011)	
2D B&W Image	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	MONOCHROME2	I	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	
2D color Image	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	MONOCHROME2	I	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	
2D B&W loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	I	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	
2D color loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	1	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	
Stress B&W 'quad' loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	1	8	245	320	
Stress color 'quad' loop	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	1	8	245	320	
Report	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	MONOCHROME2	I	8	600	800	
3D single frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	
3D multi frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840,10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	

Panview	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	691	1024
QLAB	Implicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	MONOCHROME2	I	8	1024 (726 lf from QLAB IMT plug- in)	1152

9. Monochrome2, Uncompressed (Explicit VR, Little Endian)

	Resultant Attribute Values							
Image Type	Transfer Syntax (0002,0010)	File SOP Class UID (0002.0002)	Photometric Interpretation (0028,0004)	Samples Per Pixel (0028, 0002)	Bits allocated (0028, 0100)	Rows (0028, 0010)	Cols (0028, 0011)	
2D B&W Image	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	MONOCHROME2	1	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	
2D color Image	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	MONOCHROME2	I	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	
2D B&W loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	ı	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	
2D color loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	I	8	600 (540 without top border)	800	
Stress B&W 'quad' loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	ı	8	245	320	
Stress color 'quad' loop	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	MONOCHROME2	ı	8	245	320	
Report	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	MONOCHROME2	1	8	600	800	

3D single frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
3D multi frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
Panview	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	691	1024
QLAB	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	MONOCHROME2	ı	8	1024 (726 lf from QLAB IMT plug- in)	1152

10. YBR, JPEG Compressed

	Resultant Attribute Values						
Image Type	Transfer Syntax (0002,0010)	File SOP Class UID (0002.0002)	Photometric Interpretation (0028,0004)	Samples Per Pixel (0028, 0002)	Bits allocated (0028, 0100)	Rows (0028, 0010)	Cols (0028, 0011)
2D B&W Image	JPEG Baseline Process I (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.4.50)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	YBR_FULL_422	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
2D color Image	JPEG Baseline Process I (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.4.50)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	YBR_FULL_422	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
2D B&W loop	JPEG Baseline Process I (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.4.50)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	YBR_FULL_422	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
2D color loop	JPEG Baseline Process I (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.4.50)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	YBR_FULL_422	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
Stress B&W 'quad' loop	JPEG Baseline Process I (1.2.840.10008.1.	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5.	YBR_FULL_422	3	8	245	320

	2.4.50)	1.4.1.1.3.1)					
Stress color 'quad' loop	JPEG Baseline Process I (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.4.50)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	YBR_FULL_422	3	8	245	320
Report	JPEG Baseline Process I (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.4.50)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	YBR_FULL_422	3	8	600	800
3D single frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
3D multi frame	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Multi- frame Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.3.1)	RGB	3	8	600 (540 without top border)	800
Panview	Explicit VR Little Endian (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.1)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	RGB	3	8	691	1024
QLAB	JPEG Baseline Process I (1.2.840.10008.1. 2.4.50)	Ultrasound Image Storage (1.2.840.10008.5. 1.4.1.1.6.1)	YBR_FULL_422	3	8	1024 (726 If from QLAB IMT plug- in)	1152

Tables 8: Image Attributes based upon Photometric Interpretation and Image Type

Notes:

- 1. The bits allocated (0028,0100) and the bits stored (0028,0101) are always the same.
- 2. The high bit (0028,0102) is always one less than the bits allocated.
- 3. The pixel representation (0028,0103) is always zero
- 4. Ultrasound data present (0028,0014) is always I (true).
- 5. 3D and Panview images always employ an RGB photometric interpretation irrespective of the 'image format' configured by the user. Also Panview images are larger (691 rows by 1024 columns) than 2D images.
- 6. 2D stills and loops may be acquired including the top and right border information or without borders. Stress 'quad' loops are 245 rows by 320 columns and never have top or side information borders.
- 7. See section 3.2.1 for a description of PanView 'dataset' files that are only exported to removable media.

2.1.2.1. SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class

The HD11 AE uses the Ultrasound Image IOD Modules for both Ultrasound Image (1.2.840.10008.5.1.4.1.1.6.1) and Ultrasound Multi-frame Image (1.2.840.10008.5.1.4.1.1.3.1) IODs as follows in the following sub-sections:

2.1.2.1.2.1.1 Ultrasound Image & Ultrasound multi-frame image Storage Modules Used

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - ➤ US Image & US multi-frame image Storage Modules Used

For each SOP class, DICOM defines what modules must be supported. A module simply defines a set of DICOM tags that must be present in the DICOM file.

Per the DICOM standard (PS3.3-2004 A.I.3), modules may be mandatory, optional or conditionally mandatory:

- **Mandatory** modules shall be supported per the definitions, semantics and requirements defined in PS3.3-2004, Annex C.
- User Option Modules may or may not be supported. If an optional Module is supported, the Level I (and Level 2) Attribute Types specified in the Modules shall be supported.
- Conditional Modules are Mandatory Modules if specific conditions are met. If the specified conditions are not met, this Module shall not be supported; that is, no information defined in that Module shall be sent.

The following table defines the modules that are supported by HDII for ultrasound images when they are sent to the storage SCP (PACS), either Primary or Secondary.

Note I: Modules that are not mandatory and not supported by HDII are not listed in the table.

Note 2: These modules are also supported for export to removable media (MOD, CR-R or CD-RW).

		mage till)	US Multi-frame Image (Loop)		
Module	DICOM Standard	Supported in HD11	DICOM Standard	Supported in HD11	
Patient	Mandatory	✓	Mandatory	✓	
General Study	Mandatory	✓	Mandatory	✓	
Patient Study	User Option	✓	User Option	✓	
General Series	Mandatory	✓	Mandatory	✓	
Synchronization	User Option		User Option		
General Equipment	Mandatory	✓	Mandatory	✓	
General Image	Mandatory	✓	Mandatory	✓	
Image Plane	Not allowed for ultrasound (US) images	User can configure this to be included to be interoperable with non-ultrasound viewers.	Not allowed for ultrasound (US) images	User can configure this to be included to be interoperable with non-ultrasound viewers.	
Image Pixel	Mandatory	✓	Mandatory	✓	
Palette Color Lookup Table	Conditional	✓	Conditional	✓	
Cine	Unused		Mandatory	✓	
Multi-Frame	Unused		Mandatory	✓	
US Region Calibration	User Option	✓	User Option	✓	
US Image	Mandatory	✓	Mandatory	✓	
Curve Identification	Mandatory	Not used since Curve & Curve Id is mutually	Mandatory	Not used since Curve & Curve Id is mutually	

		mage till)	US Multi-frame Image (Loop)		
Module	DICOM Standard	• • • •		Supported in HD11	
		exclusive with Image Pixel		exclusive with Image Pixel	
Curve	Mandatory		Mandatory		
SOP Common	Mandatory	✓	Mandatory	✓	

For each module that must be present in an ultrasound image that is going to be sent to a storage SCP, a subsequent sub-section defines the tags in that module that are supported by HDII.

Note: Unused type "3" tags are not listed.

2.1.2.1.2.1.2 Patient Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - > Patient Module

The Patient Module (PS3.3-2004, Table C.7.1.1) defines attributes that provide information about the Patient who is the subject of a diagnostic Study. This module is mandatory for storage of ultrasound single-frame or multi-frame images.

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Attribute Name	Tag	Ту	pe VR	Description	Usr	Sys	Value
Patient's Name	0010, 0010	2	PN	Patient's full name.	√		Entered by user from the Patient ID screen.
Patient ID	0010, 0020	2	LO	Primary hospital identification number or code for the patient.	√	√A	Entered by user from the Patient ID screen. This maps to the MRN field of the Patient ID screen and can be up to a maximum of 64 characters.
							Note A: If the user does not enter a value, the system will automatically generate one.
Patient's Birth Date	0010,	2	DA	Birth date of the patient.	√		Entered by user from the Patient ID screen. If the user does not enter a value, the system includes this tag as the empty string.
Patient's Sex	0010, 0040	2	CS	Sex of the named patient. Enumerated Values: M = male F = female O = other	√		Selected from a drop-down list, by the user, from the Patient ID screen. If the user selects 'Unknown', this attribute is the empty string.
Other Patient IDs	0010,	3	LO	Other identification numbers or codes used to identify the patient.	√		Entered by user from the Patient ID screen. This maps to the Alternate ID Number of the Patient ID screen. If the user does not enter a value, the tag is not sent.

2.1.2.1.2.1.3 General Study Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - General Study Module

The General Study Module (PS3.3-2004, Table C.7.2.1) defines Attributes that provide information about the Study that was performed. This module is mandatory for storage of ultrasound single-frame or multi-frame images.

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Atribute Name	Tag	Ту		Description	Usr	Sys	Value
Study Instance UID	0020, 000D	I	UI	A unique identifier for the Study.			No MWL Server A system generated Unique Identifier of the form: 1.2.840.113543.6.6.4.1.Mnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn
Study Date	0008, 0020	2	DA	Date the Study started. The format is yyyymmdd		✓	The system computes this value as the date the study was created. Every image (with the same Study Instance UID) will have the same Study date.
Study Time	0008, 0030	2	TM	Time the Study started. The format is hhmmss		√	The system computes this value as the time the study was created. Every image (with the same Study Instance UID) will have the same Study time.
Referring	0008,	2	PN	Physician(s) who	✓		Entered by user from the Patient

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Atribute Name	Tag	Туре	۷R	Description	Usr	Sys	Value
Physician Name	0090			are responsible for overall patient care at time of Study			ID screen. If the user does not enter a value, the system includes this tag as the empty string. The characters entered map to
							the 'Last Name' component of the Person Name.
							Note: If MWL is defined, only the last and first name components of the name are used.
Study ID	0020, 0010	2 SH	T	User or equipment generated Study identifier.		✓	A system generated Study identifier that is unique only within the HDII system that generated the study. The Study Identifier starts at I and is incremented by one for each new study created on that system. Study Identifiers will not be unique across multiple HDII systems.
Accession Number	0008, 0050	2 SH	Т	A RIS generated number, which identifies the order for the Study.	✓		Entered by user from the Patient ID screen. If the user enters a value for this field, then it must be unique. If the user does not enter a value, the system includes this tag as the empty string.
Study Description	0008,	3 L0	O	Institution- generated description or classification of the Study (component) performed.	✓		Configurable by the user through setup. Can either be a fixed list or (for users with a MWL server), can be obtained from the MWL Server. The string used will be the first non-empty string from the

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Atribute Name	Tag	Type VR	Description	Usr	Sys	Value
						following list: O Requested Procedure description tag (0032,1060), O Scheduled Procedure Step description tag (0040,0007) O Scheduled Procedure Step, "Code Meaning" tag (0008,0104) O Reason for the requested procedure tag (0040,1002) O Reason for imaging service

2.1.2.1.4 Patient Study Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - Patient Study Module

The Patient Study Module (PS3.3-2004, Table C.7.2.2) defines Attributes that provide information about the Patient at the time the Study was performed. This module is optional for storage of ultrasound single-frame or multi-frame images.

						rated y	
Attribute Name	Tag	Ту		Description	Usr	Sys	V alue
Patient's Size	0010, 1020	3	DS	Length or size of the Patient, in meters.	✓		Entered by user from the Patient ID screen. If the user does not enter a value, this tag is not sent.
Patient's Weight	0010, 1030	3	DS	Weight of the Patient, in kilograms.	✓		Entered by user from the Patient ID screen. If the user does not enter a value, this tag is not sent.
Additional Patient's History	0010, 21B0	3	LT	Additional information about the Patient's medical history.	√		Entered by user from the Patient ID screen. If the user does not enter a value, this tag is not sent.

2.1.2.1.2.1.5 General Series Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class

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➢ General Series Module

The General Series Module (PS3.3-2004, Sec C.7.3.1, Table C.7-5) defines Attributes that identify and describe general information about a Series within a Study. This module is mandatory for storage of ultrasound single-frame or multi-frame images. Each HD11 Study has exactly one Series.

					b	у		
Attribute Name	Tag	Тур	e VR	R Description	Usr	Sys	Value	
Modality	0008, 0060	I	CS	Type of equipment that originally acquired the data used to create the images in this Series.		✓	Always "US" for ultrasound	
Series Instance UID	0020, 000E	I	UI	Unique identifier of the Series.		√	The Series Instance UID is derived from the Study Instance UID by changing the 24th character (denoted by 'M' in the template above) from '6' to '3' (or '5' for stress protocol studies). Note: In future releases the Series	

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Attribute Name	Tag	Туре		Description	Usr	Sys	V alue
							Instance UID may be generated by alternative means. A DICOM server implementation should not use the 24th character to define behavior.
							No MWL Server A system generated Unique Identifier of the form: 1.2.840.113543.6.6.4.1.Mnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn
							characters) The first part is for HDII. The rightmost digits (nnnnnn) are unique based on timestamp and machine characteristics.
							MWL Server Format is variable as the Series Instance UID is derived from the Study instance UID that is provided by the MWL server.
Series Number	0020, 0011	2	IS	Number of the series		√	HDII studies have one series for images and one series each for each type of SR. Series number is always "I" for image series.
Performing Physician's Name	0008, 1050	3	PN	Name of the physicians administering the Series.	√		Entered by user from the Patient ID screen. This maps to the 'Performed by' field of the Patient ID screen. If the user does not enter a value, this tag is not sent. The intent is for the user to enter the performing physicians initials and the system limits the user to entering a maximum of five characters. The

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Attribute Name	Tag	Тур		Description	Usr	Sys	Value	
							characters entered map to the 'Last Name' component of the Person Name.	
Series Description	0008, 103E	3	LO	User provided description of the Series.	✓		Entered by user from the Patient ID screen. This maps to the 'Indication' field of the Patient ID screen. If the user does not enter a value, this tag is not sent.	
Operator's Name	0008, 1070	3	PN	Name of the operator (or technician) using the system.		√	Entered by the system as the same text as 'Performing Physician's Name', (tag 0008,1050).	
Patient Position	0018, 5100	2C	CS	Required for CT and MR images. See C.7.3.1.1.2 of the DICOM standard for Defined Terms and further explanation.	N/ A	N/ A	Not used as not required for Ultrasound (US).	

2.1.2.1.2.1.6 General Equipment Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - > Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - ➤ General Equipment Module

The General Equipment Module (PS3.3-2004, Sec C.7.5.1, Table C.7-8) defines attributes that identify and describe the piece of equipment that produced a Series of Images. This module is mandatory for storage of ultrasound single-frame or multi-frame images.

				_	erated	
Attribute Name	Tag	Туре	Description /R	Usr	Sys	Value
Manufacturer	0008, 0070	2 LC	Manufacturer of the equipment that produced the digital images.		√	"Philips Medical Systems" Note: This is always in English irrespective of the locale since some tools (e.g. Philips QLAB) key behavior of the Manufacturer tag and look for the precise text shown above.
Institution Name	0008,	3 LC	Institution where the equipment that produced the composite instances is located.			Entered by the user from the 'System' tab in the 'Setup' screen ('Top Border' button). Note: If the user imports an EnVisor or HD11 study that was generated at another institution and opens the study the institution name displayed along the top border of the system screen is the institution viewing the images not the institution where the image was acquired. The institution name where the image was acquired can however be burned into the image. Also, if the user exports the study to removable media or to a networked PACS and changes the format of the image data in some way either by exporting it in a different image format from the internal format (Palette Color, RLE) or by applying a display compensation curve, then the institution name is changed to the current institution.

2.1.2.1.2.1.7 General Image Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - General Image Module

The General Image Module (PS3.3-2004, Sec C.7.6.1, Table C.7-9) defines Attributes that describe an image within a particular series. This module is optional for storage of ultrasound single-frame or multi-frame images.

Attribute Name	Tag	Тур		Description	Value
Instance Number	0020, 0013	2	IS	A number that identifies this image. Note: This Attribute was named Image Number in earlier versions of this Standard.	The system computes this value as a unique number for each image in a study. For the first image in a new study the Instance Number is 1. The second image is numbered 2 and the Instance Number continues to be incremented by for each acquired image. Gaps may be present if images were deleted before DICOM store was requested.
Patient Orientation	0020, 0020	2C	CS	Patient direction of the rows and columns of the	The system sends the empty tag for non 3D images and

Attribute Name	Tag	Тур		Description	Value
				image.	is not sent for PanView images.
Content Date	0008, 0023	2C	DA	The date the image pixel data creation started. Required if image is part of a series in which the images are temporally related. Note: This Attribute was formerly known as Image Date.	The system computes this value as the date that image was acquired. The format is yyyymmdd.
Content Time	0008, 0033	2C	TM	The time the image pixel data creation started. Required if image is part of a series in which the images are temporally related. Note: This Attribute was formerly known as Image Time.	The system computes this value as the time that image was acquired. The format is hhmmss
Image Type	0008, 0008	3	S	Image identification characteristics.	The system computes this value as the four component multi-value attribute: " <pixel characteristics="" data=""> / <patient characteristics="" examination=""> / <modality characteristics="" specific=""> / <implementation identifiers="" specific="">" <pixel characteristics="" data=""></pixel></implementation></modality></patient></pixel>
Image Type		3	CS	Image identification	value as the four component multi-value attribute: " <pixel characteristics="" data=""> / <patient characteristics="" examination=""> / <modality characteristics="" specific=""> / <implementation identifiers="" specific="">" <pixel data<="" td=""></pixel></implementation></modality></patient></pixel>

Attribute Name	Tag	Type VR	Description	Value
				"ORIGINAL" denotes original source-data
				YBR: "DERIVED" denotes pixels that have been derived from the original – in this case by lossy compression.
				MONOCHROME2: "DERIVED" denotes pixels that have been derived from the original – in this case by grayscale transformations.
				<pre><patient characteristics="" examination=""> Always "PRIMARY"</patient></pre>
				<modality characteristics="" specific=""> This is based on the user-selected entry in the drop down list 'Additional Data Type' on the Patient Id screen. It is mapped to the most appropriate value from the DICOM standard (Ex: "ABDOMINAL").</modality>
				<pre><implementation identifiers="" specific="">" Always blank.</implementation></pre>

Attribute Name	Tag	Тур		Description	Value
					Note: The third and fourth fields are not present in PanView images.
Acquisition Date	0008, 0022	3	DA	The date the acquisition of data that resulted in this image started	The system uses the same value as the Content Date, tag 0008,0023.
Acquisition Time	0008, 0032	3	TM	The time the acquisition of data that resulted in this image started	The system uses the same value as the Content time, tag 0008,0033.
Acquisition Datetime	0008, 002A	3	DT	The date and time that the acquisition of data that resulted in this image started.	The system generates this as a combination of Acquisition Date and Acquisition Time The format is yyyymmddhhmmss
Image Comments	0020, 4000	3	LT	User-defined comments about the image.	Images (2D,3D etc): Not Used Reports: "Report Version x Page x of x"
Lossy Image Compression	0028, 2110	3	CS	Specifies whether an Image has undergone lossy image compression. Enumerated Values: 00 = Image has NOT been subjected to lossy image compression. 01 = Image has been subjected to lossy image compression.	00 - for uncompressed images or RLE compressed images. 01 - for JPEG compressed images.

2.1.2.1.2.1.8 Image Plane Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - > Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - > Image Plane Module

The Image Plane Module (PS3.3-2004, Sec C.7.6.2, Table C.7-10) defines attributes that describe the pixel array of a two dimensional image plane. This module is optional for storage of ultrasound single-frame or multi-frame images.

Attribute Name	Tag	Туре		Description	Value
Pixel Spacing	0028, 0030	I	DS	Physical distance in the patient between the center of each pixel, specified by a numeric pair — adjacent row spacing (delimiter) adjacent column spacing in mm	If specified by the user in DICOM Setup, Media Export Setup, or for an individual study export AND the image contains only one 2D calibration region and no Doppler or M-Mode calibration regions, then this tag is written to the DICOM file.

2.1.2.1.2.1.9 Image Pixel Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - Image Pixel Module

The Image Pixel Module (PS3.3-2004, Sec C.7.6.3, Table C.7-11) defines Attributes that describe the pixel data of an image. This module is mandatory for storage of ultrasound single-frame or multi-frame images.

Attribute	Tag	Тур	е	Description	Value	
Name			VR			
Samples per Pixel	0028, 0002	I	US	Number of samples (planes) in this image.	Based on the 'Image Format' that is the user in DICOM Setup.	set by
					Palette Color Mode:	
					2D B/W and Color stills/loops:	I
					3D & Panview:	3
					Reports & QLAB:	I
					RGB Mode:	
					2D B/W and Color stills/loops:	3
					3D & Panview:	3
					Reports & QLAB:	3
					YBR Mode:	
					2D B/W and Color stills/loops:	3
					3D & Panview:	3

Attribute Name	Tag	Тур	e VR	Description	Value	
					Reports & QLAB:	3
					Monochrome Mode:	
					Always:	1
Photometric Interpretation	0028, 0004	I	CS	Specifies the intended interpretation of the pixel data.	2D Images, Reports & QLAB: Based on the 'Image Format' that the user in DICOM Setup. Can be PALETTE COLOR, RGB, YBR_FULL_422 or MONOCH 3D & Panview Images:	e either:
					Always RGB	
Rows	0028,	I	US	Number of rows	2D B/W & Color stills/loops	
	0010			in the image.	acquired with top & right border:	600
					2D B/W & Color stills/loops acquired without borders:	540
					2D B/W & Color quad-sized loops from stress:	245
					Reports:	600
					PanView:	691
					QLAB from IMT plug-in: QLAB (all others):	726 1024
Columns	0028, 0011	I	US	Number of columns in the image	2D B/W & Color stills/loops acquired with top & right border:	800
					2D B/W & Color stills/loops acquired without borders:	800
					2D B/W & Color quad-sized loops from stress:	320

Attribute Name	Tag	Тур	e VR	Description	Value	
					Reports:	800
					PanView:	1024
					QLAB:	1152
Bits Allocated	0028, 0100	I	US	Number of bits allocated for each pixel sample.	Based on the 'Image Format' that is the user in DICOM Setup.	set by
					Palette Color Mode:	
					2D B&W, 3D & PanView: 8 bits	
					2D Color, Reports & QLAB:	16 bits
					RGB Mode:	
					2D B&W, 3D & PanView:	8 bits
					2D Color, Reports & QLAB:	8 bits
					YBR Mode:	
					2D B&W, 3D & PanView:	8 bits
					2D Color, Reports & QLAB:	8 bits
					Monochrome Mode:	8 bits
Bits Stored	0028, 0101	I	US	Number of bits stored for each pixel sample.	Based on the 'Image Format' that is the user in DICOM Setup. The nur Bits Stored and Bits Allocated are a same.	mber of
					Palette Color Mode:	
					2D B&W, 3D & PanView: 8 bits	
					2D Color, Reports & QLAB:	16 bits
					RGB Mode:	

Attribute	Tag	Тур		Description	Value	
Name			VR		2D B&W, 3D & PanView:	8 bits
					2D Color, Reports & QLAB:	8 bits
					YBR Mode:	
					2D B&W, 3D & PanView:	8 bits
					2D Color, Reports & QLAB:	8 bits
					Monochrome Mode:	8 bits
High Bit	0028, 0102	1	US	Most significant bit for pixel sample data.	Based on the 'Image Format' that is the user in DICOM Setup. The H always one less than the Bits Alloc	igh Bit is
					Palette Color Mode:	
					2D B&W, 3D & PanView:	7 bits
					2D Color, Reports & QLAB:	15 bits
					RGB Mode:	
					2D B&W, 3D & PanView:	7 bits
					2D Color, Reports & QLAB:	7 bits
					YBR Mode:	
					2D B&W, 3D & PanView:	7 bits
					2D Color, Reports & QLAB:	7 bits
					Monochrome Mode:	7 bits
Pixel Representation	0028, 0103	I	US	Data representation of the pixel samples. Each sample shall have the same pixel representation. Enumerated Values:	000H (Unsigned integers)	

Attribute	Tag	Тур	е	Description	Value
Name		/ 1	VR		
				0000H = unsigned integer. 0001H = 2's complement	
Pixel Data	7FE0, 0010	I	ОВ	A data stream of the pixel samples which comprise the Image.	The pixel data of the DICOM image.
Planar Configuration	0028, 0006	IC	US	Indicates whether the pixel data are sent color-by-plane or color-by-pixel. Required if Samples per Pixel (0028,0002) has a value greater than I.	Palette Color Images: Not present RGB Images: Always zero (color-by-pixel) YBR: Images: Always zero (color-by-pixel) Monochrome Images: Not present Note: 3D and Panview images are always RGB, therefore this tag will always be zero for 3D and Panview images even if the user defines the image export format to be Palette Color.
Pixel Aspect Ratio	0028, 0034	IC	IS	Ratio of the vertical size and horizontal size of the pixels in the image specified by a pair of integer values where the first value is the vertical pixel size, and the second value is the horizontal pixel size.	Always I/I.
Red Palette Color Lookup Table	0028,	IC	US	Specifies the format of the Red Palette Color Lookup Table	See 'Palette Color Lookup Table Module', section 2.1.2.1.2.1.10.

Attribute Name	Tag	Тур	e VR	Description	Value
Descriptor				Data	
Green Palette Color Lookup Table Descriptor	0028, 1102	IC	US	Specifies the format of the Green Palette Color Lookup Table Data	See 'Palette Color Lookup Table Module', section 2.1.2.1.2.1.10.
Blue Palette Color Lookup Table Descriptor	0028, 1103	IC	US	Specifies the format of the Blue Palette Color Lookup Table Data	See 'Palette Color Lookup Table Module', section 2.1.2.1.2.1.10
Red Palette Color Lookup Table Data	0028, 1201	IC	OW	Red Palette Color Lookup Table Data.	See 'Palette Color Lookup Table Module', section 2.1.2.1.2.1.10.
Green Palette Color Lookup Table Data	0028, 1202	IC	OW	Green Palette Color Lookup Table Data.	See 'Palette Color Lookup Table Module', section 2.1.2.1.2.1.10.
Blue Palette Color Lookup Table Data	0028, 1203	IC	OW	Blue Palette Color Lookup Table Data.	See 'Palette Color Lookup Table Module', section 2.1.2.1.2.1.10.

2.1.2.1.2.1.10 Palette Color Lookup Table Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - Palette Color Lookup Table Module

The Palette Color Lookup Module (PS3.3-2004, Sec C.7.9, Table C.7-22) defines Attributes that describe the Lookup table data for images with Palette Color photometric interpretation. This module is present for HDII 2D B/W and Color stills/loops but is not present in (RGB) files created by HDII's 3D/Panview application.

Attribute Name	Tag	Туре	VR	Description	Value
Red Palette Color Lookup	0028, 1101	IC	US	Specifies the format of the Red Palette Color Lookup Table Data	Used only for 2D Loops: 256, 0, 16 Stills: 0, 0, 16
Table Descriptor					This tag and other tags related to Palette Color are not present in 3D/PanView since these files are RGB.
Green Palette Color Lookup Table Descriptor	0028, 1102	IC	US	Specifies the format of the Green Palette Color Lookup Table Data	Used only for 2D Loops: 256, 0, 16 Stills: 0, 0, 16
Blue Palette Color Lookup	0028, 1103	IC	US	Specifies the format of the Blue Palette Color Lookup Table Data	Used only for 2D Loops: 256, 0, 16 Stills: 0, 0, 16

Attribute Name	Tag	Туре	VR	Description	Value
Table Descriptor					
Red Palette Color Lookup Table Data	0028, 1201	IC	ow	Red Palette Color Lookup Table Data.	Used only for 2D.
Green Palette Color Lookup Table Data	0028, 1202	IC	OW	Green Palette Color Lookup Table Data.	Used only for 2D.
Blue Palette Color Lookup Table Data	0028, 1203	IC	ow	Blue Palette Color Lookup Table Data.	Used only for 2D.
Segmented Red Palette Color Lookup Table Data	0028, 1221	IC	OW	Segmented Red Palette Color Lookup Table Data.	Not used
Segmented Green Palette Color Lookup Table Data	0028, 1222	IC	OW	Segmented Green Palette Color Lookup Table Data.	Not used
Segmented Blue Palette Color Lookup Table Data	0028, 1223	IC	ow	Segmented Blue Palette Color Lookup Table Data.	Not used

2.1.2.1.2.1.11 Cine Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - Cine Module

The Cine Module (PS3.3-2004, Sec C.7.6.5, Table C.7-13) defines Attributes of a Multi-frame Cine image. This module is mandatory for Multi-frame images but is not used for Single-frame images.

Attribute Name	Tag	Тур	e VR	Value
Recommended Display Frame Rate	0008, 2144	3	IS	Used for Multiframe
Cine Rate	0018, 0040	3	IS	Used for Multiframe
Effective Series Duration	0018, 0072	3	DS	Used for Multiframe
Frame Time Vector	0018, 1065	IC	DS	An array that contains the real time increments (in msec) between frames for a Multi-frame image. Present if Frame Increment Pointer (0028,0009) points to Frame Time Vector.
Frame Time	0018, 1063	IC	DS	Nominal time (in msec) per individual frame. Present if Frame Increment Pointer (0028,0009) points to Frame Time.

2.1.2.1.2.1.12 Multi-Frame Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - Multi-Frame Module

The Multi-Frame Module (PS3.3-2004, Sec C.7.6.6, Table C.7-14) defines Attributes of a Multi-frame pixel data image. This module is mandatory for Multi-frame images but is not used for Single-frame images. All attributes are system generated.

Attribute Name	Tag	Туре	VR	Value
Number of Frames	0028, 0008	I	IS	Used
Frame Increment Pointer	0028, 0009	I	AT	Configurable by the user in DICOM Setup.
				If the user selects a loop timing preference where each frame in a loop has the same duration then Frame Increment Pointer takes the value 0018,1063 (Frame Time).
				If the user selects a loop timing preference where each frame in a loop has the different duration then Frame Increment Pointer takes the value 0018,1065 (Frame Time Vector).

2.1.2.1.2.1.13 US Region Calibration Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - ➤ US Region Calibration Module

The US Region Calibration Module (PS3.3-2004, Sec C.8.5.5.1, Table C.8-17) defines Attributes that describe an ultrasound region calibration. This module is optional for ultrasound.

Atribute Name	Tag	Туре	VR	Value
Sequence of Ultrasound Regions	0018, 6011	I	SQ	Used
Region Spatial Format	0018, 6012	I	US	Used
Region Data Type	0018, 6014	I	US	Used
Region Flags	0018, 6016	I	UL	Used
Region Location Min X0	0018, 6018	I	UL	Used
Region Location Min Y0	0018, 601A	I	UL	Used
Region Location Max XI	0018, 601C	I	UL	Used

Atribute Name	Tag	Туре	VR	Value
Region Location Max YI	0018, 601E	I	UL	Used
Reference Pixel X0	0018, 6020	I	SL	Used
Reference Pixel Y0	0018, 6022	I	SL	Used
Physical Units X Direction	0018, 6024	I	US	Used
Physical Units Y Direction	0018, 6026	I	US	Used
Ref Pixel Physical Value X	0018, 6028	I	FD	Used
Ref Pixel Physical Value Y	0018, 602A	I	FD	Used
Physical Delta X	0018, 602C	I	FD	Used
Physical Delta Y	0018, 602E	I	FD	Used

2.1.2.1.2.1.14 US Image Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - ➤ US Image Module

The US Image Module (PS3.3-2004, Sec C.8.5.6, Table C.8-18) defines attributes that describe ultrasound images. This module is mandatory for storage of ultrasound single-frame or multi-frame images.

Attribute Name	Tag	Type VR		Value			
Samples per Pixel	0028, 0002	I	US	See 'Image Pixel Module' Section 2.1.2.1.2.1.9.			
Photometric Interpretation	0028, 0004	I	CS	See 'Image Pixel Module' Section 2.1.2.1.2.1.9.			
Bits Allocated	0028, 0100	I	US	See 'Image Pixel Module' Section 2.1.2.1.2.1.9.			
Bits Stored	0028, 0101	I	US	See 'Image Pixel Module' Section 2.1.2.1.2.1.9.			
High Bit	0028, 0102	I	US	See 'Image Pixel Module' Section 2.1.2.1.2.1.9.			
Planar Configuration	0028, 0006	IC	US	See 'Image Pixel Module' Section 2.1.2.1.2.1.9.			
Pixel Representation	0028, 0103	I	US	Always zero			

Attribute Name	Tag	Тур	e VR	Value
Frame Increment Pointer	0028, 0009	IC	AT	See 'Multi-Frame Module' section 2.1.2.1.2.1.12
Image Type	0008, 0008	2	CS	See 'General Image Module' 2.1.2.1.7.
Lossy Image Compression	0028, 2110	IC	CS	See 'General Image Module' 2.1.2.1.7.
Ultrasound Color Data Present	0028, 0014	3	US	"0" when image format is MONOCHROME2, "1" for all other image formats.
Number of Stages	0008, 2124	2C	IS	Number of stages in a protocol. For stress Multiframe images only, or else this tag is not used.
Number of Views in Stage	0008, 212A	2C	IS	Number of views in a stage. For stress Multiframe images only
Stage Name	0008, 2120	3	SH	Name of stage in a protocol. For stress Multiframe images only
Stage Number	0008, 2122	3	IS	Number of stage in a protocol, starting with one. For stress Multiframe images only
View Name	0008, 2127	3	SH	The name of the view. For stress Multiframe images only
View Number	0008, 2128	3	IS	The number of the view, starting with one. For stress Multiframe images only
Number of Event Timers	0008, 2129	3	IS	If the stage requires a timer, the number of event timers used at the time of acquisition of a Multi-frame image.
Event Elapsed Time(s)	0008, 2130	3	DS	If the stage requires a timer, an array of values associated with each event timer. Units in milliseconds.
Event Timer Name(s)	0008, 2132	3	LO	If the stage requires a timer, the name that identifies the event timer.
Acquisition Datetime	0008, 002A	IC	DT	See 'General Image Module' 2.1.2.1.2.1.7
Heart Rate	0018, 1088	3	IS	Beats per minute.

Attribute Name	Tag	Тур	e VR	Value			
Transducer Data	0018,5 010	3	CS	Name of the transducer that was in use when the image was acquired. Since the DICOM standard specifies a VM of 3, the last two fields are written as "UNUSED".			
Transducer Type	0018, 6031	3	LO	SECTOR_PHASED, LINEAR, CURVED LINEAR Only used for 2D or 3D images; not used for doppler-only images (i.e. pencil probes)			
Processing Function	0018,5 020	3	LO	Manufacturer defined description of processing of echo information. Data may include code or description of gain (initial, overall, TGC, dynamic range, etc.), preprocessing, postprocessing, Doppler processing parameters, e.g. cutoff filters, etc., as used in generating a given image.			
				With this release of the system the attribute contains just one piece of information - the exam/preset that was active when the image was acquired.			
				Note: If a user creates a new preset, the value will still be the system exam/preset from which the new preset was derived and NOT the user defined preset.			

2.1.2.1.2.1.15 SOP Common Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Ultrasound Image Storage SOP Class
 - > SOP Common Module

The SOP Common Module (PS3.3-2004, Sec C.12.1, Table C.12-1) defines the Attributes that are required for proper functioning and identification of associated SOP Instances. They do not specify any semantics about the Real-World Object represented by the IOD. This module is mandatory for storage of ultrasound single-frame or multi-frame images.

Attribute Name	Tag	Туре	VR	Value
SOP Class UID	0008,	I	UI	1.2.840.10008.5.1.4.1.1.6.1 (Single Frame)
	0016			or
				1.2.840.10008.5.1.4.1.1.3.1 (Multi-Frame)
				or
				1.2.840.10008.5.1.4.1.1.88.33 (for SR)
SOP Instance UID	0008, 0018	I	UI	A system generated SOP Instance UID of the format I.2.840.113543.6.6.4.1.6nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn
				The first part is for HDII. The right-most digits (nnnnnn) are unique based on timestamp and machine characteristics.
Specific Character Set	0008, 0005	IC	CS	This is the character set that expands or replaces the Basic Character set. The attribute is provided

when the system requires characters beyond the Basic Graphic set, otherwise the attribute is not provided. If provided the attribute contains all the characters sets used (this is a multi-value attribute). section 0 titled "HDII also supports on cart QLAB where the user can perform QLAB quantification on the HDII system of images acquired by the system. Support for Extended Character Sets" for more information on the character sets that this system uses. The most likely scenario that would require a non-Basic Character set would be when the system has been set to a locale that uses non Basic characters (e.g. Russia or Japan) AND the user has entered one of these characters into the Patient Identification screen,

2.1.2.1.2.2 SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Comprehensive Structured Report Storage SOP Class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Comprehensive Structured Report Storage SOP Class

The following table defines the modules that are supported by HDII for SR when they are sent to a SR Storage SCP (PACS).

IE	Module	Reference
Patient	Patient	2.1.2.1.2.1.2
Study	General Study	2.1.2.1.2.1.3
Study	Patient Study	2.1.2.1.2.1.4
Series	SR Document Series	2.1.2.1.2.2.1
Equipment	General Equipment	2.1.2.1.2.1.6
	SR Document General	2.1.2.1.2.2.2
Document	SR Document Content	2.1.2.1.2.2.3
	SOP Common	2.1.2.1.2.1.15

For 'Patient', 'General Study', 'Patient Study', 'General Equipment' and 'SOP Common' modules, attribute tags supported by HDII are defined under SOP specific conformance for US Image module. For the rest of the modules, following subsections define the tags that are supported by HDII.

2.1.2.1.2.2.1 SR Document Series Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Comprehensive Structured Report Storage SOP Class
 - > SR Document Series Module

						erated by		
Attribute Name	Tag	Тур	e VR	Description		Sys	Value	
Modality	0008, 0060	I	CS	Modality type. Enumerated Value: SR = SR Document		√	SR	
Series Instance UID	0020,0 00E	I	UI	Unique identifier of the Series.		√	This is in the same format as Series Instance UID for Image.	
Series Number	0020,0 011	I	IS	A number that identifies the Series.		√	Series number for SR series always starts from 2. If a study has two SRs (for example obstetric and cardiac) the series number for these two SRs would be 2 and 3.	
Referenced Performed Procedure Step Sequence	0008,1	2	SQ	Identifies the Performed Procedure Step SOP Instance for which the Series is created.		√	If an MPPS server is configured, this sequence identifies MPPS SOP instance created for this study.	
>Referenced SOP Class UID	0008,I 150	IC	UI	Identifies the referenced SOP Class.		✓	MPPS SOP Class = "1.2.840.10008.3.1.2.3.3"	
> Referenced SOP Instance UID	0008,I 155	IC	UI	Identifies the referenced SOP Instance.		√	MPPS instance UID of the performed procedure step generating this SR.	

2.1.2.1.2.2.2 SR Document General Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - > HDII AE Specification
 - > Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Comprehensive Structured Report Storage SOP Class
 - > SR Document General Module

				Description	Generated by		
Attribute Name	Tag	Type VR			Usr	Sys	Value
Instance Number	0020,0	I	IS	A number that identifies the SR Document.		✓	The system computes this value as a unique number for each SR in a study. The value ascends as each SR is created and the value starts at "0" for each study.
Completion Flag	0040, A491	I	CS	The estimated degree of completeness of this SR Document.		√	PARTIAL
Verification Flag	0040, A493	I	CS	Indicates whether this SR Document is Verified.		√	UNVERIFIED
Content Date	0008,0 023	I	DA	The date the document content creation started.		√	Date of the SRDocument creation.
Content Time	0008,0 033	I	TM	The time the document content creation		√	Time of the SRDocument creation.

				started.		
Referenced Request Sequence	0040, A370	IC	SQ	Identifies Requested Procedures which are being fulfilled (completely or partially) by creation of this Document.	\	This sequence will be present in the study has been started from the Modality work list.
>Study Instance UID	0020,0 00D	I	UI	Unique identifier for the Study.	√	As received from MWL.
>Referenced Study Sequence	0008,1 110	2	SQ	Uniquely identifies the Study SOP Instance.	√	This sequence will be present with 0 items in the sequence.
>Accession Number	0008,0 050	2	SH	Accession number	√	As received from MWL
>Requested Procedure ID	0040,1 001	2	SH	Requested Procedure ID	√	As received from MWL
>Requested Procedure Description	0032,1 060	2	LO	Description of the requested procedure	1	As received from MWL
>Requested Procedure Code Sequence	0032,I 064	2	SQ	A sequence that conveys the requested procedure.	✓	Will be present with no items.

2.1.2.1.2.2.3 SR Document Content Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- > Application Entity Specifications
 - > HDII AE Specification
 - > Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Storage of DICOM studies to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Context
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Comprehensive Structured Report Storage SOP Class
 - > SR Document Content Module

						erated by	
Attribute Name	Tag	Тур	e VR	Description	Usr	Sys	Value
Content Template Sequence	0040, A504	IC	SQ	Template that describes the content of this SR Document.		√	
>Template Identifier	0040, DB00	I	CS	Template Identifier		√	5000 (for ob/gyn) or 5200 (for cardiac)
>Mapping Resource	0008,0 105	I	CS			√	DCMR
Content Sequence	0040, A730	IC	SQ	Sequence of Content Items.		√	Sequence of content items as defined in TID5000 (Ob/GYN) or TID5200 (Cardiac)
>Relationship Type	0040, A010	I	CS	The type of relationship between parent content item and this item.		√	CONTAINS
>Include Document Relationship Macro							Refer to appendix 0.A.1 for OB/GYN content and appendix A.3 for cardiac content.

>Include Document Content Macro				Refer to appendix 0.A.1 for OB/GYN content and appendixA.3for cardiac content.

2.1.2.2 Issuing of Storage Commitment requests to a PACS

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - ➤ Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Issuing of Storage Commitment requests to a PACS

HDII provides Standard Conformance to the following DICOM V3.0 **Storage Commitment** SOP Class as an SCU.

SOP Class Name	SOP Class UID	Role
Storage Commitment Push Model	1.2.840.10008.1.20.1.1	SCU

Table 9: SOP Class Supported by Storage Commitment service

HDII sends images to the storage server for permanent storage. The request for Storage Commitment may then be transmitted from HDII together with a list of references to one or more SOP instances. This action is invoked through the DIMSE N-ACTION primitive.

2.1.2.2.1 Associated Real-World Activity

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Issuing of Storage Commitment requests to a PACS
 - Associated Real-World Activity

Storage Commitment is initiated when a study is successfully exported to the Primary Storage SCP. Storage to the Primary Storage SCP can be performed manually by the user, or automatically at the end of study (batch mode) or after each image acquisition (Send As You Go mode). The Primary Storage SCP and Storage Commitment SCP can be different AE's.

Storage Commitment Association Behavior (By Save Study or Send As You Go)

User Action	DICOM Activity – Storage Commitment Device Association	Association Status
Save Study (Or Image acquisition in Send As You Go)	Each Save Study operation will initiate an association with the SC server, and send an N-Action Request, containing a list of all images that need to be committed. The Association is then released after receiving the N-ACTION-RSP from the SC Server. In Send As You Go mode, each image acquisition initiates the same DICOM activity as Save Study.	Association closed.
Reverse Role Negotiation	The system will remain available as long as it is connected to the network to receive Storage Commitment responses from the SC server. The SCP will send an N-Event Report with status. Then the association is released.	Association closed.

2.1.2.2.2 Proposed Presentation Contexts

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Issuing of Storage Commitment requests to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts

Abstract Syn	tax	Transfer Syntax	Role	Extended Negotiation	
Name	UID	Name List	UID List		
Storage Commitment Push Model	1.2.840.10008.1.20.1	Explicit VR Little Endian (Preferred, see Note)	1.2.840.100 08.1.2.1	SCU	None
		Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.100 08.1.2		

Table 10: Storage Commitment - Presentation Context

Note: If the Storage Commitment server accepts both Explicit VR Little Endian and Implicit VR Little Endian then HDII will use Explicit VR Little Endian as transfer syntax.

In addition to the presentation contexts mentioned in the above table, HDII will propose the presentation contexts associated with storage SOP classes. However, the actual association will always use the presentation context as mentioned in the table 7.

2.1.2.2.1 SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Storage Commitment SOP Class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Issuing of Storage Commitment requests to a PACS
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts
 - ➤ SOP Specific Conformance Statement for Storage Commitment SOP Class

HDII provides standard conformance to the DICOM Storage Commitment Service Class.

HDII supports the following elements for this SOP class as an SCU. The Transaction UID Attribute (0008,1195) value generated by HDII uniquely identifies each Storage Commitment Request.

Action Type Name	Action Type ID	Attribute Name	Tag
Request Storage Commitment	I	Transaction UID	(0008,1195)
		Referenced SOP Sequence	(0008,1199)
		>Referenced SOP Class UID	(0008,1150)
		>Referenced SOP Instance UID	(0008,1155)

Table II - Storage Commitment Request - Attributes

Subsequently, HDII expects N-EVENT-REPORT's from the storage commit server although HDII does not assume that the event will arrive at any particular time. HDII does not wait but will process the event whenever it arrives.

HDII might be either powered down or disconnected from the network and used in portable mode, it is possible for the N-EVENT-REPORT to arrive from the Storage Commitment SCP while HDII cannot receive it. If an outstanding N-EVENT-REPORT does not arrive within 96 hours, then HDII will reissue the same Storage Commitment request. When the event arrives, HDII returns an N-EVENT-REPORT response primitive with one of the following status codes.

Service Status	Further Meaning	Protocol Codes	Related Fields	Description
Success	Success	0000		N-EVENT-REPORT message understood.
Error	Failed	0110		N-EVENT-REPORT message was not processed successfully.

Table 12 - Storage Commitment status codes

2.1.2.3 Verification of the existence of DICOM server on the hospitals network

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - > HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Verification of the existence of DICOM server on the hospitals network

HDII provides standard conformance to the DICOM V3.0 SOP Class as shown in Table 13.

SOP Class Name	SOP Class UID	Role
Verification SOP Class	1.2.840.10008.1.1	SCU

Table 13: SOP Class Supported by Verification Service

2.1.2.3.1 Associated Real-World Activity

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - ➤ Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Verification of the existence of DICOM server on the hospitals network
 - > Associated Real-World Activity

The user can verify the existence of a DICOM server on the hospitals network, through a button in the 'DICOM Setup' screen. When the user presses this button, HDII will initiate the association.

2.1.2.3.2 Proposed Presentation Contexts

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Verification of the existence of DICOM server on the hospitals network
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts

Only one association is established for each verification attempt. However, the proposed presentation contexts not only includes the 'Verification SOP class' but also includes all the SOP classes that HDII could possibly be connected to as Servers. This is done in order to retrieve the capabilities of the remote Server.

Table 14 lists all the proposed presentation contexts.

Abstract Syn	ntax	Transfer Syntax		Role	Extended Negotiation
Name	UID	Name List	UID List		
Verification SOP Class	1.2.840.10 008.1.1	Explicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1	SCU	None
		Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2		
Ultrasound Multiframe	1.2.840.10 008.5.1.4.	Explicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1	SCU	None
Image Store I.I.3.I		Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2		
		JPEG baseline (Process I)	1.2.840.10008.1.2.4.50		

Abstract Syntax		Transfer Synt	Role	Extended Negotiation	
Name	UID	Name List	UID List		
Ultrasound Image Store	1.2.840.10 008.5.1.4.	Explicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1	scu	None
	1.1.6.1	Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2		
		JPEG baseline (Process I)	1.2.840.10008.1.2.4.50		
Storage Commitment	1.2.840.10 008.1.20.1	Explicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1	scu	None
Push Model		Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2		
Modality Worklist-Find	1.2.840.10 008.5.1.4.	Explicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1	SCU	None
	31	Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2		
Basic Grayscale	1.2.840.10	Explicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1	SCU	None
Print Management Meta	9	Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2		
Basic Color Print	1.2.840.10 008.5.1.1.	Explicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1	SCU	None
Management 18 Meta		Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2		
Modality Performed	1.2.840.10 008.3.1.2.	Explicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1	SCU	None
Procedure Step	3.3	Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2		

Table 14: Proposed Presentation Contexts

2.1.2.3.2.1 SOP Specific Conformance Statement for the Verification SOP class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Verification of the existence of DICOM server on the hospitals network
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for the Verification SOP class

The C-ECHO request primitive is sent to the Verification SCP. The Verification SCP with a status indicator of success returns the C-ECHO response primitive. The absence of a C-ECHO response within a specific timeout period is an indication that the server cannot be located through the Verification service.

2.1.2.4 Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer

HDII provides standard conformance to the following DICOM V3.0 SOP Class as an SCU.

SOP Class Name	SOP Class UID	Role
Basic Grayscale Print Management Meta	1.2.840.10008.5.1.1.9	SCU
Basic Color Print Management Meta	1.2.840.10008.5.1.1.18	SCU

Table 15: SOP Classes Supported by Print Service

The meta SOP classes are defined by the set of supported SOP classes.

The SOP class "Basic Grayscale Print Management Meta" is defined by the following set of supported SOP classes.

- Basic Film Session SOP Class
- Basic Film Box SOP Class
- Basic Grayscale Image Box SOP Class
- Printer SOP Class

The SOP class "Basic Color Print Management Meta" is defined by the following set of supported SOP classes.

- Basic Film Session SOP Class
- Basic Film Box SOP Class
- Basic Color Image Box SOP Class
- Printer SOP Class

The following implementation remarks are important to understand HDII's usage of DICOM Print.

- The number of Film Boxes per Film Session is one.
- The number of images per Film Box is one.
- The images to be printed on one film are rendered by the HDII into one logical image. This logical image is very large, depending on the pixel matrix size (pixels per line, lines per image), use of color or not. A rough indication is 20 Mbytes. One should take this into account when selecting the DICOM printer and the printer configuration (e.g. the amount of memory).
- HDII will release the association when the print command is given (i.e. the NACTION Request for the Film Box); the association is not kept open for receiving N-EVENTREPORT's of the Printer SOP Class.

2.1.2.4.1 Associated Real World Activity

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - ➤ Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer
 - Associated Real World Activity

HDII issues Print Management requests to an SCP supporting the DICOM V3.0 Print services, in order to produce hard copy representations of DICOM images, based on user requests.

2.1.2.4.2 Proposed Presentation Contexts

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts

Print AE supports the following Presentation Contexts for **Print**.

Abstract Syr	ntax	Transfer Sy		Exten ded	
Name	UID	Name List	UID List	Role	Negot iation
Basic Grayscale Print Management	1.2.840.10008.5.1.1.9	Explicit VR Little Endian (Preferred, see Note)	1.2.840.1000 8.1.2.1	SCU	None
Meta		Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.1000 8.1.2		
Basic Color Print Management Meta	1.2.840.10008.5.1.1.18	Explicit VR Little Endian (Preferred, see Note)	1.2.840.1000 8.1.2.1	SCU	None
		Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.1000 8.1.2		

Table 16: Print Presentation Contexts

Note: If the print server accepts both Explicit VR Little Endian and Implicit VR Little Endian then HDII will send the images using Explicit VR Little Endian.

HDII provides standard conformance to all the supported SOP classes of the "meta" SOP Classes, "Basic Grayscale Print Management Meta" and "Basic Color Print Management Meta". These SOP Classes are –

- I. Basic Film Session SOP Class
- 2. Basic Film Box SOP Class
- 3. Basic Grayscale Image Box SOP Class
- 4. Basic Color Image Box SOP Class
- 5. Printer SOP Class

The SOP specific conformance of these classes is described below.

2.1.2.4.2.1 SOP Specific Conformance to Basic Film Session SOP Class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- > Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts
 - ➤ SOP Specific Conformance to Basic Film Session SOP Class

HDII requests the following DIMSE-N commands for the Basic Film Session SOP Class: N-CREATE

I = Generated By

Attribute	Tag	U	Attribute	DICOM Notes		I	Val	lue
Name		s a g e	Description		U s r	S y s	Options	Default
Number of Copies	(2000, 0010)	U	Number of duplicate copies to print	DICOM supports an integer number.	✓		I to 99	I
Print Priority	(2000, 0020)	U	Print priority sets the 'importance' of your print job relative to other jobs received by the printer.	DICOM supports: LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH Print priorities		✓	HIG	GH
Medium Type	(2000, 0030)	U	The type of media the printer prints on.	DICOM Supports PAPER, CLEAR FILM & BLUE FILM s as well as 'Printer Specific' options	√		PAPER CLEAR FILM BLUE FILM	Not Sent
Film Destination	(2000, 0040)	U	The processed film will be stored in a film magazine	DICOM supports PROCESSOR and MAGAZINE as well	✓		PROCES SOR MAGAZI	Not Sent

Attribute			I		Value			
Name		s a g e	Description		U s r	S y s	Options	Default
			or processor.	as 'Printer Specific' options			NE	
Film Session Label	(2000, 0050)	U	Human readable label that identifies the film session.	Always sends "Philips Medical Systems"			•	"Philips Medical Systems"

Table 17 Basic Film Session Attributes

2.1.2.4.2.2 SOP Specific Conformance to Basic Film Box SOP Class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- > Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts
 - ➤ SOP Specific Conformance to Basic Film Box SOP Class

HDII requests the following DIMSE-N commands for the Basic Film Box SOP Class: N-CREATE

I = Generated By

Attribute	Tag	U		DICOM		I	Valu	ıe
Name		s a g e	Description	Notes	U s r	S y s	Options	Default
Image Display Format	(2010, 0010)	M	Images are arranged on the film in a rectangular grid. The columns and rows control the layout.	DICOM Supports STANDARD\c ols,rows as well as SLIDE, ROW/COL symmetric and printer specific options.	✓		STANDARD\c ols,rows Cols:199, Rows:199 Note: Applied Value for this attribute (which is sent to the Print SCP) is always STANDARD\I, I. This is because HDII internally creates a single	to STANDARD \I,I

Attribute	Tag	U	Attribute	DICOM			Valu	ıe
Name		s a g e	Description	Notes	U s r	S y s	Options	Default
							IxI image corresponding to one page. This (large) image is formed based on the user selected value (e.g. STANDARD\2, 3) and the images that are part of the Print request.	
Film Orientation	(2010, 0040)	U	The orientation of the printed film or paper.	DICOM Supports: PORTRAIT & LANDSCAPE	✓		PORTRAIT LANDSCAPE	PORTRAIT
Film Size ID	(2010, 0050)	U	The overall size of the film or paper.	DICOM Supports all the user options as well as 'Printer Specific' options	√		8INX10IN, 8_5INX11IN, 10INX12IN, 10INX14IN, 11INX14IN, 11INX17IN, 14INX14IN, 14INX17IN, 24CMX24CM, 24CMX30CM, A4, A3	8INX10IN
Magnification Type	(2010, 0060)	U	Interpolation type by which the printer magnifies or decimates the image in order to fit the	Defined Terms: REPLICATE BILINEAR CUBIC	✓		None Cubic Bilinear Replicate	Not Sent

Attribute	Tag	U	Attribute	DICOM			Valu	Value	
Name		s a g e	Description	Notes	U s r	S y s	Options	Default	
			image in the image box on film.	NONE			Printer Specific		
Min Density	(2010, 0120	U	Minimum density of the images on the film. If Min Density is lower than minimum printer density then Min Density is set to minimum printer density.	Entered in hundredths of Optical Density (OD)	✓		0 - 999	Not Sent	
Max Density	(2010, 0130)	U	Maximum density of the images on the film. If Max Density is higher than maximum printer density than Max Density is set to maximum printer density.	Entered in hundredths of Optical Density (OD)	√		0 - 999	Not Sent	
Trim	(2010, 0140)	U	Draw frame box around each image	DICOM Supports: YES or NO		✓	"NC)"	
Configuration Information	(2010, 0150)	U	Printer-specific configuration Information	DICOM supports a config ID # or a config string	✓		Config ID # Or Config string	Not Sent	
Referenced Film Session Sequence	(2010, 0500)	M	Referenced Film Session Sequence	N/A		✓	Always	s set	

Attribute	Tag	U		DICOM			Value		
Name		s a g e	Description	Notes	U s r	S y s	Options	Default	
>Referenced SOP Class UID	(0008, 1150)	M	>Referenced SOP Class UID	N/A		✓	Always	s set	
>Referenced SOP Instance UID	(0008, 1155)		>Referenced SOP Instance UID	N/A		✓	Always	s set	

Table 18 Basic Film Box Attributes

N-ACTION

HDII provides all possible printer settings. For a specific printer, the user must check the manufacturer's documentation to determine the subset of available settings that the printer actually supports. For example, if the user configures the B&W printer to use a film-size of I4InxI7IN but the maximum film size supported by the printer is 8_5INXIIIN, then the printer may reject the images.

2.1.2.4.2.3 SOP Specific Conformance to Basic Grayscale Image Box SOP Class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - ➤ Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts
 - SOP Specific Conformance to Basic Grayscale Image Box SOP Class

Print AE issues the following DIMSE-N commands for the Basic Grayscale Image Box SOP Class:

N-SET

Attribute Name	Tag	U s	Description		erate By	V	alue	
		a g e		Usr	Sys	Options	Default	
Image Position	(2020, 0010)	M	The position of the image on the media		✓	Always	s set to I	
Polarity	(2020, 0020)	U	Polarity of image on media (NORMAL or REVERSE)		✓	NORMAL		
Basic Grayscale Image Sequence Type	(2020, 0110)	М	The image data attributes		✓	Always set (but Images.)	only for B&W	
>Samples Per Pixel	(0028, 0002)	М	The number of data samples per pixel		√	Alway	rs set (I)	

Attribute Name	Tag	U s	Description		erate By	Val	ue
		a g e		Usr	Sys	Options	Default
>Photometric Interpretation		М	Interpretation of pixel data (MONOCHROME2, PALETTE COLOR, RGB, etc.)		√	Always set (MOI	NOCHROME2)
>Rows	(0028, 0010)	М	The number of rows in the image, specified by the value sizeY in the setup dialog.	✓		Alway	rs set
>Columns	(0028, 0011)	M	The number of columns in the image, specified by the value sizeX in the setup dialog.	✓		Alway	rs set
>Bits Allocated	(0028, 0100)	M	Number of bits per pixel allocated		√	Always	set (8)
>Bits Stored	(0028, 0101)	М	Number of bits per pixel actually stored		✓	Always	set (8)
>High Bit	(0028, 0102)	M	The most-significant-bit in the pixel		✓	Always	set (7)
>Pixel Representatio n		M	Pixel representation (unsigned – 0 or signed – 1)		✓	Always	set (0)
>Pixel Data	(7FE0, 0010)	M	The pixel data		✓	Alway	rs set

Table 19 Basic Grayscale Image Box Attributes

2.1.2.4.2.4 SOP Specific Conformance to Basic Color Image Box SOP Class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- > Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - ➤ Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts
 - SOP Specific Conformance to Basic Color Image Box SOP Class

Print AE issues the following DIMSE-N commands for the Basic Color Image Box SOP Class: N-SET.

Attribute Name	Tag	U s	Description		erated By	Va	Value		
		a g e		Usr	Sys	Options	Default		
Image Position	(2020, 0010)	M	Same as 2.1.2.4.2.3, S	Same as 2.1.2.4.2.3, SOP Specific Conformance to Basic Graysca Image Box SOP Class					
Polarity	(2020, 0020)	U	Same as 2.1.2.4.2.3, SOP Specific Conformance to Basic Grayso Image Box SOP Class				Basic Grayscale		
Basic Color Image Sequence	(2020, 0111)	M	The image data attributes		✓	Always set (but Images.)	only for Color		
>Samples Per Pixel	(0028, 0002)	M	The number of data samples per pixel		✓	Always	set (3)		
>Photometric Interpretation	(0028, 0004)	M	Interpretation of pixel data (MONOCHROME2, PALETTE COLOR, RGB, etc.)		✓	Always s	et (RGB)		

Attribute Name	Tag	U s	Description		erated By	Va	lue	
		a g e		Usr	Sys	Options	Default	
>Planar Configuration	(0028 0006)	М	Planar configuration (color-by-pixel = 0 or color-by-plane = I)	√		Configurable by user in DICOM Setup as either color-by-pixel or color-by-plane.		
>Rows	(0028, 0010)	M	The number of rows in the image, specified by the value sizeY in the setup dialog. Default is 5216	~		Always set		
>Columns	(0028, 0011)	M	The number of columns in the image, specified by the value sizeX in the setup dialog. Default is 4096	√		Always set		
>Bits Allocated	(0028, 0100)	М	Number of bits per sample allocated		✓	Always	set (8)	
>Bits Stored	(0028, 0101)	М	Number of bits per sample actually stored		✓	Always	set (8)	
>High Bit	(0028, 0102)	М	The most-significant- bit in the sample		✓	Always set (7)		
>Pixel Representation	(0028, 0103)	M	Pixel representation (unsigned – 0 or signed – 1)		✓	Always	set (0)	
>Pixel Data	(7FE0, 0010)	М	The pixel data		✓	Alway	ys set	

Table 20 Basic Color Image Box Attributes

2.1.2.4.2.5 SOP Specific Conformance to Printer SOP Class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - ➤ Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Printing DICOM studies to a B&W or color printer
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts
 - ➤ SOP Specific Conformance to Printer SOP Class

HDII issues the following DIMSE-N commands for the Printer SOP Class: N-GET.

Attribute Name	Tag	Usage SCU/SCP
Printer Status	(2110,0010)	U/M
Printer Status Info	(2110,0020)	U/M

Table 21 Printer Attributes

Note: These printer commands are issued for internal use only. The printer status is never reported back to the user.

2.1.2.5 Obtaining a list of scheduled work from the HIS via Modality Worklists

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - ➤ Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - > Obtaining a list of scheduled work from the HIS via Modality Worklists

HDII provides Standard Conformance to the following DICOM V3.0 **Worklist Management** SOP Class as an SCU.

SOP Class Name	SOP Class UID	Role
Modality Worklist Info Model - FIND	1.2.840.10008.5.1.4.31	SCU

Table 22: SOP Class Supported by Worklist Management Service

HDII requests the transfer of worklists with the DIMSE C-FIND command.

2.1.2.5.1 Associated Real-World Activity

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - ➤ Obtaining a list of scheduled work from the HIS via Modality Worklists
 - Associated Real-World Activity

HDII obtains scheduled worklists from the Modality Worklist Server in two ways; the user can manually request a fresh copy of the desired worklist from the Modality Worklist Server by pressing the Refresh button on the Patient Selection screen, also requests can be made on a polled basis in the background, with a polling interval configured by the user.

If HDII is not connected to the network, the 'Refresh' button is grayed-out. If HDII is connected to the network, the 'Refresh' button is enabled; the user can then press it to perform a manual refresh of HDII's worklist: HDII will first negotiate a C-ECHO with the server to verify that the MWL server is live and if live, perform the C-Find.

Note that if HDII is not connected to the Modality Worklist Server network, the worklist cached in HDII may be out-of-date with the worklist maintained by the Modality Worklist Server. Nevertheless, the cached worklist is available for use on portable exams.

When HDII is reconnected to the network a fresh copy of the current list is requested.

2.1.2.5.2 Proposed Presentation Contexts

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - ➤ Obtaining a list of scheduled work from the HIS via Modality Worklists
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts

Abstract Syntax		Transfer Syntax		Role	Extended Negotiation
Name	UID	Name List	UID List		
Modality Worklist Info Model – FIND	1.2.840.10008. 5.1.4.31	Explicit VR Little Endian (Preferred, see Note)	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1	SCU	None
		Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2	1	

Table 23: Worklist Management - Presentation Context

Note: If the worklist server accepts both Explicit VR Little Endian and Implicit VR Little Endian then HDII will use Explicit VR Little Endian as a transfer syntax.

2.1.2.5.2.1 SOP Specific Conformance Statement for the Modality Worklist SOP Class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Obtaining a list of scheduled work from the HIS via Modality Worklists
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for the Modality Worklist SOP Class

HDII provides standard conformance to the DICOM Worklist Management Service Class.

Table 24 describes the use of attributes as both Matching Key values in the C-FIND request message, and as Return Keys in the set of C-FIND-RSP messages. The Matching Key Usage follows the DICOM Standard for attribute matching, including Single Value matching and Range matching. For those Matching Keys that are used by HDII, the Attribute Type as defined by DICOM is indicated: Required or Optional. These values indicate the degree to which the MWL SCP must support the attribute as a Matching Key.

Similarly, the Attribute Type of values used as Return Keys is given as defined by DICOM: Type I (required), Type IC (conditionally required), Type 2 (required but may be NULL), Type 2C (conditionally required but may be NULL), or Type 3 (optional).

An empty value in the Matching Key column means that this value is not used as a matching key. An empty value in the Return Key column means that HDII ignores this value. If an attribute that is non-mandatory to the SCU is not used by HDII as a matching key and its value as a return key is ignored, the attribute is omitted from the list of attributes.

Attribute Name	Tag	Matching Key Usage	Return Key	Usage	
SOP Common					
Specific Character Set	(0008,0005)		Ignored by HDI	1.	

Attribute Name	Tag	Matching Key Usage	Return Key Usage
Scheduled Procedure Step			
Scheduled Procedure Step Sequence	(0040, 0100)	Required	Туре І
> Scheduled Station AE Title	(0040, 0001)	Required	Type I Set in MPPS.
> Scheduled Procedure Step Start Date	(0040, 0002)	Required	Type I Used in Patient Selection screen. Set in MPPS.
> Scheduled Procedure Step Start Time	(0040, 0003)	Required	Type I Used in Patient Selection screen. Set in MPPS.
> Modality	(0008, 0060)	Required	Type I Set in MPPS.
> Scheduled Performing Physician's Name	(0040, 0006)		Type 2 Sets "Performing Physician's Name" in the MPPS. Note: This is not used to set the 'Performed by' field in the Patient Id screen however it is expected that a future release would set this value.
> Scheduled Procedure Step Description	(0040, 0007)		Type IC Set in MPPS and images. May be used to set "Description" field on the Patient Selection

Attribute Name	Tag	Matching Key Usage	Return Key Usage
			screen, and "Study Description" in images: 2nd choice, configurable
> Scheduled Procedure Step Location	(0040, 0011)		Type 2 Sets "Location" field on the Patient Selection screen.
> Scheduled Protocol Code Sequence	(0040, 0008)		Type IC Set as "Scheduled Action Item Code Sequence" and "Performed Action Item Code Sequence" in MPPS, and as "Scheduled Protocol Code Sequence" in images.
>> Code Value	(0008, 0100)		Type I Set in MPPS and images.
>> Coding Scheme Designator	(0008, 0102)		Type I Set in MPPS and images.
>> Coding Scheme Version	(0008, 0103)		Type 3 If present, set in MPPS and images.
>> Code Meaning	(0008, 0104)		Type 3 If present, set in MPPS and images. May also be used to set "Description" field on the Patient Selection screen, and "Study

Attribute Name	Tag	Matching Key Usage	Return Key Usage
			Description" in images: 3rd choice, configurable
> Scheduled Procedure Step ID	(0040, 0009)		Туре І
			Set in MPPS and images.
Requested Procedure			
Requested Procedure ID	(0040, 1001)		Туре І
			Set in MPPS and images.
Requested Procedure Description	(0032, 1060)		Туре IC
			Set in MPPS.
			May also be used to set "Description" field on the Patient Selection screen, and "Study Description" in images: 1st choice, configurable
Requested Procedure Code Sequence	(0032, 1064)		Туре ІС
			If present, set as "Procedure Code Sequence" in MPPS.
> Code Value	(0008, 0100)		Туре IC
			Set in MPPS.
> Coding Scheme Designator	(0008, 0102)		Туре IC
			Set in MPPS.
> Coding Scheme Version	(0008, 0103)		Туре 3
			If present, set in MPPS.
> Code Meaning	(0008, 0104)		Туре 3

Attribute Name	Tag	Matching Key Usage	Return Key Usage
			If present, set in MPPS.
Study Instance UID	(0020, 000D)		Type I Set in MPPS and images.
Referenced Study Sequence	(0008, 1110)		Type 2 Set in MPPS and images.
> Referenced SOP Class UID	(0008, 1150)		Type IC Ignored.
> Referenced SOP Instance UID	(0008, 1155)		Type IC Set in MPPS and images.
Reason for the Requested Procedure	(0040, 1002)		Type 3 May be used to set "Indication" field on the Patient Selection screen: Ist choice, configurable
Imaging Service Request			
Accession Number	(0008, 0050)		Type 2 Displayed on Patient ID screen. Set in MPPS and images.
Referring Physician's Name	(0008, 0090)		Type 2 Sets "Referring Physician" in the Patient ID screen and the 'Patient Selection' screen.

Attribute Name	Tag	Matching Key Usage	Return Key Usage
Reason for Imaging Service Request	(0040, 2001)		Type 3
			May be used to set "Indication" field on the Patient Selection screen:
			2nd choice, configurable
Visit Relationship			
Referenced Patient Sequence	(0008, 1120)		Туре 2
			Set in MPPS.
> Referenced SOP Class UID	(0008, 1150)		Type 2
			Ignored.
> Referenced SOP Instance UID	(0008, 1155)		Type 2
			Set in MPPS.
Current Patient Location	(0038, 0300)		Type 2
			Sets "Location" in field of the Patient Selection screen.
Patient Identification			
Patient Name	(0010, 0010)		Туре І
			Displayed on 'Patient ID' screen and 'Patient Selection' screen.
			Set in MPPS and used as a tag in images.
Patient ID	(0010, 0020)		Type I Displayed in "MRN" field

Attribute Name	Tag	Matching Key Usage	Return Key Usage
			of 'Patient ID' screen and 'Patient Selection' screen.
			Set in MPPS and used as a tag in images.
Other Patient ID	(0010, 1000)		Type 3 Displayed in "Alternate ID Number" field of 'Patient ID' screen and 'Patient IDs' field of 'Patient Selection' screen.
			Note: If multiple values are present for this attribute, only the first value is taken and used.
			Used as a tag in images.
Patient Demographic			
Patient's Birth Date	(0010, 0030)		Type 2 Sets the "DOB" field on the Patient ID and Patient Selection screen. Set in MPPS.
Patient's Birth Time	(0010, 0032)		Type 3 Sets the "DOB" field on the Patient ID screen.
Patient's Age	(0010, 1010)		Type 3 Sets the "Age" field on the Patient Selection

Attribute Name	Tag	Matching Key Usage	Return Key Usage		
			screen.		
Patient Sex	(0010, 0040)		Type 2		
			Sets the "Gender" field on the 'Patient ID' screen and 'Patient Selection' screen.		
			Set in MPPS.		
Patient's Weight	(0010, 1030)		Type 2 Sets the "Weight" field on the 'Patient ID' and 'Patient Selection' screens.		
Patient's Size	(0010, 1020)		Туре 3		
			Sets the "Height" field on the 'Patient ID' and 'Patient Selection' screens.		
Table 24: Modality Worklist Usage in the Worklist Management service					

2.1.2.6 Updating the status of a scheduled procedure

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - ➤ Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Updating the status of a scheduled procedure

HDII provides Standard Conformance to the following DICOM V3.0 Modality Performed Procedure Step (MPPS) SOP Class as an SCU.

SOP Class Name	SOP Class UID	Role
Modality Performed Procedure Step SOP Class	1.2.840.10008.3.1.2.3.3	SCU

Table 25: SOP Class Supported by MPPS service

The system uses N-CREATE and N-SET commands to notify the MPPS Server whenever the status of a patient's study has changed.

2.1.2.6.1 Associated Real-World Activity

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Updating the status of a scheduled procedure
 - Associated Real-World Activity

The opening of a study marks the beginning of a new Modality Performed Procedure Step (MPPS). At this time, a MPPS record is created on the MPPS SCP through the use of the N-CREATE service. If the MPPS SCP is unavailable at the time the first image is stored, the request is queued and will be sent when the MPPS SCP is available.

When the user ends the scheduled procedure by closing the study and saving any changes, the MPPS status is "Completed". Alternatively, the user may choose to cancel acquisition, the study is saved in local storage and the MPPS status becomes "Discontinued". At this time, the Study Management AE attempts to modify the MPPS on the MPPS SCP through the use of the N-SET service. If the MPPS SCP is unavailable, the request is queued and will be sent when the MPPS SCP is available..

2.1.2.6.2 Proposed Presentation Contexts

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- > Application Entity Specifications
 - > HDII AE Specification
 - ➤ Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Updating the status of a scheduled procedure
 - Associated Real-World Activity
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts

Abstract Syntax		Transfer Syntax		Role	Extended Negotiation
Name	UID	Name List	UID List		
Modality Performed Procedure Step	1.2.840.1000 8.3.1.2.3.3	Explicit VR Little Endian (Preferred, see Note)	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1	SCU	None
		Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2		

Table 26: MPPS - Presentation Context

Note: If the SCP accepts both Explicit VR Little Endian and Implicit VR Little Endian then HD11 will use Explicit VR Little Endian.

2.1.2.6.2.1 SOP Specific Conformance Statement for the MPPS SOP Class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Initiation by Real-World Activity
 - Updating the status of a scheduled procedure
 - Associated Real-World Activity
 - Proposed Presentation Contexts
 - SOP Specific Conformance Statement for the MPPS SOP Class

HDII provides standard conformance to the DICOM MPPS Service Class.

The updated attributes are shown in Table 27. The "N_CREATE Usage" column shows the attributes transmitted when the status of the study changes to "IN_PROGRESS". The "N-SET Usage" column shows the attributes transmitted when the status of the study changes to "COMPLETED" or "DISCONTINUED".

Note: The following fields are copied from the selected MWL entry to the Patient ID screen:

Accession Number, Patient's Name, Patient's ID, Patient's Birth Date Patient's Sex Referring Physician's Name Study description

Usually, the performing physician will accept the information in the Patient ID Screen, as is, however the physician has the option of editing the information before starting the study. If the physician edits this information then the MPPS N-CREATE command that is sent to the MPPS server on study start will use the edited information and not the original MWL information.

Attribute Name	Tag	N-CREATE Usage	N-SET Usage
Specific Character Set	(0008, 0005)	Not used, even though some	Not used, even though some

Attribute Name	Tag	N-CREATE Usage	N-SET Usage			
Doufoume	od Buocodium G	attributes may contain characters from the Latin I character set	attributes may contain characters from the Latin I character set			
Performed Procedure Step Relationship						
Scheduled Step Attribute Sequence	(0040, 0270)	Present	Not allowed			
> Study Instance UID	(0020, 000D)	If available from the MWL; else synthesized by the host imaging system	Not allowed			
> Referenced Study Sequence	(0008, 1110)	If present in MWL else NULL	Not allowed			
>> Referenced SOP Class UID	(0008, 1150)	Detached Study Mgmt SOP Class: 1.2.840.10008.3.1.2. 3.1	Not allowed			
>> Referenced SOP Instance UID	(0008, 1155)	From the MWL, if present; else the SOP Instance UID of this study.	Not allowed			
> Accession Number	(0008, 0050)	From the "Accession number" field of the Patient ID screen	Not allowed			
> Requested Procedure ID	(0040, 1001)	If available from the MWL; else NULL	Not allowed			
> Requested Procedure Description	(0032, 1060)	If available from the MWL; else NULL	Not allowed			
> Scheduled Procedure Step ID	(0040, 0009)	If available from the MWL; else NULL	Not allowed			
> Scheduled Procedure Step Description	(0040, 0007)	If available from the MWL; else NULL	Not allowed			
> Scheduled Protocol Code Sequence	(0040, 0008)	If available from the MWL; else NULL	Not allowed			
>> Code Value	(0008, 0100)	From the MWL	Not allowed			
>> Coding Scheme Designator	(0008, 0102)	From the MWL	Not allowed			

Attribute Name	Tag	N-CREATE Usage	N-SET Usage
>> Coding Scheme Version	(0008, 0103)	From the MWL	Not allowed
>> Code Meaning	(0008, 0104)	From the MWL	Not allowed
Patient Name	(0010, 0010)	Generated from the "Name" fields of the Patient ID screen	Not allowed
Patient ID	(0010, 0020)	From the "MRN" field of the Patient ID screen	Not allowed
Patient's Birth Date	(0010, 0030)	From the "Birth Date" field of the Patient ID screen	Not allowed
Patient Sex	(0010, 0040)	From the "Gender" field of the Patient ID screen	Not allowed
Referenced Patient Sequence	(0008, 1120)	If available from the MWL; else NULL	Not allowed
> Referenced SOP Class UID	(0008, 1150)	Detached Patient Mgmt SOP Class UID 1.2.840.10008.3.1.2. 1.1	Not allowed
> Referenced SOP Instance UID	(0008, 1155)	If available from the MWL; else NULL	Not allowed
Perform	ed Procedure S	Step Information	l
Performed Procedure Step ID	(0040, 0253)	If available from the MWL, else generated by HD11	Not allowed
Performed Station AE Title	(0040, 0241)	AE Title of HD11	Not allowed
Performed Station Name	(0040, 0242)	Same as the 'Performed Station AE Title', tag (0040,0241)	Not allowed
Performed Location	(0040, 0243)	If available from the MWL, else NULL	Not allowed
Performed Procedure Step Start Date	(0040, 0244)	Date of the acquisition of the first image in the study	Not allowed

Attribute Name	Tag	N-CREATE Usage	N-SET Usage		
Performed Procedure Step Start Time	(0040, 0245)	Time of the acquisition of the first image in the study	Not allowed		
Performed Procedure Step Status	(0040, 0252)	"IN PROGRESS"	"COMPLETED" or "DISCONTINUED"		
Performed Procedure Step Description	(0040, 0254)	If "Scheduled Procedure Description" available from MWL, else "Indication" field from Patient ID screen	Not used		
Performed Procedure Type Description	(0040, 0255)	If "Scheduled Procedure Description" available from MWL, else "Indication" field from Patient ID screen	Not used		
Procedure Code Sequence	(0008, 1032)	If "Requested Procedure Code Sequence" available from the MWL; else generated by HD11	If "Requested Procedure Code Sequence" available from the MWL; else NULL		
> Code Value	(0008, 0100)	From the MWL	From the MWL		
> Coding Scheme Designator	(0008, 0102)	From the MWL	From the MWL		
> Coding Scheme Version	(0008, 0103)	If available from the MWL; else omitted	If available from the MWL; else omitted		
> Code Meaning	(0008, 0104)	If available from the MWL; else omitted	If available from the MWL; else omitted		
Performed Procedure Step End Date	(0040, 0250)	NULL (empty string sent)	Date "End Study" is pressed.		
Performed Procedure Step End Time	(0040, 0251)	NULL (empty string sent)	Time "End Study" is pressed.		
Image Acquisition Results					

Attribute Name	Tag	N-CREATE Usage	N-SET Usage
Modality	(0008, 0060)	"US"	Not allowed
Study ID	(0020, 0010)	If MWL is used, set to "Requested Procedure ID" if available from the MWL; else the empty string. This "DICOM Study ID" differs from the value of "Study ID" in DICOM images.	Not allowed
Performed Protocol Code Sequence	(0040, 0260)	If "Scheduled Protocol Code Sequence" available from the MWL; else NULL	If "Scheduled Protocol Code Sequence" available from the MWL; else NULL
> Code Value	(0008, 0100)	From the MWL	From the MWL
> Coding Scheme Designator	(0008, 0102)	From the MWL	From the MWL
> Coding Scheme Version	(0008, 0103)	If available from the MWL; else omitted	If available from the MWL; else omitted
> Code Meaning	(0008, 0104)	If available from the MWL; else omitted	If available from the MWL; else omitted
Performed Series Sequence	(0040, 0340)	One item representing the series used for this MPPS	One item representing the series used for this MPPS
> Performing Physician's Name	(0008, 1050)	From the "Performed By" field of the Patient ID screen	From the "Performed By" field of the Patient ID screen
> Protocol Name	(0018, 1030)	"CLR Standard" for all exams.	"CLR Standard" for all exams.
> Operator's Name	(0008, 1070)	From the "Performed By" field of the Patient ID screen; else NULL	From the "Performed By" field of the Patient ID screen; else NULL

Attribute Name	Tag	N-CREATE Usage	N-SET Usage
> Series Instance UID	(0020, 000E)	Synthesized by HD11	Synthesized by HD11
> Series Description	(0008, 103E)	NULL	NULL
> Retrieve AE Title	(0008, 0054)	NULL	NULL
> Referenced Image Sequence	(0008, 1140)	NULL	NULL
> Referenced Non-image Composite SOP Instance Sequence	(0040, 0220)	NULL	NULL
Table 27: Modality Performe	ed Procedure St	en N-CRFATE and	N-SFT Δttributes

2.1.3 Association Acceptance Policy

2.1.3.1 Responding to a verification request from a remote DICOM server

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - > HDII AE Specification
 - Association Acceptance Policy
 - > Responding to a verification request from a remote DICOM server

HDII provides standard conformance to the DICOM V3.0 SOP Class as shown in the Table below.

SOP Class Name	SOP Class UID	Role
Verification SOP Class	1.2.840.10008.1.1	SCP

Table 28: SOP Class Supported by Verification service

2.1.3.1.1 Associated Real-World Activity

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Acceptance Policy
 - ➤ Responding to a verification request from a remote DICOM server
 - Associated Real-World Activity

The ultrasound system employs a Verification SCP to reply to verification requests sent by remote devices. This will allow the remote device to ensure the availability of HDII on the network, within the constraints of the network topology, and timeout values.

HDII employs a 'high security' paradigm and will only respond to C-Echo requests from DICOM Servers that it knows about. Specifically, the following steps must have been performed:

- 1. In DICOM Setup, add the DICOM server to the list of DICOM servers.
- 2. Assign the server to the appropriate role.

Accepted Presentation Contexts

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Application Entity Specifications
 - ➤ HDII AE Specification
 - Association Acceptance Policy
 - ➤ Responding to a verification request from a remote DICOM server
 - Accepted Presentation Contexts

Only one association is established for each verification attempt. When the association is opened, the presentation contexts noted in Table 29 are accepted.

Abstract Syntax		Transfer Syntax		Role	Extended Negotiation
Name	UID	Name List	UID List		
Verification SOP Class	1.2.840.10 008.1.1	Explicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2.1	SCP	None
		Implicit VR Little Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2		
		Explicit VR Big Endian	1.2.840.10008.1.2.2		

Table 29: Accepted Presentation Contexts

3. HDII as a Media Storage Application

The implementation model, application data flow diagram, functional definition of the HDII AE, sequencing of real world activities are the same as in section 2.

3.1 File Meta Information for the HDII AE

- ➤ HDII as a Media Storage Application
 - > File Meta Information for the HDII AE

Element	Implementation Value
Implementation Class UID	1.2.840.113543.6.6.4.1
Implementation Version Name	HDII_VI.I

Table 30: Implementation Identifying Information

3.2 Real-World Activities

3.2.1 Saving a DICOM Study to removable media

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- ➤ HDII as a Media Storage Application
 - Real-World Activities
 - > Saving a DICOM Study to removable media

The HD11 AE conforms to the Application Profile for Ultrasound Media Storage applications. HD11 supports the SOP classes described in the Application Profiles. For all SOP Classes, this AE performs in the role of File Set Creator (FSC) and File Set Updater (FSU). The particular physical media available is 3.5" MOD, CD-R or CD-RW. For previously imported studies, HD11 will export the IODs using the transfer syntax and tags that were used when HD11 originally imported the study. (HD11 does not import SR when a study is imported.)

Supported Application Profile	Real-World Activity	Roles	Service Class Option
STD-US-SC-SF&MF	Export Study	FSC and FSU	Interchange
STD-US-ID-SF&MF	Export Study	FSC and FSU	Interchange

Table 31: Media Storage Application Profiles

The Export DICOM Objects Application Entity acts as FSC and FSU using the Interchange Option.

When saving a DICOM study to removable media, the user can specify the photometric interpretation and transfer syntax used to create DICOM files for images on the media. The options available to users are listed in Table 32. DICOM file for SR is always created using Implicit VR Little Endian format.

Transfer Syntax and Photometric Interpretation
options for removable media
Uncompressed (DICOM Implicit VR Little Endian)
Palette Color
Uncompressed (DICOM Explicit VR Little Endian)
Palette Color
Uncompressed (DICOM Implicit VR Little Endian)
RGB
Uncompressed (DICOM Explicit VR Little Endian)
RGB
RLE (lossless) Compression
Palette Color
RLE (lossless) Compression
RGB
JPEG (lossy) Compression
YBR

Table 32: Photometric Interpretation and Transfer Syntax Options for Saving to Removable Media

Note on Panview datasets

HDII creates special PanView internal files called 'dataset' files that are never exported to a PACS but may be optionally exported to media. These DICOM files are not exported in network storage since they are only of use to HDII's PanView application and HDII does not support networked Query/Retrieve. However, these files may optionally be exported to media with the rest of the study for archival purposes. The study could later be imported into an HDII system and the user would be able to click on the dataset file to enter into the PanView application.

Panview datasets, exported to media, have the same public attributes as Panview images exported across the network to a DICOM PACS (Storage SCP), other than the following attributes:

Attribute Name	Tag	Тур	e VR	Description	Value
Rows	0028, 0010	1	US	Number of rows in the image.	The image dimensions of PanView datasets are not fixed. The number of
Columns	0028, 0011	I	US	Number of columns in the image	rows and columns in a PanView dataset image varies based on the characteristics of the PanView image acquisition.

3.2.2 Reading a DICOM study from removable media

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- ➤ HDII as a Media Storage Application
 - Real-World Activities
 - > Reading a DICOM study from removable media

When requested to read the media directory, the HDII Application Entity acts as FSR using the Interchange Option,

The user choosing the Import operation from a menu initiates importing images. See the system user manuals for a description of the specific user interface capabilities. HDII doesn't support FSR role for DICOM SR.

The HDII AE conforms to the Application Profile for Ultrasound Media Storage applications. For all SOP Classes described in the Application Profile, this AE performs in the role of File Set Reader (FSR). The particular physical media available is 3.5" MOD, CD-R or CD-RW. Image Display and Spatial Calibration of Single and Multi-Frame image objects on any media in the Ultrasound Application Profile is therefore supported.

Supported Application Profile	Real-World Activity	Roles	Service Class Option
STD-US-SC-SF&MF- MOD128	Import Studies	FSR	Interchange
STD-US-SC-SF&MF- MOD230	Import Studies	FSR	Interchange
STD-US-SC-SF&MF- MOD540	Import Studies	FSR	Interchange
STD-US-SC-SF&MF- MOD640	Import Studies	FSR	Interchange
STD-US-SC-SF&MF-MOD13	Import Studies	FSR	Interchange
STD-US-SC-SF&MF-CDR	Import Studies	FSR	Interchange

Table 33: Media Import Application Profiles

HDII's DICOM Study Import feature is designed for importing studies that were originally exported from HDII (or EnVisor). The system will not allow the user to import ultrasound studies created by another manufacturers system.

3.2.2.1 SOP Specific Conformance For "Media Storage Directory Storage" SOP Class

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- ➤ HDII as a Media Storage Application
 - Real-World Activities
 - Reading a DICOM study from removable media
 - > SOP Specific Conformance For "Media Storage Directory Storage"

HDII uses this SOP class for Media export as well as Media import. Since HDII doesn't support import of SR, some of the attributes are not used during import. The 'usage' column explains these attributes.

Type I, IC, 2, and 2C data elements present in the Basic Directory Object are supported as required in DICOM 3.0, Parts 3 and 10. They are used for properly navigating through the directory data structures, recognizing and conforming to the character set being used, and the Import Study user interface to aid in the selection of objects to import. Data elements that elicit behavior that is specific to the Application Entity are described in the sections below. If Type 2 data elements are null or if Type 3 data elements are absent, the data elements are ignored by the system and the corresponding display fields in the user interface screen(s) are left blank.

3.2.2.2 File-Set Identification Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- ➤ HDII as a Media Storage Application
 - Real-World Activities
 - > Reading a DICOM study from removable media
 - > File-Set Identification Module

Contents of the File-set Identification Module are not displayed or otherwise used in this version of HDII.

3.2.2.3 Directory Information Module

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- ➤ HDII as a Media Storage Application
 - Real-World Activities
 - Reading a DICOM study from removable media
 - Directory Information Module

All data elements are used as described in DICOM 3.0 Part 3 for Basic Directory Object Definitions. As stated in the Ultrasound Application Profile, "The (DICOMDIR) Directory shall include Directory Records of PATIENT, STUDY, SERIES, and IMAGE corresponding to the information object files in the File-set". Given this requirement, HDII uses these directory records to identify the study to import. If there are DICOM image files on the import media that do not appear in the DICOMDIR Directory Information Module (either because references to these files were omitted or because the Directory Information Module, optional in DICOM but required in the Ultrasound Application Profile, does not exist), these files are not recognized by the system.

HDII ignores directory Record Types other than those above.

HDII also ignores the "File-set consistency Flag" (0004, 1212).

3.2.2.3.1 Patient Directory Record

- ➤ HDII as a Media Storage Application
 - Real-World Activities
 - > Reading a DICOM study from removable media
 - Directory Information Module
 - Patient Directory Record

Attribute Name	Tag	Туре	Usage
Specific Character Set	(0008, 0005)	IC	The default DICOM character set and optional set ISO-IR 100 (Latin 1) are supported. See Section A.7 for details.
Patient Name	(0010, 0010)	2	Displayed to help the user identify the patient folder in which to place the studies for this patient.
Patient ID	(0010, 0020)	I	Displayed to help the user identify the patient folder in which to place the studies for this patient.

Table 34: Specific Usage of Patient Directory Record Information

3.2.2.3.2 Study Directory Record

- ➤ HDII as a Media Storage Application
 - Real-World Activities
 - > Reading a DICOM study from removable media
 - Directory Information Module
 - Study Directory Record

Attribute Name	Tag	Туре	Usage
Specific Character Set	(0008, 0005)	IC	The Default DICOM character set and optional set ISO-IR 100 (Latin 1) are supported. See Section A.7 for details.
Study Date	(0008, 0020)	I	Used in displaying list of studies to user
Study Time	(0008, 0030)	I	Used in displaying list of studies to user
Accession Number	(0008, 0050)	2	Stored in the system database
Study Description	(0008, 1030)	2	Generated
Study Instance UID	(0020, 000D)	IC	Stored in the system database
Study ID	(0020, 0010)	I	Stored in the system database

Table 35: Specific Usage of Study Directory Record Information

3.2.2.3.2.1 Series Directory Record

- ➤ HDII as a Media Storage Application
 - Real-World Activities
 - > Reading a DICOM study from removable media
 - Directory Information Module
 - Series Directory Record

Attribute Name	Tag	Туре	Usage
Specific Character Set	(0008, 0005)	IC	The default DICOM character set and optional set ISO-IR 100 (Latin 1) are supported. See Section A.7 for details.
Modality	(0008, 0060)	1	Only US is supported. Other modalities are ignored.
Series Description	(0008, 103E)	3	Stored
Series Number	(0020, 0011)	I	Stored

Table 36: Specific Usage of Series Directory Record Information

3.2.2.3.2.2 Image Directory Record

- ➤ HDII as a Media Storage Application
 - Real-World Activities
 - > Reading a DICOM study from removable media
 - Directory Information Module
 - > Image Directory Record

Attribute Name	Tag	Туре	Usage
Specific Character Set	(0008, 0005)	IC	The default DICOM character set and optional set ISO-IR 100 (Latin 1) are
			supported. See Section A.7 for details.
Referenced File ID	(0004, 1500)	IC	Used
Referenced SOP Class UID in File	(0004, 1510)	IC	Used
Referenced SOP UID in File	(0004, 1511)	IC	Used
Referenced Transfer Syntax UID in File	(0004, 1512)	IC	Used
Image Date	(0008, 0023)	3	Used for ordering the thumbnail display. On Export, comes from the image.
Image Time	(0008, 0033)	3	Used for ordering the thumbnail display. On Export, comes from the image.

Table 37: Specific Usage of Image Directory Record Information

4. Communications Profiles

HDII provides DICOM V3.0 TCP/IP Network Communication Support as defined in Part 8 of the DICOM Standard.

5. Extensions/Specializations/Privatizations

5.1 General

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Extensions/Specializations/Privatizations
 - ➤ General

The following private tag is used by HDII to indicate a private group:

Tag	VR	Value
0031, 0060	LO	"Eclispe 60"

The following private tag is used by HDII's display compensation application:

Tag	VR	Value
0031, 6030	UL	Private data

The following private tag is used by HDII as part of the algorithm that determines when to add the pixel spacing tag:

Tag	VR	Value
0031, 6031	UL	Private data

The following private tags are used by HDII as part of the algorithm that determines when the image can be opened by the QLAB application:

Tag	VR	Value
0031, 6032	LO	Private data
0031, 6033	UL	Private data

5.2 2D

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- > Extensions/Specializations/Privatizations
 - > 2D

The Pixel Spacing tag is added to the exported DICOM file when the user has configured this tag to be included and the image is either a 2D only image or a 2D dual image with the same calibration for both images:

						erated Dy	
Attribute Name	Type VR	-	Description	Usr	Sys	Value	
Pixel Spacing	0028, 0030	1	DS	Physical distance in the patient between the center of each pixel, specified by a numeric pair — adjacent row spacing (delimiter) adjacent column spacing (in mm).		✓	Adjacent row spacing \ Adjacent column spacing (in mm)

5.3 PanView

Context: Expansion of Headings and sub-headings

- Extensions/Specializations/Privatizations
 - PanView

PanView image files contain the following private tags for use by HDII's PanView application:

Tag	VR	Value
7777, 0010	LO	Private data
7777, 1001	DA	Private data
7777, 1002	CS	Private data
7777, 1003	LO	Private data
7777, 1014	LT	Private data

5.4 Off-cart QLAB

QLAB is a stand-alone software product that provides advanced off-line ultrasound quantification capabilities. The user can use QLAB to review and quantify HDII images. The HDII user an export images in DICOM format to media in order to 'sneaker-net' those images to a PC running the QLAB software. QLAB 4.0 will be the first release to support all HDII DICOM image formats. Later versions of QLAB may also be a DICOM Storage SCP so the user can network export studies to stand-alone QLAB.

Parts of QLAB, such as 3D, strain quantification, parametric quantification, and intima media thickness, require additional information that can only be encoded in DICOM private tags. The following private tags are used by HDII to support the QLAB application:

Note: Not all private tags are used all the time,

DICOM	VR	Value
Tag		
0029,0060	LO	Private data

DICOM	VR	Value
Tag		
0029,6050	CS	Private data

DICOM	VR	Value
Tag	41	v aluc
0029,6051	UL	Private data
0029,6052	UL	Private data
0029,6053	DS	Private data
0029,6054	UL	Private data
0029,6055	FL	Private data
0029,6056	US	Private data
0029,6030	UL	Private data
0029,6031	UL	Private data
0029,6032	UL	Private data
0029,6033	DS	Private data
0029,6034	DS	Private data
0029,6036	SL	Private data
0029,6040	CS	Private data
200d,0030	LO	Private data
200d,0031	LO	Private data
200d,0032	LO	Private data
200d,0033	LO	Private data
200d,0034	LO	Private data
200d,0035	LO	Private data
200d,0036	LO	Private data
200d,0037	LO	Private data
200d,0038	LO	Private data
200d,0039	LO	Private data
200d,003a	LO	Private data
200d,3001	LO	Private data
200d,300b	ОВ	Private data
200d,3012	ОВ	Private data
200d,3101	LO	Private data
200d,3102	LO	Private data
200d,3103	LO	Private data
200d,3104	LO	Private data
200d,3105	LO	Private data
200d,3106	LO	Private data

DICOM Tag	VR	Value
200d,3107	LO	Private data
200d,3108	LO	Private data
200d,3201	LO	Private data
200d,3202	LO	Private data
200d,3203	LO	Private data
200d,3204	LO	Private data
200d,3205	LO	Private data
200d,3301	LO	Private data
200d,3302	LO	Private data
200d,3303	LO	Private data
200d,3304	LO	Private data
200d,3305	LO	Private data
200d,3306	LO	Private data
200d,3307	LO	Private data
200d,3308	LO	Private data
200d,3309	LO	Private data
200d,330a	IS	Private data
200d,3404	IS	Private data
200d,3405	IS	Private data
200d,3406	FD	Private data
200d,3407	FD	Private data
200d,3408	IS	Private data
200d,3409	IS	Private data
200d,340a	IS	Private data
200d,340b	IS	Private data
200d,340c	IS	Private data
200d,340d	UL	Private data
200d,340e	IS	Private data
200d,340f	IS	Private data
200d,3410	UL	Private data
200d,3a10	IS	Private data
200d,3a11	IS	Private data
200d,3a1a	IS	Private data

DICOM	VR	Value
Tag		
200d,3a1b	IS	Private data
200d,3a27	FD	Private data
200d,3a28	FD	Private data
200d,3a32	FD	Private data
200d,3a50	CS	Private data
200d,3a51	CS	Private data
200d,3a52	FD	Private data
200d,3a53	CS	Private data
200d,3a54	CS	Private data

DICOM	VR	Value
Tag		
200d,3a55	FD	Private data
200d,3a56	FD	Private data
200d,3a57	FD	Private data
200d,3a58	IS	Private data
200d,3a59	FD	Private data
200d,3a5a	FD	Private data
200d,3a5d	CS	Private data
200d,3a5e	CS	Private data
200d,3aff	IS	Private data

6. Configuration

The DICOM setup screen allows the user to configure a significant number of options including:

- For the HDII system, it's AE Title and Port number.
- For DICOM servers, their AE Title, port number, IP address.
- For Storage SCP's and for media storage, the image format.
- For DICOM Printers, many DICOM configuration settings
- For a MWL server, the query parameters: scheduled procedure start range, modality, AE Title.

HDII also supports on cart QLAB where the user can perform QLAB quantification on the HDII system of images acquired by the system.

7. Support for Extended Character Sets

HDII will offer support for Japanese, Chinese, and Russian. This includes translating system text into these languages and allowing the user to input Japanese, Chinese, and Cyrillic characters into the system. One important aspect of this is that the user will be able to enter these special characters into the Patient ID screen.

The present DICOM standard allows Code Extension Techniques for multi-byte characters. Therefore, as well as the default character set (ISO-IR 6), HDII supports the following extended character sets:

•	ISO-IR 100	Latin Alphabet No. I
•	ISO-IR 87	Japanese Kanji (ideographic), Hiragana (phonetic) and Katakana (phonetic)
•	ISO-IR 13	Japanese Katakana (phonetic)
•	ISO-IR 159	Supplementary Kanji (ideographic)
•	ISO-IR 144	Russian Cyrillic

Important Note:

When an Application Entity which, does not support Code Extension Techniques, receives a Data Set, which includes multi-byte characters from an HDII system, misrepresentation of characters may occur.

The DICOM standard states that it is the responsibility of the Application Entity, which receives the Data Sets to take whatever action is considered necessary to minimize the effect of misrepresented characters. It is not the responsibility of the HDII system to take such action.

7.1 Support for Russian and Japanese Markets

HDII uses "Code-extension techniques" to encode Japanese stroke based characters and Russian Cyrillic characters in DICOM tags with value representations of SH, LO, ST, LT, UT, and PN.

The technique requires two things in a DICOM file that contains these characters:

1. Add the Optional Specific Character Set TAG (0008,0005) and set the value to the list of identifiers for all the non-standard character sets that will appear in any string in the file separated by backslashes. For example:

```
For Japanese systems: (0008,0005) = "ISO 2022 IR 13\ISO 2022 IR 87\ISO 2022 IR 159\ISO 2022 IR 100"

For Russian systems: (0008,0005) = "ISO 2022 IR 144\ISO 2022 IR 100"

For English systems: (0008,0005) = "ISO 2022 IR 100"
```

2. Embed escape sequences in the strings that contain Asian or Cyrillic characters to cause the DICOM interpreting code to switch from one character set to another.

The escape sequences to be used are defined as:

```
    "<ESC>$B"
    ISO - IR 87 Japanese Kanji (ideographic), Hiragana (phonetic), Katakana (phonetic)
    "<ESC>(B"
    ISO - IR 6 ASCII - DICOM default character set
    "<ESC>$(D"
    ISO - IR 159 Supplementary Kanji (ideographic)
    "<ESC>(J"
    ISO - IR 144 Russian Cyrillic
```

7.2 Additional Support for Japanese Markets

Japanese markets will have additional fields to the Patient ID screen so that the user can enter the Roman, Ideographic, and Phonetic representations of a patient's name. The DICOM patient name field, tag (0010,0010) of type PN, is a single string field that contains up to five components (last, first, middle, title, honorific) in up to three language variants (Roman, Idiographic, and Phonetic.) The format of the patient name field is:

```
"Roman-last^Roman-first^Roman-middle^Roman-prefix^Roman-suffix=
Ideographic-last^Ideographic-first^Ideographic-middle^Ideographic-prefix^Ideographic-suffix=
Phonetic-last^Phonetic-first^Phonetic-middle^Phonetic-prefix^Phonetic-suffix"
```

In the above string the five components are separated with the 'A' Ascii character and the three language variants are separated by the '=' Ascii character. The only required

component is the Roman Last name. All other components are optional. Trailing '^' and '=' characters can be excluded.

When this string is encoded in a DICOM image file or DICOMDIR directory file, the escape sequences appropriate for the character sets used are inserted into the string for storage as a single-byte string. On media import the escape sequences are removed.

7.3 Support for Chinese Markets

The current DICOM standard as of this release of HDII does not support Chinese character sets. HDII however provides support for Chinese customers so that they can enter text using Chinese characters.

If the system is set up for Chinese, then (unlike for Japanese markets) the user can enter just one version of the patient name. This would make Chinese systems work in the same way as Russian, English, French, Italian, and Spanish systems. The Chinese user will be able to enter the patient name using a combination of Chinese and Roman characters – all of the characters will appear wherever the system displays the patient name (image, report, Search for Study window, etc.).

Since the DICOM Standard does not offer support for Chinese characters, all Chinese characters entered into the Patient ID screen will be lost if a user exports or backs up a study to media. This will be noticed when the study is imported back into the system; upon import, each Chinese character will be replaced with a question mark ("?") character. The question marks will make it obvious to the user that the characters were lost.

If the user enters a patient name that consists entirely of Chinese characters, then the name will come back as "??????". In this case, the user will have to identify the study in the "Import Study" and "Search for Study" windows by the MRN. If the user enters a patient name that consists of a combination of Roman and Chinese characters, then Roman characters will be preserved, and the name will come back as something like "Lee ???????". This will give users who like to back up their studies the flexibility of entering a patient name with a combination of Roman and Chinese characters, and have at least part of the name come back during import.

Note that the original Chinese name will be "burned into" study images that are exported to media. These Chinese characters will remain on the images when the studies are imported back into the system.

A. Appendix - Structured Report Templates

Note that all the concepts defined privately by Philips have the CSD value as '99PMSBLUS'.

A.I OB – GYN structured report template

HDII implements the OB-GYN template (TID 5000) from the DICOM standard, part 16. This appendix describes the scope and manner that HDII measurements appear in DICOM SR.

Measurements and calculations performed for Obstetric and Gynecology studies will lead to creation of "OB-GYN Ultrasound Procedure Report" structured report document. Measurements can be performed by pressing the 'Calc' key on HDII control panel. Measurements and calculations available in the menu can be configured through the setup application. It is also possible to configure the measurement unit (Metric or U.S).

All concepts with value type (VT) NUM will always have a 'MeasurementUnitCodeSequence' that specifies the unit of the measurement. The CSD for all units will be UCUM (Unified Code for Units) and CV and CM will be based on application configuration and will confirm to UCUM standards.

A.2.2 Template specific conformance for TID 5000

The template for the root of the content tree for TID 5000 and its use in the HD11 context is described in the following table.

N 0	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	EV (125000, DCM, "OB- GYN Ultrasound Procedure Report")	✓	This is the root 'CONTAINER'

2	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	INCLUDE	DTID (1204) Language of Content Item and Descendants	x	This module is not used in HDII at present.
3	>	HAS OBS CONTEXT	INCLUDE	DTID (1001) Observation Context	×	Although DICOM specifies this as a mandatory section, none of the attributes under DTID 1001 are mandatory.
4	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5001) Patient Characteristics	✓	Refer to 1.A.2.2.1 for HD11 usage of this.
5	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	DT (111028, DCM, "Image Library")	√	Contains list of 'IMAGE' items on which the measurements have been performed. Subsequent measurement concept content items refer to these IMAGE items using INFERRED FROM relationship.
6	>>	CONTAINS	IMAGE	No purpose of reference	✓	One or more 'IMAGE' items on which the measurements have been performed.
7	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5002) OB-GYN Procedure Summary Section	√	Refer to 1.A.2.2.2 for HD11 usage of this.
8	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5004) Fetal Biometry Ratio Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12004 will be used, refer to 1.A.2.2.3 for HD11 usage of this.
9	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5005) Fetal Biometry Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12005 will be used, refer to 1.A.2.2.4 for HD11 usage of this.

10	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5006) Long Bones Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12006 will be used, refer to 1.A.2.2.5 for HD11 usage of this.
11	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5007) Fetal Cranium Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12007 will be used, refer to 1.A.2.2.6 for HD11 usage of this.
12	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5009) Biophysical Profile Section	✓	Refer to 1.A.2.2.7 for HD11 usage of this.
13	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5011) Early Gestation Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12009 will be used, refer to 1.A.2.2.8 for HD11 usage of this.
14	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5010) Amniotic Sac Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12008 will be used, refer to 1.A.2.2.9 for HD11 usage of this.
15	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5015) Pelvis and Uterus Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12011 will be used, refer to 1.A.2.2.10 for HD11 usage of this.
16	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5012) Ovaries Section	✓	Refer to 1.A.2.2.11 for HD11 usage of this.
17	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5013) Follicles Section	√	This section is used with concept modifier Laterality = Left. Refer to 1.A.2.2.12 for HDII usage of this.
18	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5013) Follicles Section	√	This section is used with concept modifier Laterality = Right. Refer to 1.A.2.2.12 for HDII usage of this.

19	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	EV (121070, DCM, "Findings")	✓	This section (row 19, 20, and 21) is used to include fetus vascular measurements. Refer to section A.2.2.13 for details. Measurements from DCID (12141), 'Fetal Vasculature' are used.
20	>>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-C0E3, SRT, "Finding Site")	✓	EV (T-F6800, SRT, "Embryonic Vascular Structure")
21	>>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5025) OB-GYN Fetal Vascular Measurement Group)	√	\$AnatomyGroup = DCID (12141) Fetal Vasculature). Refer to section A.2.2.13 for details of TID 5025.
22	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	EV (121070, DCM, "Findings")	√	This section (row 22, 23, and 24) is used to include pelvic vascular measurements. Refer to section A.2.2.14 for details. Measurements from DCID (12140), 'Fetal Vasculature' are used.
23	>>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-C0E3, SRT, "Finding Site")	✓	EV (T-D6007, SRT, "Pelvic Vascular Structure")
24	>>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5026) OB-GYN Pelvic Vascular Measurement Group)	√	\$AnatomyGroup = DCID (12140) Pelvic Vasculature Anatomical Location. Refer to section A.2.2.14 for details of TID 5026.

A.2.2.1 OB-GYN Patient Characteristics (TID 5001)

Use of the template TID 5001 in the context of HD11 is described in the following table.

Ν		REL WITH	VT			
O	NL	PARENT		Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	EV (121118, DCM, "Patient Characteristics")	√	
2	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (8302-2, LN, "Patient Height")	✓	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen or from the MWL.
3	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (29463-7, LN, "Patient Weight")	√	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen or from the MWL.
4	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (11996-6, LN, "Gravida")	✓	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen.
5	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (11977-6, LN, "Para")	√	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen.
6	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (11612-9, LN, "Aborta")	√	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen.
7	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (33065-4, LN, "Ectopic Pregnancies")	✓	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen.

A.2.2.2 OB-GYN Procedure Summary (TID 5002)

The following table describes the use of this template in the context of HD11.

N		REL WITH	VT			
0	NL	PARENT		Concept Name	Used	Comments
				-	in	
					HDII	

I			CONTAINER	DT (121111, DCM, "Summary")	✓	
2	>	CONTAINS	DATE	(11955-2, LN, "LMP")	√	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen Row 2, 3 and 4 are concepts from DCID 12003, "OB-GYN Dates"
3	>	CONTAINS	DATE	(11779-6, LN, "EDD from LMP")	✓	Value automatically calculated by the HDII system based on the value entered for LMP.
4	>	CONTAINS	DATE	(11781-2, LN, "EDD from average ultrasound age")	√	Value automatically calculated by the HDII system based various measurements and on the LMP. If there is more than one fetus, the value used is the earliest calculated EDD amongst all fetuses.
5	>	CONTAINS	NUM	(11878-6, LN, "Number of Fetuses")	✓	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen This value is actually inserted as invocation of TID 300 (Measurement) with concept(s) from DCID 12001, "OB-GYN summary" passed as parameters.
6	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	"OB-GYN Fetus Summary" (BTID 5003)	✓	Refer to section I.A.2.2.2.1 for details of HDII usage of this. This template is included I per fetus.

A.2.2.2.1 OB-GYN Fetus Summary (TID 5003)

HDII uses this template to insert measurements from DCID 12019. HDII uses a private extension to DCID 12019 to define a new Fetus Summary measurement concept for 'Peak-to-Peak time interval over two beats'.

Following table shows the extension to Fetus Summary (CID 12019) used by HDII.

CSD	CV	CM
99PMSBLUS	C12019-01	Peak-to-Peak time interval over two beats

N		REL WITH	VT		Used	_
O	NL	PARENT		Concept Name	in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	DT (125008, DCM, "Fetus Summary")	√	
2	۸	HAS OBS CONTEXT	TEXT	EV (11951-1,LN, "Fetus ID")	✓	Value of "1", "2", "3" or "4" is used as identifier of the Fetus. This value is actually inserted as invocation of TID 1008 (Subject context - Fetus) This is present only if the study has more than one fetus.

3	>	CONTAINS	TEXT	EV (121106, DCM, "Comment")		This field contains all observations, findings (only the Finding text value preceded by the Finding Group Name) and the comments entered in the reporting screen on the HDII. In case of multiple fetuses, these observations are associated with the selected Fetus ID. For the Anatomy Visualized finding, a string 'Seen' will be displayed against the anatomy if the check box against the particular anatomy is checked in the reporting screen. A string 'Not Seen' will be displayed against the anatomy if the check box against the particular anatomy is not checked in the
4	>	CONTAINS	NUM	(11888-5, LN, "Composite Ultrasound Age")	√	reporting screen. This is a system-calculated value This value is inserted as invocation of TID 300 (Measurement) with concepts from DCID 12019
5	>	CONTAINS	NUM	(11885-1, LN, "Gestational Age by LMP")	√	This is a system-calculated value This value is inserted as invocation of TID 300 (Measurement) with concepts from DCID 12019

6	>	CONTAINS	NUM	(11727-5, LN, "Estimated Weight")	✓	This is a system-calculated value This value is inserted as invocation of TID 300 (Measurement) with concepts from DCID 12019
7	>>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	Equation or Table	✓	Concepts from CID 12014, OB Body Fetal Weight Equations and Tables will be used. Refer to section A.2.2.16 for concepts used in HD11.
8	>	CONTAINS	NUM	(99PMSBLUS, C12019-01, Peak- to-Peak time interval over two beats)	√	This value is inserted as invocation of TID 300 (Measurement) with concepts from DCID 12019. This concept is an extension of DCID 12019.

A.2.2.3 Fetal Biometry Ratio Section (TID 5004)

0	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	DT (125001, DCM, "Fetal Biometry Ratios")	√	

2	>	HAS OBS CONTEXT	TEXT	EV (11951-1,LN, "Fetus ID")	✓	Value of "I", "2", "3" or "4" is used as identifier of the Fetus.
						This value is actually inserted as invocation of TID 1008 (Subject context - Fetus) This value is present only if more than one fetus exist.
3	>	CONTAINS	NUM	Measurements from CID 12004 (Fetal Biometry Ratios) are included.	✓	These biometry measurements are added as part of invocation of Measurement (TID 300) template.

A.2.2.3.1 Fetal Biometry Ratios used in HD11 (CID 12004)

HDII defines an extension of CID I2004 to include HrtC / TC ratio as part of this context group. Following table shows the concepts in CID I2004 (including the private extension for HDII) that are used in HDII.

CSD	CV	Code Meaning
LN	11947-9	HC/AC
LN	11947-9	FL/AC
LN	11872-9	FL/BPD
LN	11823-2	Cephalic Index
99PMSBLUS	C12004-01	HrtC/TC (Heart Circumference/Thoracic Circumference)

A.2.2.4 Fetal Biometry Section (TID 5005)

N		REL WITH	VT			
o	NL	PARENT		Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	DT (125002, DCM, "Fetal Biometry")	✓	
2	>	HAS OBS CONTEXT	TEXT	EV (11951-1,LN, "Fetus ID")	√	Will be present if more than one fetus.
3	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	Biometry Group (DTID 5008)	√	Measurements from DCID 12005 are used as 'Biometry type' to invoke this template one or more number of times. Refer to section A.2.2.6.1 for details of Biometry Group template usage.

A.2.2.4.1 Fetal Biometry Measurements used in HD11 (CID 12005)

HDII defines a private extension to CID 12005 to include measurements available on HDII but not (yet) defined in this context group. The following table shows the measurements from CID 12005 (including HDII private extensions) that are used in HDII. All private extensions will use the coding scheme designator as 99PMSBLUS.

CSD	CV	Code Meaning
LN	11979-2	Abdominal Circumference
LN	11818-2	Anterior-Posterior Abdominal Diameter
LN	11820-8	Biparietal Diameter

LN	11965-1	Foot Length
LN	11984-2	Head Circumference
LN	11851-3	Occipital-Frontal Diameter
LN	11988-3	Thoracic Circumference
LN	11862-0	Transverse Abdominal Diameter
LN	11864-6	Transverse Thoracic Diameter
LN	11862-0	Transverse Abdominal Diameter
99PMSBLUS	C12005-01	Ear length
99PMSBLUS	C12005-02	Fetal trunk Cross sectional Area
99PMSBLUS	C12005-03	Heart Circumference
99PMSBLUS	C12005-04	Length of middle Phalanx of the 5th Digit
99PMSBLUS	C12005-05	Renal Width
99PMSBLUS	C12005-06	Renal length
99PMSBLUS	C12005-07	Anterior-Posterior thoracic diameter
99PMSBLUS	C12005-08	Transverse trunk Diameter

A.2.2.5 Fetal Long Bones Section (TID 5006)

Fetal Long Bones section is inserted in the SR Document in the same way as Fetal Biometry Section (Refer section 1.A.2.2.4). \$Biometry Type used to invoke the template TID 5008 is taken from the context group Fetal Long Bones Measurement (CID 12006). All the measurements in CID 12006 are available in HD11 as described in the following table.

CSD	CV	Code Meaning
LN	11966-9	Humerus length
LN	11967-7	Radius length
LN	11969-3	Ulna length
LN	11968-5	Tibia length
LN	11964-4	Fibula length
LN	11962-8	Clavicle length
LN	11963-6	Femur Length

A.2.2.6 Fetal Cranium Section (TID 5007)

Fetal Cranium section is inserted in the SR Document in the same way as Fetal Biometry Section (Refer section 1.A.2.2.4). \$Biometry Type used to invoke the template TID 5008 is taken from the context group Fetal Cranium (CID 12007).

HDII defines a private extension to CID 12007 to include cranial measurements available in HDII but not (yet) defined in CID 12007. The following table shows the measurements from CID 12007 (including HDII private extensions) that are used in HDII. All private extensions will use the coding scheme designator as 99PMSBLUS.

CSD	CV	Code Meaning		
LN	12171-5	Lateral Ventrical width		

		a
LN	11860-4	Cisterna Magna Length
LN	12146-7	Nuchal Fold thickness
LN	33070-4	Inner Orbital Diameter
LN	11629-3	Outer Orbital Diameter
LN	11863-8	Trans Cerebellar Diameter
99PMSBLUS	C12007-01	Diameter of the First Orbit
99PMSBLUS	C12007-02	Diameter of the Second Orbit

A.2.2.6.1 Fetal Biometry Group (TID 5008)

N 0	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAIN ER	DT(125005, DCM, "Biometry Group")	✓	
2	^	CONTAINS	NUM	Measurement of selected 'BiometryType'	✓	This row and next two rows are inserted as part of TID 300 (Measurement) invocation. If multiple measurements are made of the same biometry type, these three rows will be repeated for each measurement instance.

3	>>	INFERRED FROM	IMAGE	ReferencedContent ItemIdentifier	√	An ordered set of one or more integers that uniquely identify the Image in the 'Image Library' section of this SR document. This is the image from which the measurement is inferred. This item will not be present, if the measurement does not refer to any image.
4	>>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	Derivation	✓	If a user has performed more than one measurement then he / she can either use average (default) of these instances or he can specifically select one of the measured instance for using in calculations. If the selection is Average, then that average measurement instance will have a derivation modifier as (R-00317, SRT, "Mean").
5	>>	HAS PROPERTIES	CODE	Selection Status	√	This will have a value 'Mean Value Chosen' if the Derivation is 'Mean'. In all other cases, this will have a value, 'User Chosen Value'.
6	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (18185-9, LN, "Gestational Age")	✓	This will be present if user has selected the corresponding gestation age calculation. For example, if the biometry type is BPD and user has selected GA (BPD) as one of the calculations (from the analysis setup application), this row will be present. HDII system automatically calculates the GA based on standard (or user defined) equations and tables.

7	>>	INFERRED	CODE	Equation or Table	✓	Concepts from CID 12013,
		FROM				Gestation age equations and
						tables will be used. Refer to section A.2.2.15 for concepts
						used in HD11.

A.2.2.7 Fetal Biophysical Profile Section (TID5009)

N		REL WITH	VT			
0	NL	PARENT		Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	DT (125006, DCM, "Biophysical Profile")	✓	
2	>	HAS OBS CONTEXT	TEXT	EV (11951-1,LN, "Fetus ID'")	✓	Will be present if more than one fetus.
3	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (11631-9, LN, "Gross Body Movement")	✓	HDII uses the value as entered in the reporting screen.

4	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (11632-7, LN, "Fetal Breathing")	√	HDII uses the value as entered in the reporting screen.
5	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (11635-0, LN, "Fetal Tone")	√	HDII uses the value as entered in the reporting screen.
6	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (11630-1, LN, "Amniotic Fluid Volume")	✓	HDII uses the value as entered in the reporting screen.
7	>	CONTAINS	NUM	DT (11634-3, LN, "Biophysical Profile Sum Score")	√	HDII automatically calculates the sum of all the scores.

A.2.2.8 Early Gestation Section (TID 5011)

Early Gestation section is inserted in the SR Document in the same way as Fetal Biometry Section (Refer section I.A.2.2.4). \$Biometry Type used to invoke the template TID 5008 is taken from the context group Early Gestation Biometry Measurements (CID I2009).

CSD	CV	Code Meaning
CSD	CV	Code Meaning

LN	11957-8	Crown Rump Length
LN	118505-5	Gestational Sac Diameter
LN	33071-2	Spine Length

A.2.2.9 Amniotic Sac section (TID 5010)

N 0	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	DT (121070, DCM, "Findings")	√	
2	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-C0E3, SRT, "Finding Site")	✓	DT (T-F1300, SRT, "Amniotic Sac")
3	>	CONTAINS	NUM	(11627-7, LN, "Amniotic Fluid Index")	✓	This is inserted as part of the invocation of template TID 300 (Measurement)
4	>	CONTAINS	NUM	(11624-4, LN, "First Quadrant Diameter")	✓	This is inserted as part of the invocation of template TID 300 (Measurement)

5	>>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	Derivation	✓	This will have a value 'Mean' IFF average measurement instance is used in calculations.
6	>>	HAS PROPERTIES	CODE	Selection Status	√	This will have a value 'Mean Value Chosen' if the Derivation is 'Mean'. In all other cases, this will have a value, 'User Chosen Value'.
7	>>	INFERRED FROM	IMAGE	ReferencedConte ntltemIdentifier	✓	Refers to the image on which this measurement was done. Similarly other measurements from CID 12008 are added. The concepts are – (11624-4, LN, "First Quadrant Diameter"), (11626-9, LN, "Second Quadrant Diameter"), (11625-1, LN, "Third Quadrant Diameter"), (11623-6, LN, "Fourth Quadrant Diameter")

A.2.2.10 Pelvis and Uterus Section (TID 5015)

N	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used	Comments
"	112	IANLINI		Concept Hame	in	Comments
					HDII	

I			CONTAINER	DT (125011, DCM, "Pelvis and Uterus")	✓	
2	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	EV (T-83000, SRT, "Uterus")	✓	DITD 5016 (LWH Volume Group) is included. Uterus volume, length and width measurements are inserted. Group Name is 'Uterus'
3	>>	CONTAINS	NUM	(33192-6, LN, "Uterus Volume")	√	This row is inserted as part of TID 300 (Measurement) invocation. HDII automatically calculates the volume based on L,W and H measurements.
4	>>	CONTAINS	NUM	(11842-2, LN, "Uterus Length")	✓	This row is inserted as part of TID 300 (Measurement) invocation Similar to rows 4,5 and 6, the concepts for Uterus Height and Uterus Width are added too. These concepts are: (11859-6, LN, "Uterus Height") and (11865-3,LN, " Uterus Width")
5	>> >	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	"Derived"	✓	This will have a value 'Mean' IFF the average measurement instance is used in calculations.

6	>> >	HAS PROPERTIES	CODE	Selection Status	✓	This will have a value 'Mean Value Chosen' if the Derivation is 'Mean'. In all other cases, this will have a value, 'User Chosen Value'.
7	>> >	INFERRED FROM	IMAGE	ReferencedConte ntltemIdentifier	✓	Refers to the image on which this measurement was done.
8	>	CONTAINS	NUM	(11961-0, LN, "Cervix Length")	✓	This measurement is from CID 12011, "Ultrasound Pelvic and Uterus". This is inserted as part of invocation of TID 300 (Measurement). Similar to other measurements, the concept modifier for 'Derivation', Selection Status and 'Referenced Content Item' would be present for this measurement. Note:- Only Cervix Length and Endometrium Thickness from CID 12011 will be present in rows 7 and 8. All bladder related measurements from CID 12011 will be present under the group 'Bladder' as shown in the rows from 9.

9	>	CONTAINS	NUM	(12145-9, LN, "Endometrium Thickness")	✓	This measurement is from CID 12011, "Ultrasound Pelvic and Uterus".
10	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	EV (T-74000, SRT, "Bladder")	✓	DITD 5016 (LWH Volume Group) is included. Bladder volume, length and width measurements are inserted. Group Name is 'Bladder'
11	>>	CONTAINS	NUM	(C12011-04, 99PMSBLUS, "Bladder Volume")	√	This row is inserted as part of TID 300 (Measurement) invocation. HDII automatically calculates the volume based on L,W and H measurements.
12	>>	CONTAINS	NUM	(C12011-01, 99PMSBLUS, "Bladder Length")	✓	This row is inserted as part of TID 300 (Measurement) invocation Similar to rows 11,12 and 13, the concepts for Bladder Width and Bladder Height are added too. These concepts are: (C12011-02, 99PMSBLUS, "Bladder Width") and (C12011-03, 99PMSBLUS, "Bladder Height")

13	>> >	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	"Derived"	√	This will have a value 'Mean' IFF the average measurement instance is used in calculations.
14	>> >	HAS PROPERTIES	CODE	Selection Status	✓	This will have a value 'Mean Value Chosen' if the Derivation is 'Mean'. In all other cases, this will have a value, 'User Chosen Value'.
15	>> >	INFERRED FROM	IMAGE	ReferencedConte ntltemIdentifier	√	Refers to the image on which this measurement was done.
16	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	EV (T-74000, SRT, "Bladder")	✓	DITD 5016 (LWH Volume Group) is included. Post Void Bladder volume, length and width measurements are inserted. Group Name is 'Bladder'
17	>>	CONTAINS	NUM	(C12011-08, 99PMSBLUS, "Post Void Bladder Volume")	√	This row is inserted as part of TID 300 (Measurement) invocation. HDII automatically calculates the volume based on L,W and H measurements.

18	>>	CONTAINS	NUM	(C12011-05, 99PMSBLUS, "Post Void Bladder Length")	√	This row is inserted as part of TID 300 (Measurement) invocation Similar to rows 16,17 and 18, the concepts for Post Void Bladder Width and Post Void Bladder Height are added too. These concepts are: (C12011-06, 99PMSBLUS, "Post Void Bladder Width") and (C12011-07, 99PMSBLUS, "Post Void Bladder Height")
19	>> >	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	"Derived"	✓	This will have a value 'Mean' IFF the average measurement instance is used in calculations.
20	>> >	HAS PROPERTIES	CODE	Selection Status	✓	This will have a value 'Mean Value Chosen' if the Derivation is 'Mean'. In all other cases, this will have a value, 'User Chosen Value'.
21	>> >	INFERRED FROM	IMAGE	ReferencedConte ntltemIdentifier	✓	Refers to the image on which this measurement was done.

A.2.2.10.1 CID 12011 Ultrasound Pelvis And Uterus

HDII uses a private extension to CID 12011 to define new concepts for Bladder related measurements. Following table shows the details.

CSD	CV	СМ
LN	11961-0	Cervix Length
LN	12145-9	Endometrium Thickness
99PMSBLUS	C12011-01	Bladder Length
99PMSBLUS	C12011-02	Bladder Width
99PMSBLUS	C12011-03	Bladder Height
99PMSBLUS	C12011-04	Bladder Volume
99PMSBLUS	C12011-05	Post Void Bladder Length
99PMSBLUS	C12011-06	Post Void Bladder Width
99PMSBLUS	C12011-07	Post Void Bladder Height
99PMSBLUS	C12011-08	Post Void Bladder Volume

A.2.2.11 Ovaries Section (TID 5012)

No	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	DT (121070, DCM, "Findings")	√	
2	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-C0E3, SRT, "Finding Site")	✓	DT (T-87000, SRT, "Ovary")

3	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	EV (T-87000, SRT, "Ovary")	✓	DITD 5016 (LWH Volume Group) is included. Left ovary volume, length and width measurements are inserted. Group name is 'Ovary'
4	>>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (12164-0, LN, "Left Ovary Volume")	✓	This row is inserted as part of TID 300 (Measurement) invocation. HDII automatically calculates the volume based on L, W and H measurements.
5	>>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (11840-6, LN, "Left Ovary Length")	✓	This row is inserted as part of TID 300 (Measurement) invocation. Similar to rows 5, 6 and 7, the concepts for Ovary Height and Ovary Width are added too. These concepts are: EV (11857-0, LN," Left Ovary Height") and EV (11829-9,LN, "Left Ovary Width")
6	>> >	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	"Derived"	✓	This will have a value "Mean" IFF the average measurement instance is used in calculations.
7	>> >	HAS PROPERTIES	CODE	Selection Status	√	This will have a value 'Mean Value Chosen' if the Derivation is 'Mean'. In all other cases, this will have a value, 'User Chosen Value'.

1	>> >	INFERRED FROM	IMAGE	ReferencedConte ntltemIdentifier	✓	Refers to the image on which this measurement was done.
						Similarly DITD 5016 (LWH Volume Group) is included for Right ovary volume, length and width measurements. The related concepts codes are – \$GroupName = EV (T-87000, SRT, "Ovary") \$Width = EV (11830-7, LN, "Right Ovary Width") \$Length = EV (11841-4, LN, "Right Ovary Length") \$Height = EV (11858-8, LN, "Right Ovary Height") \$Volume= EV (12165-7, LN, "Right Ovary Volume")

A.2.2.12 Follicles Section (TID 5013)

SR Document may contain two instances of the Follicles section. First instance is included for left ovarian follicles and the second instance is included for right ovarian follicle. Laterality concept modifier will be used accordingly. Measurements for up to 16 follicles may be included in this section.

No	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
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I			CONTAINER	DT (121070, DCM, "Findings")	✓	
2	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-C0E3, SRT, "Finding Site")	✓	DT (T-87600, SRT, "Ovarian Follicle")
3	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-C171, SRT, "Laterality")	✓	EV (G-A101, SRT, "Left") OR EV (G-A100, SRT, "Right")
4	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (11879-4, LN, "Number of follicles in left ovary") OR EV (11880-2, LN, "Number of follicles in right ovary")	✓	Number of follicles in the ovary.
5	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	EV (125007, DCM, "Measurement Group")	√	Template TID 5014 (Follicle Measurement Group) is included.
6	>>	HAS OBS CONTEXT	TEXT	EV (12510, DCM, "Identifier")	✓	HDII uses numbers "I", "2", "3" up to "I6" to identify the follicle Row 6, 7 and 8 are added per follicle measurement.
7	>>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (G-D705, SRT, "Volume")	√	This is inserted as part of TID 300 invocation. HDII automatically calculates the volume based on the follicle diameter.

8	>>	CONTAINS	NUM	(11793-7, LN, "Follicle diameter")	✓	This is inserted as part of TID 300 invocation.

A.2.2.13 OB-GYN Fetus Vascular Ultrasound Measurement Group (TID 5025)

No	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	EV (T-F6800, SRT, "Embryonic Vascular Structure")	✓	
2	>	HAS OBS CONTEXT	TEXT	EV (11951-1,LN, "Fetus ID")	✓	Will be present if more than one fetus.
3	>	CONTAINS	NUM	Measurement of selected fetal vascular anatomic location.	✓	Measurement types from TID 12119 (Vascular Ultrasound Property) for the anatomical locations specified in CID 12141 (Fetal Vasculature Anatomic Locations) are used.

A.2.2.13.1 Fetus Vascular Measurements used in HD11

HDII uses a private extension to CID 12141 to define a new fetal vascular anatomical location for 'Ductus Venosus'. Also, the anatomical location 'Umbilical Artery' defined in CID 12140 ('Pelvic Vasculature Anatomic Location') has been included in CID 12141 as HDII considers this as Fetus measurement rather than Pelvic measurement.

Following table shows the extension to Fetal Vasculature Anatomical Locations (CID 12141) used by HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ
99PMSBLUS	C12141-01	Ductus Venosus
SRT	T-F1810	Umbilical Artery

Following table shows the fetus vascular measurements (and calculations) used in HDII as part of TID 5025.

HDII Measurement	Measurement Type from CID 12119 and it's includes.	Vascular Anatomic Location from CID 12141
Diastolic Velocity (Ductus Venosus)	(LN, 11653-3, Diastolic Velocity)	(99PMSBLUS, C12141-01, Ductus Venosus)
Systolic Velocity (Ductus Venosus)	(LN, 11726-7, Peak Systolic Velocity)	(99PMSBLUS, C12141-01, Ductus Venosus)
Time Averaged Peak Velocity (Ductus Venosus)	(LN, 11692-1, Time averaged peak velocity)	(99PMSBLUS, C12141-01, Ductus Venosus)
Diastolic Velocity (Umbilical Artery)	(LN, 11653-3, Diastolic Velocity)	(SRT, T-F180, Umbilical Artery)
Systolic Velocity (Umbilical Artery)	(LN, 11726-7, Peak Systolic Velocity)	(SRT, T-F180, Umbilical Artery)
Time Averaged Peak Velocity (Umbilical Artery)	(LN, 11692-1, Time averaged peak velocity)	(SRT, T-F180, Umbilical Artery)

Diastolic Velocity (Middle Cerebral Artery)	(LN, 11653-3, Diastolic Velocity)	(SRT, T-45600, Middle Cerebral Artery)
Systolic Velocity (Middle Cerebral Artery)	(LN, 11726-7, Peak Systolic Velocity)	(SRT, T-45600, Middle Cerebral Artery)
Time Averaged Peak Velocity (Middle Cerebral Artery)	(LN, 11692-1, Time averaged peak velocity)	(SRT, T-45600, Middle Cerebral Artery)
Pulsatility Index (Ductus Venosus)	(LN, 12008-9, Pulsatility Index)	(99PMSBLUS, C12141-01, Ductus Venosus)
Resistivity Index (Ductus Venosus)	(LN, 12023-8, Resistivity Index)	(99PMSBLUS, C12141-01, Ductus Venosus)
Systolic to Diastolic Ratio (Ductus Venosus)	(LN, 12144-2, Systolic to Diastolic Velocity Ratio)	(99PMSBLUS, C12141-01, Ductus Venosus)
Pulsatility Index (Middle Cerebral Artery)	(LN, 12008-9, Pulsatility Index)	(SRT, T-45600, Middle Cerebral Artery)
Resistivity Index (Middle Cerebral Artery)	(LN, 12023-8, Resistivity Index)	(SRT, T-45600, Middle Cerebral Artery)
Systolic to Diastolic Ratio (Middle Cerebral Artery)	(LN, 12144-2, Systolic to Diastolic Velocity Ratio)	(SRT, T-45600, Middle Cerebral Artery)

Pulsatility Index (Umbilical Artery)	(LN, 12008-9, Pulsatility Index)	(SRT, T-F180, Umbilical Artery)
Resistivity Index (Umbilical Artery)	(LN, 12023-8, Resistivity Index)	(SRT, T-F180, Umbilical Artery)
Systolic to Diastolic Ratio (Umbilical Artery)	(LN, 12144-2, Systolic to Diastolic Velocity Ratio)	(SRT, T-F180, Umbilical Artery)

A.2.2.14 OB-GYN Pelvic Vascular Ultrasound Measurement Group (TID 5026)

No	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	EV (T-D6007, SRT, "Pelvic Vascular Structure")	✓	
2	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-C171, SRT "Laterality")	✓	Laterality is used only if the measurement needs to be qualified with the laterality of the anatomy.

3	۸	CONTAINS	NUM	Measurement of selected pelvic vascular anatomic location.	✓	Measurement types from TID 12119 (Vascular Ultrasound Property) for the anatomical locations specified in CID 12140 (Pelvic Vasculature Anatomic Locations) are used.
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A.2.2.14.1 Pelvic Vascular Measurements used in HD11

Following table shows the pelvic vascular measurements (and calculations) used in HDII as part of TID 5026.

HDII Measurement	Measurement Type from CID 12119 and it's includes.	Vascular Anatomic Location from CID 12140
Diastolic Velocity (Left Ovarian Artery)	(LN, 11653-3, Diastolic Velocity)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery) \$Laterality = Left
Systolic Velocity (Left Ovarian Artery)	(LN, 11726-7, Peak Systolic Velocity)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery) \$Laterality = Left
Time Averaged Peak Velocity (Left Ovarian Artery)	(LN, 11692-1, Time averaged peak velocity)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery) \$Laterality = Left
Diastolic Velocity (Right Ovarian Artery)	(LN, 11653-3, Diastolic Velocity)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery) \$Laterality = Right
Systolic Velocity (Right Ovarian Artery)	(LN, 11726-7, Peak Systolic Velocity)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery) \$Laterality = Right
Time Averaged Peak Velocity (Right Ovarian Artery)	(LN, 11692-1, Time averaged peak velocity)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery) \$Laterality = Right

Diastolic Velocity (Uterine Artery)	(LN, 11653-3, Diastolic Velocity)	(SRT, T-46820, Uterine Artery)
Systolic Velocity (Uterine Artery)	(LN, 11726-7, Peak Systolic Velocity)	(SRT, T-46820, Uterine Artery)
Time Averaged Peak Velocity (Uterine Artery)	(LN, 11692-1, Time averaged peak velocity)	(SRT, T-46820, Uterine Artery)
Pulsatility Index (Left Ovarian Artery)	(LN, 12008-9, Pulsatility Index)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery) \$Laterality = Left
Resistivity Index (Left Ovarian Artery)	(LN, 12023-8, Resistivity Index)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery)
	,	\$Laterality = Left
Systolic to Diastolic Ratio (Left Ovarian	(LN, 12144-2, Systolic to Diastolic Velocity Ratio)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery)
Artery)	, ,	\$Laterality = Left
Pulsatility Index (Right Ovarian Artery)	(LN, 12008-9, Pulsatility Index)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery)
	,	\$Laterality = Left
Resistivity Index (Right Ovarian Artery)	(LN, 12023-8, Resistivity Index)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery)
	,	\$Laterality = Right
Systolic to Diastolic Ratio (Right Ovarian	(LN, 12144-2, Systolic to Diastolic Velocity Ratio)	(SRT, T-46980, Ovarian Artery)
Artery)		\$Laterality = Right
Pulsatility Index (Uterine Artery)	(LN, 12008-9, Pulsatility Index)	(SRT, T-46820, Uterine Artery)
Resistivity Index (Uterine Artery)	(LN, 12023-8, Resistivity Index)	(SRT, T-46820, Uterine Artery)
Systolic to Diastolic Ratio (Uterine Artery)	(LN, 12144-2, Systolic to Diastolic Velocity Ratio)	(SRT, T-46820, Uterine Artery)

A.2.2.15 Gestation Age Equations & Tables used in HD11

CSD	CV	Code Meaning
LN	11885-1	Gestational Age by LMP
LN	11884-4	Average Ultrasound Age
LN	11892-7	AC, Hadlock 1984
LN	11902-4	BPD, Hadlock 1984
LN	11905-7	BPD, Jeanty 1984
LN	33082-9	BPD, Osaka 1989
LN	33085-2	BPD, Tokyo 1986
LN	11917-2	CRL, Jeanty 1984
LN	33093-6	CRL, Osaka 1989
LN	33094-4	CRL, Rempen 1991
LN	11914-9	CRL, Robinson 1975
LN	33096-9	CRL, Tokyo 1986
LN	11920-6	FL, Hadlock 1984
LN	11923-0	FL, Jeanty 1984
LN	33101-7	FL, Osaka 1989
LN	33103-3	FL, Tokyo 1986
LN	11929-7	GS, Rempen 1991
LN	33108-2	GS, Tokyo 1986
LN	11932-1	HC, Hadlock 1984
LN	11934-7	HC, Jeanty 1984
LN	33117-3	Humerus Length, Osaka 1989
LN	33127-2	Spine Length, Tokyo, 1989
LN	11941-2	Tibia, Jeanty 1984

LN	33135-5	TCD, Nimrod 1986
LN	33138-9	Fetal Trunk Cross Sectional
		Area, Osaka 1989
LN	11944-6	Ulna, Jeanty 1984

A.2.2.16 OB Fetal Body Weight Equations & Tables used in HD11

CSD	CV	Code Meaning
LN	11738-2	EFW by AC, BPD, Hadlock 1984
LN	11735-8	EFW by AC, BPD, FL, Hadlock 1985
LN	11732-5	EFW by AC, BPD, FL, HC, Hadlock 1985
LN	11751-5	EFW by AC, FL, Hadlock 1985
LN	11746-5	EFW by AC, FL, HC, Hadlock 1985
LN	11739-0	EFW by AC and BPD, Shepard 1982
LN	33140-5	EFW by BPD, FTA, FL, Osaka 1990
LN	33144-7	EFW by BPD, APAD, TAD, FL, Tokyo 1987

A.2 Cardiac structured report template

HDII implements the Cardiac template (TID 5200) from the DICOM standard, part 16. This appendix describes the scope and manner that HDII measurements appear in DICOM SR.

Measurements and calculations performed for cardiac studies will lead to creation of "Echocardiography Procedure Report" structured report document. Measurements can be performed by pressing the 'Calc' key on HDII control panel. Measurements and calculations available in the menu can be configured through the setup application. It is also possible to configure the measurement unit (Metric or U.S).

All concepts with value type (VT) NUM will always have a 'MeasurementUnitCodeSequence' that specifies the unit of the measurement. The CSD for all units will be UCUM (Unified Code for Units) and CV and CM will be based on application configuration and will confirm to UCUM standards.

A.2.1 Template specific conformance for TID 5200

The template for the root of the content tree for TID 5200 and its use in the HDII context is described in the following table.

N 0	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	EV (125200, DCM, "Adult Echocardiography Procedure Report")	√	This is the root 'CONTAINER'
2	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	INCLUDE	DTID (1204) Language of Content Item and Descendants	x	This module is not used in HDII at present.

3	>	HAS OBS CONTEXT	INCLUDE	DTID (1001) Observation Context	x	Although DICOM specifies this as a mandatory section, none of the attributes under DTID 1001 are mandatory.
4	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5201) Echocardiography Patient Characteristics	✓	Refer A.2.3 for HDII usage of this.
5	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	DT (111028, DCM, "Image Library")	✓	Contains list of 'IMAGE' items on which the measurements have been performed. Subsequent measurement concept content items refer to these IMAGE items using INFERRED FROM relationship.
6	>>	CONTAINS	IMAGE	No purpose of reference	✓	One or more 'IMAGE' items on which the measurements have been performed.
7	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (T5200-03) Echo Procedure Summary Section	✓	Refer to A.2.2 for HD11 usage of this.
8	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5202) Echo Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12200 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Left Ventricle', refer to A.2.7 for HD11 usage of this.
9	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5202) Echo Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12204 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Right Ventricle', refer to A.2.11 for HD11 usage of this.
10	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5202) Echo Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12205 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Left Atrium', refer to A.2.12 for HDII usage of this.

11	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5202) Echo Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12206 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Right Atrium', refer to A.2.13 for HD11 usage of this.
12	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5202) Echo Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12211 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Aortic Valve', refer to A.2.17 for HD11 usage of this.
13	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5202) Echo Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12207 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Mitral Valve', refer to A.2.14 for HDII usage of this.
14	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5202) Echo Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12209 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Pulmonic Valve', refer to A.2.16 for HD11 usage of this.
15	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5202) Echo Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12208 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Tricuspid Valve', refer to A.2.15 for HD11 usage of this.
16	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5202) Echo Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12212 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Aorta', refer to A.2.18 for HDII usage of this.
17	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	DTID (5202) Echo Section	✓	Concepts in CID 12217 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Cardiac Shunt Study', refer to A.2.19 for HD11 usage of this.
18	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	DTID (5204) Wall Motion Analysis	✓	This section is used to include all Wall Motion Analysis related details. Refer to A.2.6 for more details.
19	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	DTID (5202) Echo Section	✓	Concepts in CID 99200 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Left Heart', refer to A.2.32 for HDII usage of this.

20	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	DTID (5202) Echo Section	√	Concepts in CID 99200 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Right Heart', refer to A.2.32 for HDII usage of this.
21	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	DTID (5202) Echo Section	√	Concepts in CID 99201 will be used with \$SectionSubject as 'Patent Ductus Arteriosis', refer to A.2.33 for HDII usage of this.

A.2.2 Echo Procedure Summary Section (TID 5200-03)

This is a privately defined template to put all the observations, findings and comments entered for the cardiac study in the reporting screen. The following table describes the use of this template in the context of HDII.

N 0	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	DT (121111, DCM, "Summary")	√	
2	^	CONTAINS	TEXT	EV (121106, DCM, "Comment")	√	This field contains all observations, findings (only the Finding text value preceded by the Finding Group Name) and the comments entered in the reporting screen on the HDII.

A.2.3 Echocardiography Patient Characteristics (TID 5201)

Use of the template TID 5201 in the context of HDII is described in the following table.

N		REL WITH	VT			
o	NL	PARENT	, .	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	EV (121118, DCM, "Patient Characteristics")	✓	
2	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (121033, DCM, "Subject Age")	√	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen or from the MWL. Concepts from the DCID 7456 are used for putting the units for age.
3	>	CONTAINS	CODE	EV (121032, DCM, "Subject Sex")	√	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen or from the MWL and the corresponding Concepts are taken from the DCID 7455.
4	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (8867-4, LN, "Heart Rate")	√	Value is taken from the Heart Rate study attribute value entered in HD11 reporting application.
5	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (F008EC, SRT, "Systolic Blood Pressure")	✓	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen.
6	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (F008ED, SRT, "Diastolic Blood Pressure")	✓	Value is taken from PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen.
7	>	CONTAINS	NUM	EV (8277-6, LN, "Body Surface Area")	✓	Value automatically calculated by the HDII system based on the Height and Weight values entered on PDE (Patient Data Entry) screen.
8	>>	INFERRED FROM	CODE	EV (8248-4, LN, "Body Surface Area Formula")	x	This value is not used in HDII at present.

A.2.4 Echo Section (TID 5202)

This template is invoked multiple times by passing different section subjects as 'Finding Site' value. Use of the template TID 5202 in the context of HDII is described in the following table.

N		REL WITH	VT			
o	NL	PARENT		Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAIN ER	EV (121070, DCM, "Findings")	✓	
2	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-C0E3, SRT, "Finding Site")	✓	Value passed in the parameter \$SectionSubject is given here.
3	>	CONTAINS	CONTAIN ER	DT (125007, DCM, "Measurement Group")	✓	
4	>>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-0373, SRT,"Image Mode")	x	This value is not used in HDII at present.
5	>>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	DT (125203,DCM,"A cquisition Protocol")	×	This value is not used in HDII at present.
6	>	CONTAINS	INCLUDE	DTID (5203) Echo Measurement	✓	This template is invoked multiple times for all the measurements done on the \$SectionSubject. Refer to section A.2.5 for details of HDII usage of this.

A.2.5 Echo Measurement (TID 5203)

Use of the template TID 5203 in the context of HDII is described in the following table.

N o	NL	REL WITH PARENT	VT	Concept Name	Used	Comments
					in HDII	
I			INCLUDE	DTID (300) Measurement	✓	
2	>>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-C036, SRT, "Measurement Method")	√	This row is used only if the measurement or calculation this template is invoked with mandates it. Otherwise this row is not used. The values are taken from the BCID 12227.
3	>>	INFERRED FROM	IMAGE	ReferencedContent ItemIdentifier	✓	Refers to the image on which this measurement was done.
4	>>	INFERRED FROM	NUM	ReferencedContent ItemIdentifier	✓	This row is used only if the measurement or calculation this template is invoked with is of type MOD Volume measurements. In this case, reference to those twenty Left Ventricle MOD Diam entries, based on which this volume measurement is calculated is given here.
	>>	HAS PROPERTIES	CODE	EV (121404, DCM, "Selection Status")	✓	This will have a value 'Mean Value Chosen' if the Derivation is 'Mean'. In all other cases, this will have a value, 'User Chosen Value'.

5	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-C048, SRT, "Flow Direction")	✓	This row is used only if the measurement or calculation this template is invoked with mandates it. Otherwise this row is not used. The values are taken from the BCID 12221.
6	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (R-40899, SRT, "Respiratory Cycle Point")	x	This value is not used in HDII at present.
7	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (R-4089A, SRT,"Cardiac Cycle Point")	√	IFF \$Measurement = (99PMSBLUS, C12201-01, "Left Ventricle MOD Diam")
8	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-0373, SRT, "Image Mode")	√	This row is used only if the measurement or calculation this template is invoked with mandates it. Otherwise this row is not used. The values are taken from the BCID 12224.
9	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (111031, DCM, "Image View")	✓	This row is used only if the measurement or calculation this template is invoked with mandates it. Otherwise this row is not used. The values are taken from the BCID 12226.
10	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	TEXT	EV (99PMSBLUS, T5203-01, "Simpson's Disk Number")	√	IFF \$Measurement = (99PMSBLUS, C12201-01, "Left Ventricle MOD Diam")

A.2.6 Wall Motion Analysis (TID 5204)

This template is invoked as many times as the number of the Wall Motion stages done for the stress study. Use of the template TID 5204 in the context of HDII is described in the following table.

Ν		REL WITH	VT			
0	NL	PARENT	*1	Concept Name	Used in HDII	Comments
I			CONTAINER	EV (121070, DCM, "Findings")	✓	
2	>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (121058, DCM, "Procedure reported")	✓	DT (P5-B3121, SRT, "Echocardiography for Determining Ventricular Contraction")
3	>	HAS ACQ CONTEXT	CODE	EV (LN, 18139-6, "Stage")	×	This value is not used in HDII at present.
4	>	CONTAINS	IMAGE	EV (125201, DCM, "Illustration of Finding")	х	This value is not used in HDII at present.
5	>	CONTAINS	TEXT	EV (LN, 18118-0, "LV Wall Motion Segmental Findings")	x	This value is not used in HDII at present.
6	>	CONTAINS	NUM	DT (125202, DCM, "LV Wall Motion Score Index")	✓	HDII computes the Wall Motion Score index from the assessment done on the Wall segments for that particular stage.
7	>>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-E048, SRT, "Assessment Scale")	✓	HDII uses the 5 Point Segment Finding Scale for Wall motion score index. Concept from BCID 12238 is used here.
8	>	CONTAINS	CONTAINER	EV (121070, DCM, "Findings")	√	
9	>>	HAS CONCEPT MOD	CODE	EV (G-C0E3, SRT, "Finding Site")	√	DT (T-D0772, SRT, "Myocardial Wall")

10	>>	CONTAINS	CODE	EV (LN, 18179-2, "Wall Segment")	✓	HD11 performs Wall motion analysis based on 16-segment assessment. Concepts for the segments are taken from the BCID 3717.
П	>> >	HAS PROPERTIES	CODE	EV (F-32050, SRT, "Cardiac Wall Motion")	√	Concepts from DCID 3703 are used here. This row will be present only if row 12 is absent.
12	>> >	HAS PROPERTIES	CODE	EV (G-C504, SRT, "Associated Morphology")	√	Concepts from DCID 3704 are used here. This row will be present only if row 11 is absent.
13	>> >	HAS PROPERTIES	NUM	DT (G-C1E3, SRT, "Score")	✓	

A.2.7 CID 12200 Echocardiography Left Ventricle

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12200 (and the includes of CID 12200), which can be performed on HDII.

Code Scheme	Code Value	Concept Name			
INCLUDE C	ID 12220 Echocardiography	Common Measurements			
INCLUDE C	ID 12201 Left Ventricle Line	ear			
INCLUDE C	INCLUDE CID 12240 Left Ventricle Area				
INCLUDE C	INCLUDE CID 12202 Left Ventricle Volume				
INCLUDE C	INCLUDE CID 12222 Orifice Flow Properties				
INCLUDE CID 12203 Left Ventricle Other					
INCLUDE CID 12239 Cardiac Output Properties					

A.2.8 CID 12201 Left Ventricle Linear

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12201, which can be performed on HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ
LN	29436-3	Left Ventricle Internal End Diastolic Dimension
LN	29438-9	Left Ventricle Internal Systolic Dimension
LN	18051-3	Left Ventricular Fractional Shortening
LN	18154-5	Interventricular Septum Diastolic Thickness
LN	18158-6	Interventricular Septum Systolic Thickness
LN	18077-8	Left Ventricle diastolic major axis
LN	18076-0	Left Ventricle systolic major axis
LN	18156-0	Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Systolic Thickness
LN	18152-9	Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Diastolic Thickness
99PMSBLUS	C12201-01	Left Ventricle MOD Diam

A.2.9 CID 12202 - Left Ventricle Volume

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12202, which can be performed on HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ
LN	18026-5	Left Ventricular End Diastolic Volume
LN	18148-7	Left Ventricular End Systolic Volume
LN	18043-0	Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction

A.2.10CID 12203 – Left Ventricle Other

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12203, which can be performed on HD11.

CSD CV	СМ
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LN	18087-7	Left Ventricle Mass
LN	18071-1	Left Ventricular Isovolumic Relaxation Time

A.2.11 CID 12204 - Echocardiography Right Ventricle

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12204 (and the includes of 12204), which can be performed on HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ			
INCLUDE CID	INCLUDE CID 12220 Echocardiography Common Measurements				
INCLUDE CID	12222 Orific	e Flow Properties			
INCLUDE CID	INCLUDE CID 12239 Cardiac Output Properties				
LN	20304-2	Right Ventricular Internal Diastolic Dimension			
SRT	G-0380	Right Ventricular Peak Systolic Pressure			
LN	18153-7	Right Ventricular Anterior Wall Diastolic Thickness			

A.2.12 CID 12205 – Echocardiography Left Atrium

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12205 (and the includes of 12205), which can be performed on HD11.

CSD CV		СМ
INCLUDE CID 12220 Echocardiography Common Measurements		
LN	29469-4	Left Atrium Antero-posterior Systolic Dimension
LN	17985-3	Left Atrium to Aortic Root Ratio

A.2.13 CID 12206 – Echocardiography Right Atrium

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12206 (and the includes of 12206), which can be performed on HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ			
INCLUDE CID	INCLUDE CID 12220 Echocardiography Common Measurements				
LN	18070-3	Right Atrium Systolic Pressure			

A.2.14 CID 12207 – Echocardiography Mitral Valve

Apart from the below measurements, HDII defines an extension of CID 12207 to include additional Concepts for Mitral valve as shown below.

CSD	CV	СМ				
INCLUDE CID 12	INCLUDE CID 12220 Echocardiography Common Measurements					
INCLUDE CID 12	INCLUDE CID 12222 Orifice Flow Properties					
INCLUDE CID 12	239 Cardiac	Output Properties				
LN	17978-8	Mitral Valve A-Wave Peak Velocity				
LN	18037-2	Mitral Valve E-Wave Peak Velocity				
LN	18038-0	Mitral Valve E to A Ratio				
LN	18040-6	Mitral Valve E-F Slope by M-Mode				
LN	18036-4	Mitral Valve EPSS, E wave				
99PMSBLUS	C12207- 01	Mitral Valve D-E Excursion				
99PMSBLUS	C12207- 06	Mitral Valve Flow Area				

A.2.15 CID 12208 - Echocardiography Tricuspid Valve

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12208 (and the includes of 12208), which can be performed on HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ			
INCLUDE CID 12	INCLUDE CID 12220 Echocardiography Common Measurements				
INCLUDE CID 12	INCLUDE CID 12222 Orifice Flow Properties				
LN	20296-0	Time from Q wave to Tricuspid Valve Opens			

A.2.16 CID 12209 – Echocardiography Pulmonic Valve

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12209 (and the includes of 12209), which can be performed on HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ
INCLUDE CID 12220 Echocardiography Common Measurements		
INCLUDE CID 12222 Orifice Flow Properties		
LN	20295-2	Time from Q wave to Pulmonic Valve Closes

A.2.17 CID 12211 – Echocardiography Aortic Valve

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12211 (and the includes of 12211), which can be performed on HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ
INCLUDE CID	12220 Echoc	ardiography Common Measurements
INCLUDE CID 12222 Orifice Flow Properties		
LN	17996-0	Aortic Valve Cusp Separation

A.2.18 CID 12212 – Echocardiography Aorta

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12212 (and the includes of 12212), which can be performed on HDII.

CSD	CV	СМ
INCLUDE CID	12220 Echoo	ardiography Common Measurements
LN	18015-8	Aortic Root Diameter
LN	18012-5	Ascending Aortic Diameter

A.2.19 CID 12217 - Echocardiography Cardiac Shunt

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12217 (and the includes of 12217), which can be performed on HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ
INCLUDE CID 12220 Echocardiography Common Measurements		
LN	29462-9	Pulmonary-to-Systemic Shunt Flow Ratio

A.2.20 CID 12220 - Echocardiography Common Measurements

This section lists the measurements and associated calculations from CID12220, which can be performed on HDII.

CSD	CV	СМ
LN	8867-4	Heart rate

A.2.21 CID 12221 - Flow Direction

This section lists the Flow direction from CID1222, which are used by HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ
SRT	R-42047	Antegrade Flow
SRT	R-42E61	Regurgitant Flow

A.2.22 CID 12222 - Orifice Flow Properties

Apart from below concepts, HDII defines an extension of CID 12222 to include few more Orifice Flow property concepts.

CSD	CV	СМ
LN	33878-0	Volume Flow
LN	34141-2	Peak Instantaneous Flow Rate
SRT	G-038E	Cardiovascular Orifice Area
SRT	G-038F	Cardiovascular Orifice Diameter
SRT	G-0390	Regurgitant Fraction
LN	11726-7	Peak Velocity
LN	20352-1	Mean Velocity
LN	20247-3	Peak Gradient
LN	20256-4	Mean Gradient
LN	20354-7	Velocity Time Integral

LN	20280-4	Pressure Half-Time
LN	20168-1	Acceleration Time
LN	20217-6	Deceleration Time
LN	20216-8	Deceleration Slope
99PMSBLUS	C12222-01	Flow Radius
99PMSBLUS	C12222-02	Alias Velocity
99PMSBLUS	C12222-03	Pressure Half-Time Peak velocity
99PMSBLUS	C12222-04	Minimum Velocity

A.2.23 CID 12223 – Echocardiography Stroke Volume Origin

This section lists the concepts from CID12223, which are used by HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ
SNM3	T-32600	Left Ventricle
SNM3	T-35300	Mitral Valve
SNM3	T-42000	Aorta
SNM3	T-32650	Left Ventricle Outflow Tract
SNM3	T-32550	Right Ventricle Outflow Tract

A.2.24 CID 12224 - Ultrasound Image Modes

This section lists the Image modes from CID12224, which are used by HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ
SRT	G-03A2	2D mode
SRT	G-0394	M mode

A.2.25 CID 12226 – Echocardiography Image View

This section lists the Image views from CID12226, which are used by HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ
SRT	G-A19B	Apical two chamber

SRT	G-A19C	Apical four chamber
SRT	G-039B	Parasternal short axis at the Papillary Muscle level
SRT	G-039A	Parasternal short axis at the Mitral Valve level

A.2.26 CID 12228 - Volume Methods

Apart from using the below concepts for Volume methods, HDII also extends the CID 12228 with two more concepts as given in the table.

CSD	CV	СМ	
DCM	125205	Area-Length Single Plane	
DCM	125226	Single Plane Ellipse	
DCM	125206	Cube Method	
DCM	125207	Method of Disks, Biplane	
DCM	125208	Method of Disks, Single Plane	
DCM	125209	Teichholz	
DCM	125211	Biplane Ellipse	
99PMSBLUS	C12228-01	Bullet	
99PMSBLUS	C12228-02	Method of Disks, Simpson	

A.2.27 CID 12229 - Area Methods

This section lists the area methods from CID12229, which are used by HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ	
DCM	125214	Continuity Equation by Peak Velocity	
DCM	125215	Continuity Equation by Velocity Time Integral	
DCM	125216	Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area	

A.2.28 CID 12231 – Volume Flow Methods

This section lists the volume flow methods from CID12231, which are used by HD11.

	CSD	CV	СМ	
--	-----	----	----	--

DCM 125216	Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area
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A.2.29 CID 12238 – Wall Motion Scoring Schemes

This section lists the Wall Motion scoring scheme from CID12238, which are used by HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ	
DCM	125224	5 Point Segment Finding Scale	

A.2.30 CID 12239 - Cardiac Output Properties

This section lists the Cardiac Output properties from CID12239, which are used by HD11.

CSD	СВ	СМ	
SRT	F-32120	Stroke Volume	
SRT	F-32100	Cardiac Output	

A.2.31 CID 12240 – Left Ventricle Area

This section lists the Left Ventricle area from CID12240, which are used by HD11.

CSD	CV	СМ	
SRT	G-0374	Left Ventricular Systolic Area	
SRT	G-0375	Left Ventricular Diastolic Area	
SRT	G-0379	Left Ventricle Epicardial Diastolic Area, psax pap view	
SRT	G-0376	Left Ventricular Fractional Area Change	

A.2.32 CID 99200 – Heart Measurements

HDII uses a private context group CID 99200 to define the concepts for measurements related to heart in general. Following table shows the concepts present in this CID.

CSD	CV	CM	
99PMSBLUS	C99200-01	Left Heart Maximum Velocity	
99PMSBLUS	C99200-02	Right Heart Maximum Velocity	

99PMSBLUS	C99200-03	Left Heart Maximum Diameter
99PMSBLUS	C99200-04	Right Heart Maximum Diameter

A.2.33 CID 99201 – Ductus Arteriosis Measurements

HDII uses a private context group CID 99201 to define the concepts for measurements related to Ductus Arteriosis. Following table shows the concepts present in this CID.

CSD	CV	СМ	
99PMSBLUS	C99201-01	Ductus Arteriosis Flow Velocity	
99PMSBLUS	C99201-02	Ductus Arteriosis Dimension	

A.2.34 Mapping between HD11 measurements and DICOM Concepts.

A.2.34.1 Left Ventricle Measurements

HD11 Labe	l Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
LVIDd	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	
		<cv>29436-3</cv>	
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricle Internal End</cm></pre>	
		Diastolic Dimension	
LVIDs	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	
		<cv>29438-9</cv>	
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricle Internal Systolic</cm></pre>	
		Dimension	
LVPWd	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	
		<cv>18152-9</cv>	
		<cm>Left Ventricle Posterior Wall</cm>	
	T C XI	Diastolic Thickness	
LVPWs	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	
		<pre><cv>18156-0</cv></pre>	
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricle Posterior Wall</cm></pre>	
IVSd	Left Ventricle	Systolic Thickness <csd>LN</csd>	
1 v Su	Leit ventricie	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>18154-5</cv>	
		<pre><cv>16134-3</cv> <cm>Interventricular Septum Diastolic</cm></pre>	
		Thickness	
IVSs	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	
1 4 55	Lott vontriolo	<cv>18158-6</cv>	
		<cm>Interventricular Septum Systolic</cm>	
		Thickness	
LV mean PG	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Finding Site = Left ventricle outflow tract
		<cv>20256-4</cv>	
		<cm>Mean Gradient</cm>	
LV V1 max	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Finding Site = Left ventricle outflow tract
		<cv>11726-7</cv>	
		<cm>Peak Velocity</cm>	
LV V1 VTI	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Finding Site = Left ventricle outflow tract
		<cv>20354-7</cv>	-
		<cm>Velocity Time Integral</cm>	
EDV (MOD-	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Image Mode = $2D$
sp2)		<cv>18026-5</cv>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricular End Diastolic</cm></pre>	Single Plane
		Volume	Image View = Apical two Chamber
	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	$Image\ Mode = 2D$
sp4)		<cv>18026-5</cv>	Measurement Method = Method of Disk,
		<cm>Left Ventricular End Diastolic</cm>	Single plane
		Volume	Image View = Apical four Chamber

HD11 Label	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
LVAd ap2	Left Ventricle	<csd>SRT</csd>	Image Mode = 2D
		<cv>G-0375</cv>	Image View = Apical two Chamber
		<cm> Left Ventricular Diastolic</cm>	Measurement Method = Method of disks,
		Area	single plane
LVAd ap4	Left Ventricle	<csd>SRT</csd>	Image Mode = 2D
		<cv>G-0375</cv>	Image View = Apical four Chamber
		<cm> Left Ventricular Diastolic</cm>	Measurement Method = Method of disks,
T 37 A d aminal	Loft Vantrials	Area	single plane
LVAd apical	Leit ventricie	<csd>SRT</csd>	Image Mode = 2D
		<pre><cv>G-0375</cv></pre>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
		<m>Left Ventricular Diastolic Area</m>	Single Plane
I WAd say ani	Loft Vantriola	<csd>SRT</csd>	Imaga Mada – 2D
LVAd sax epi	Leit veritricie	<cv>G-0379</cv>	Image Mode = 2D Image View = Parasternal short axis at the
		<pre><cv>G-0379</cv></pre> <cm>Left Ventricle Epicardial</cm>	Papillary Muscle level
		Diastolic Area, psax pap view	r apmary wuscle level
LVAd sax MV	Left Ventricle	<pre><csd>SRT</csd></pre>	Image Mode = 2D
L VII G Sax IVI V	Lon vontriolo	<cv>G-0375</cv>	Image View = Parasternal short axis at the
		<m>Left Ventricular Diastolic</m>	Mitral Valve level
		Area	William Varve level
LVAd sax PM	Left Ventricle	<csd>SRT</csd>	Image $Mode = 2D$
Z viid sax i ivi	Lott Voltations	<cv>G-0375</cv>	Image View = Parasternal short axis at the
		<m>Left Ventricular Diastolic</m>	Papillary Muscle level
		Area	- a _F y
LVAs ap2	Left Ventricle	<csd>SRT</csd>	$Image\ Mode = 2D$
		<cv>G-0374</cv>	Image View = Apical two chamber
		<cm>Left Ventricular Systolic</cm>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
		Area	Single Plane
LVAs ap4	Left Ventricle	<csd>SRT</csd>	Image Mode = $2D$
		<cv>G-0374</cv>	Image View = Apical four chamber
		<m>Left Ventricular Systolic</m>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
		Area	Single Plane
LVAs apical	Left Ventricle	<csd>SRT</csd>	Image Mode = 2D
		<cv>G-0374</cv>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
		<m>Left Ventricular Systolic</m>	Single Plane
		Area	
LVAs sax MV	Left Ventricle	<csd>SRT</csd>	Image Mode = 2D
		<cv>G-0374</cv>	Image View = Parasternal short axis at the
		<cm>Left Ventricular Systolic</cm>	Mitral Valve level
		Area	
LVAs sax PM	Lett Ventricle	<csd>SRT</csd>	Image Mode = 2D
		<cv>G-0374</cv>	Image View = Parasternal short axis at the
		<cm>Left Ventricular Systolic</cm>	Papillary Muscle level
T X 7T 1 . 1	l afternamentals	Area	I W 1 0D
LVLd apical	Left ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Image Mode = 2D
		<pre><cv> 18077-8</cv></pre>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
		<cm> Left Ventricle Diastolic Major</cm>	Single Plane
		Axis	

HD11 Labe	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
LVLs apical	Left ventricle	<csd>LN</csd> <cv> 18076-0</cv> <cm> Left Ventricle Systolic Major</cm>	Image Mode = 2D Measurement Method = Method of Disks, Single Plane
LVOT diam	Left ventricle	Axis <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>G-038F</cv> <cm>Cardiovascular Orifice</cm>	Finding Site = Left ventricle outflow tract Image Mode = 2D
ESV(MOD- sp2)	Left Ventricle	Diameter <csd>LN</csd> <cv>18148-7</cv> <cm>Left Ventricular End Systolic</cm>	Image Mode = 2D Image View = Apical two chamber Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
ESV(MOD- sp4)	Left Ventricle	Volume <csd>LN</csd> <cv>18148-7</cv> <cm>Left Ventricular End Systolic</cm>	Single Plane Image Mode = 2D Image View = Apical four chamber Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
CO(bp-el)	Left Ventricle	Volume <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32100</cv>	Single Plane Measurement Method = Biplane Ellipse
CO(Bullet)	Left Ventricle	<m>Cardiac Output csd>SRT <cv>F-32100</cv></m>	Measurement Method = Bullet
CO(Cubed)	Left Ventricle	<cm>Cardiac Output</cm> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32100</cv>	Measurement Method = Cube
CO(LVOT)	Left Ventricle	<m>Cardiac Output <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32100</cv></m>	Finding Site = Left ventricle outflow tract
CO(MOD-bp)	Left Ventricle	<m>Cardiac Output</m> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32100</cv>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks, Biplane
CO(mod- Simp)	Left Ventricle	<m>Cardiac Output csd>SRT <cv>F-32100</cv></m>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks, Simpson
CO(MOD-sp2)	Left Ventricle	<m>Cardiac Output</m> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32100</cv>	Image View = Apical two chamber Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
CO(MOD-sp4)	Left Ventricle	<m>Cardiac Output <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32100</cv></m>	Single Plane Image View = Apical four chamber Measurement Method = Method of Disks, Single Plane
CO(sp-el)	Left Ventricle	<m>Cardiac Output <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32100</cv></m>	Single Plane Measurement Method = Method of Disks, Single Plane Ellipse
CO(Teich)	Left Ventricle	<m>Cardiac Output <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32100</cv> <cm>Cardiac Output</cm></m>	Measurement Method = Teichholz

HD11 Labe	l Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
EDV(bp-el)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>18026-5</cv>	Measurement Method = Biplane Ellipse
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricular End Diastolic Volume</cm></pre>	
EDV(Bullet)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Bullet
		<pre><cv>18026-5</cv></pre>	
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricular End Diastolic Volume</cm></pre>	
EDV(Cubed)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Cube
		<cv>18026-5</cv>	
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricular End Diastolic</cm></pre>	
EDV(MOD-	Left Ventricle	Volume <csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
bp)	Left ventreic	<pre><csd>Eiv</csd> <cv>18026-5</cv></pre>	Biplane
F)		<m>Left Ventricular End Diastolic</m>	
		Volume	
EDV(mod-	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
Simp)		<pre><cv>18026-5</cv></pre>	Simpson
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricular End Diastolic Volume</cm></pre>	
EDV(sp-el)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Single plane
LD ((sp ci)	Lore voluntion	<pre><cv>18026-5</cv></pre>	Ellipse
		<m>Left Ventricular End Diastolic</m>	1
		Volume	
EDV(Teich)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Teichholz
		<pre><cv>18026-5</cv> <cm>Left Ventricular End Diastolic</cm></pre>	
		Volume	
EF(bp-el)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Biplane Ellipse
(1)		<cv>18043-0</cv>	1
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricular Ejection</cm></pre>	
	T 0. TT	Fraction	
EF(Bullet)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Bullet
		<pre><cv>18043-0</cv> <cm>Left Ventricular Ejection</cm></pre>	
		Fraction	
EF(Cubed)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Cube
, ,		<cv>18043-0</cv>	
		<m>Left Ventricular Ejection</m>	
		Fraction	
EF(MOD-bp)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
		<pre><cv>18043-0</cv> <cm>Left Ventricular Ejection</cm></pre>	Biplane
		Fraction	
EF(mod-Simp) Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Method of Disk,
, 1		<cv>18043-0</cv>	Simpson
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricular Ejection</cm></pre>	
		Fraction	

HD11 Labe	el Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
EF(MOD-sp2) Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
		<cv>18043-0</cv>	Single plane
		<cm>Left Ventricular Ejection</cm>	Image View = Apical two chamber
		Fraction	
EF(MOD-sp4) Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
		<cv>18043-0</cv>	Single plane
		<m>Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction</m>	Image View = Apical four chamber
EF(sp-el)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Single plane
		<cv>18043-0</cv>	Ellipse
		<m>Left Ventricular Ejection</m>	
		Fraction	
EF(Teich)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Teichholz
		<cv>18043-0</cv>	
		<cm>Left Ventricular Ejection</cm>	
		Fraction	
ESV(bp-el)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Biplane Ellipse
		<cv>18148-7</cv>	
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricular End Systolic</cm></pre>	
EGILO II)	Y 0. YY	Volume	
ESV(Bullet)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Bullet
		<pre><cv>18148-7</cv></pre>	
		<m>Left Ventricular End Systolic</m>	
	1 - 6 1 / (-2 - 1 -	Volume	
ESV(Cubed)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Cube
		<pre><cv>18148-7</cv></pre>	
		<pre><cm>Left Ventricular End Systolic</cm></pre>	
ESY/MOD by	p)Left Ventricle	Volume <csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
E3 V (MOD-0]	p)Leit veritricie	<cv>18148-7</cv>	Biplane
		<pre><cv>16146-7</cv></pre> <cm>Left Ventricular End Systolic</cm>	Dipiane
		Volume	
ESV(mod-	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks,
Simp)	Left ventricie	<cv>18148-7</cv>	Simpson
Simp)		<pre><cv>16146-7</cv></pre> <cm>Left Ventricular End Systolic</cm>	Simpson
		Volume	
ESV(sp-el)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Single plane
Es ((sp ci)	Dere ventrere	<cv>18148-7</cv>	Ellipse
		<m>Left Ventricular End Systolic</m>	Zimpst
		Volume	
ESV(Teich)	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Teichholz
		<cv>18148-7</cv>	
		<cm>Left Ventricular End Systolic</cm>	
		Volume	
FS	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	
		<cv>18051-3</cv>	
		<cm>Left Ventricular Fractional</cm>	
		Shortening	

HD11 Labei	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
Lvmass(AL)d	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>18087-7</cv> <cm>Left Ventricle Mass</cm>	Measurement Method = Area Length Single Plane Image Mode = 2D
	Left Ventricle		Ç
Lvmass(C)d	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>18087-7</cv> <cm>Left Ventricle Mass</cm>	Measurement Method = Cube Image Mode = 2D
LVMASS(C)d	ILeft Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>18087-7</cv> <cm>Left Ventricle Mass</cm>	
LVOT Area	Left Ventricle	<pre><csd>SRT</csd> <cv>G-038E</cv> <cm>Cardiovascular Orifice Area</cm></pre>	Finding Site = Left ventricle outflow tract Image Mode = 2D
SV(bp-el)	Left Ventricle	<pre><csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32120</cv> <cm>Stroke Volume</cm></pre>	Measurement Method = Biplane Ellipse
SV(Bullet)	Left Ventricle	<pre><cm>Stroke Volume</cm> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32120</cv> <cm>Stroke Volume</cm></pre>	Measurement Method = Bullet
SV(Cubed)	Left Ventricle	<pre><cm>Stroke Volume</cm> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32120</cv> <cm>Stroke Volume</cm></pre>	Measurement Method = Cube
SV(LVOT)	Left Ventricle	<pre><cm>Stroke Volume</cm> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32120</cv> <cm>Stroke Volume</cm></pre>	Finding Site = Left ventricle outflow tract
SV(MOD-bp)	Left Ventricle	<pre><cm>Stroke Volume</cm> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32120</cv> <cm>Stroke Volume</cm></pre>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks, Biplane
SV(mod-Simp))Left Ventricle	<csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32120</cv>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks, Simpson
SV(MOD-sp2)	Left Ventricle	<m>Stroke Volume</m> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32120</cv>	Measurement Method = Method of Disks, Single plane.
SV(MOD-sp4)	Left Ventricle	<cm>Stroke Volume</cm> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32120</cv>	Image View = Apical two chamber Measurement Method = Method of Disks, Single plane.
SV(sp-el)	Left Ventricle	<cm>Stroke Volume</cm> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32120</cv>	Image View = Apical four chamber Measurement Method = Single plane, Ellipse
SV(Teich)	Left Ventricle	<csd>SRT</csd> <cv>F-32120</cv>	Measurement Method = Teichholz
SV(Teich)	Left Ventricle	<cm>Stroke Volume</cm> <csd>SRT</csd>	-

HD11 Label Finding Site		DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
IVR Time	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>18071-1</cv> <cm>Left Ventricular Isovolumic Relaxation Time</cm>	
MM HR	Left Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>8867-4</cv> <cm>Heart rate</cm>	

A.2.34.2 Right Ventricle Measurements

HD11 Label	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers	
RVAWd	Right Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>		
		<cv>18153-7</cv>		
		<cm>Right Ventricular Anterio</cm>	or Wall	
		Diastolic Thickness		
RVDd	Right Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>		
		<cv>20304-2</cv>		
		<cm>Right Ventricular Internal</cm>	1	
		Diastolic Dimension		
RVOT maxV	Right Ventricle	<csd>LN</csd>	Finding Site = Right Ventricle	
	· ·	<cv>11726-7</cv>	Outflow Tract.	
		<m>Peak Velocity</m>		
RVSP(TR)	Right Ventricle	<csd>SRT</csd>		
` ′	3	<cv>G-0380</cv>		
		<m>Right Ventricular Peak Sy</m>	vstolic	
		Pressure	,	

A.2.34.3 Aortic Valve Measurements

HD11	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
Label	Ü	77 0	. ,
ACS	Aortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>17996-0</cv> <cm>Aortic Valve Cusp Separation</cm>	Image Mode = MMode
AI max Po	G Aortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20247-3</cv> <cm>Peak Gradient</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
AI max ve	el Aortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>11726-7</cv> <cm>Peak Velocity</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
Ao V2 V7	T Aortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20354-7</cv> <cm>Velocity Time Integral</cm>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
Ao max P	G Aortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20247-3</cv> <cm>Peak Gradient</cm>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
Ao mean PG	Aortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20256-4</cv> <cm>Mean Gradient</cm>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow

HD11 Finding Site Label	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
Ao V2 max Aortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	
	<cv>11726-7</cv>	
	<cm>Peak Velocity</cm>	
Ao max PG Aortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Simplified
2	<cv>20247-3</cv>	Bernoulli
	<cm>Peak Gradient</cm>	
Ao mean Aortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Simplified
PG 2	<cv>20256-4</cv>	Bernoulli
	<cm>Mean Gradient</cm>	
AVA (I, D) Aortic Valve	<csd>SRT</csd>	Measurement Method = Continuity
	<cv>G-038E</cv>	Equation by Velocity Time Integral
	<cm>Cardiovascular Orifice</cm>	
	Area	
AVA (V, Aortic Valve	<csd>SRT</csd>	Measurement Method = Continuity
D)	<cv>G-038E</cv>	Equation by Velocity Time Integral
	<cm>Cardiovascular Orifice</cm>	
	Area	
Ao dec Aortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
slope	<cv>20216-8</cv>	
	<cm>Deceleration Slope</cm>	
Ao dec timeAortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
	<cv>20217-6</cv>	
	<cm>Deceleration Time</cm>	
Aortic HR Aortic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	
	<cv>8867-4</cv>	
	<cm>Heart rate</cm>	

A.2.34.4 Aorta Measurements

HD11 Label	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
Ao root diam	Aorta	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>18015-8</cv> <cm>AorticRoot Diameter</cm>	
Asc Ao	Aorta	<csd>LN </csd> <cv>18012-5</cv> <cm> Ascending Aortic Diameter</cm>	Image Mode = 2D

A.2.34.5 Left Atrium Measurements

HD11 Label	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
LA	Left Atrium	<csd>LN</csd>	
dimension		<cv>29469-4</cv>	
		<cm>Left Atrium Antero-posterior</cm>	
		Systolic Dimension	
LA/AO	Left Atrium	<csd>LN</csd>	
		<cv>17985-3</cv>	
		<cm>Left Atrium to Aortic Root</cm>	
		Ratio	

A.2.34.6 Mitral Valve Measurements

HD11 Label	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
MV E-F slope	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>18040-6</cv> <cm>Mitral Valve E-F Slope by M- Mode</cm>	Image Mode = MMode
MV excursion	Mitral valve	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd> <cv>C12207-01</cv> <cm> Mitral Valve D-E Excursion</cm>	Image Mode = MMode
EPSS	Mitral valve	<pre><csd>LN</csd> <cv>18036-4</cv> <cm>Mitral Valve EPSS, E wave</cm></pre>	Image Mode = MMode
MR max PG	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20247-3</cv> <cm>Peak Gradient</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
MR max vel	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>11726-7</cv> <cm>Peak Velocity</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
MR mean PG	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20256-4</cv> <cm>Mean Gradient</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
MR mean vel	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20352-1</cv> <cm>Mean Velocity</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
MR VTI	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20354-7</cv> <cm>Velocity Time Integral</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow

HD11 Label	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
	ntMitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>17978-8</cv> <cm>Mitral Valve A-Wave Peak Velocity</cm>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
MV dec slope	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20216-8</cv> <cm>Deceleration Slope</cm>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
MV Max PG	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20247-3</cv> <cm>Peak Gradient</cm>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
MV Mean PG	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20256-4</cv> <cm>Mean Gradient</cm>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
MV P1/2t max v	Mitral valve	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd> <cv>C12222-03</cv> <cm>Pressure Half-Time Peak velocity</cm>	
MV V2 Max	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>11726-7</cv> <cm>Peak Velocity</cm>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
MV V2 VTI	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20354-7</cv> <cm>Velocity Time Integral</cm>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
MV E poin	t Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>18037-2</cv> <cm>Mitral Valve E-Wave Peak Velocity</cm>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
MV dec time	Mitral valve	<csd>LN</csd> <cv>20217-6</cv> <cm>Deceleration Time</cm>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
MR alias vel	Mitral valve	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd> <cv>C12222-02</cv> <cm>Alias Velocity</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
MR PISA radius	Mitral valve	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd> <cv>C12222-01</cv> <cm> Flow Radius</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow Image Mode = 2D
MV Diam	1 Mitral valve	<csd>SRT</csd> <cv>G-038F</cv> <cm>Cardiovascular Orifice Diameter</cm>	Image Mode = 2D
MV Diam 2	2Mitral valve	<csd>SRT</csd> <cv>G-038F</cv> <cm>Cardiovascular Orifice Diameter</cm>	Image Mode = 2D

HD11	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
Label			
MR ERO	Mitral Valve	<csd>SRT</csd>	Measurement Method = Proximal
		<cv>G-038E</cv>	Isovelocity Surface area
		<cm>Cardiovascular Orifice</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
		Area	
MR flow	Mitral Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
rate		<cv> 34141-2</cv>	
		<m> Peak Instantaneous Flow</m>	
		Rate	
MR PISA	Mitral Valve	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd>	Measurement Method = Proximal
		<cv>C12207-06</cv>	Isovelocity Surface area
		<cm>Mitral Valve Flow Area</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
MR RF	Mitral Valve	<csd>SRT</csd>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
		<cv>G-0390-4</cv>	
		<cm>Regurgitant Fraction</cm>	
MR volum	eMitral Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Measurement Method = Proximal
		<cv>33878-0</cv>	Isovelocity Surface area
		<cm>Volume Flow</cm>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
MV E/A	Mitral Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	
		<cv>18038-0</cv>	
		<m>Mitral Valve E to A Ratio</m>	
MV Flow	Mitral Valve	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd>	Measurement Method = Proximal
Area		<cv>C12207-06</cv>	Isovelocity Surface area
		<m>Mitral Valve Flow Area </m>	Image $Mode = 2D$
MV P1/2t	Mitral Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	
		<cv>20280-4</cv>	
		<cm>Pressure Half-Time</cm>	
SV(MV)	Mitral Valve	<csd>SRT</csd>	
		<cv>F-32120</cv>	
		<m>Stroke Volume</m>	
MVA P1/2	t Mitral Valve	<csd>SRT</csd>	Measurement Method = Area by PHT
		<cv>G-038E</cv>	
		<cm>Cardiovascular Orifice</cm>	
		Area	

A.2.34.7 Pulmonic Valve Measurements

HD11 Label	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
_	Pulmonic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Image Mode = MMode
close		<cv>20295-2</cv>	
		<m>Time from Q wave to Pulmonic</m>	
D.A	D.1	Valve Closes	Ele Direction Antogrado Flour
	Pulmonic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
time		<pre><cv>20168-1</cv></pre>	
		<cm>Acceleration Time</cm>	

HD11 Label	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
PA dec	Pulmonic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	
slope		<cv>20216-8</cv>	
		<cm>Deceleration Slope</cm>	
PA dec	Pulmonic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	
time		<cv>20217-6</cv>	
		<cm>Deceleration Time</cm>	
II	Pulmonic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
PG		<cv>20247-3</cv>	
		<cm>Peak Gradient</cm>	
	Pulmonic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
PG		<cv>20256-4</cv>	
		<cm>Mean Gradient</cm>	
PA V2	Pulmonic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
max		<cv>11726-7</cv>	
		<cm>Peak Velocity</cm>	
PI max	Pulmonic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
PG		<cv>20247-3</cv>	
		<cm>Peak Gradient</cm>	
PI max	Pulmonic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
vel		<cv>11726-7</cv>	
		<cm>Peak Velocity</cm>	
PA dec	Pulmonic Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	
slope		<cv>20216-8</cv>	
		<cm>Deceleration Slope</cm>	
PA P1/2t	Pulmonary Valve	<csd>LN</csd>	
		<cv>20280-4</cv>	
		<cm>Pressure Half-Time</cm>	

A.2.34.8 Tricuspid Valve Measurements

HD11 Finding S	Site DI	COM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
Label			
Q-to-TV Tricuspid V		d>LN	Image Mode = MMode
open		>20296-0 n>Time from Q wave to Tricuspid	
		ve Opens	
TR max Tricuspid V		d>LN	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
vel	<cv< td=""><td>>11726-7</td><td></td></cv<>	>11726-7	
	<cm< td=""><td>n>Peak Velocity</td><td></td></cm<>	n>Peak Velocity	
TV max Tricuspid V	alve <cso< td=""><td>d>LN</td><td>Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow</td></cso<>	d>LN	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
PG	<cv.< td=""><td>>20247-3</td><td></td></cv.<>	>20247-3	
	<cm< td=""><td>n>Peak Gradient</td><td></td></cm<>	n>Peak Gradient	
TV mean Tricuspid V	alve <cso< td=""><td>d>LN</td><td>Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow</td></cso<>	d>LN	Flow Direction = Antegrade Flow
vel	<cv.< td=""><td>>20352-1</td><td></td></cv.<>	>20352-1	
	<cm< td=""><td>n>Mean Velocity</td><td></td></cm<>	n>Mean Velocity	
TR Max Tricuspid V	alve <cso< td=""><td>d>LN</td><td>Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow</td></cso<>	d>LN	Flow Direction = Regurgitant Flow
PG	<cv< td=""><td>>20247-3</td><td></td></cv<>	>20247-3	
	<cm< td=""><td>n>Peak Gradient</td><td></td></cm<>	n>Peak Gradient	

A.2.34.9 General Heart Measurements

HD11	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping
Label		
Left max	Left Heart	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd>
vel		<cv>C99200-01</cv>
		<cm>Left Heart Maximum</cm>
		Velocity
Right	Right Heart	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd>
max vel	· ·	<cv>C99200-02</cv>
		<cm>Right Heart Maximum</cm>
		Velocity
Left dian	nLeft Heart	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd>
		<cv>C99200-03</cv>
		<cm>Left Heart Diameter</cm>
Right	Right Heart	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd>
diam		<cv>C99200-04</cv>
		<cm>Right Heart Diameter</cm>

A.2.34.10 Ductus Arteriosis Measurements

HD11 Label	Finding Site	DICOM Mapping	Optional Modifiers
Duct Art	Patent Ductus Arteriosis	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd> <cv>C99201-02</cv> <cm>Ductus Arteriosis Dimension</cm>	Image Mode = 2D
Duct Art Flow	Patent Ductus Arteriosis	<csd>99PMSBLUS</csd> <cv>C99201-01</cv> <cm>Ductus Arteriosis Flow Velocity</cm>	

A.2.35 Mapping between HD11 Wall Segment Scores and DICOM

DICOM uses ASE based Wall Segment scores in the template where Wall Motion Analysis data is given. HDII provides Wall Segment scoring based on ASE scheme also. Below table shows the mapping between ASE Wall Segment scores and the DICOM.

Mercury ASE Segment Score	DICOM Mapping
Name	
UNREAD	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv> R-00378</cv>
	<cm> Not Evaluated</cm>
CANNOT_READ	<csd>DCM</csd>
	<cv> 122288</cv>
	<cm> Not visualized</cm>
NORMAL	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>R-00344</cv>
	<cm> Normal wall motion</cm>
HYPOKINETIC	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>R-4041B</cv>
	<cm> Hypokinesis</cm>
AKINETIC	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>F-30004</cv>
	<cm>Akinesis</cm>
DYSKINETIC	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv> F-32052</cv>
	<cm>Dyskinesis</cm>
ANEURYSMAL	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>D3-10510</cv>
	<cm>Ventricular Aneurysm</cm>

A.2.36 Mapping between HD11 Wall Segment Names and DICOM

HDII uses 16 segment based assessment and below table shows the mapping of the 16 segments to the DICOM.

Mercury Segment Name	DICOM Mapping
Basal Anterior	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>T-32619</cv>
	<cm> left ventricle basal anterior</cm>
	segment
Basal Anterolateral wall	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>R-1007A</cv>
	<cm>left ventricle basal anterolateral</cm>
	segment
Basal Posterolateral wall	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>R-10079</cv>
	<cm>left ventricle basal inferolateral</cm>
	segment
Basal Inferior Wall	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>T-32615</cv>
	<cm> left ventricle basal inferior</cm>
	segment
Basal Inferior Septum	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>R-10076</cv>
	<cm>left ventricle basal inferoseptal</cm>
	segment
Basal Anterior Septum	<csd>SRT </csd>
	<cv> R-10075</cv>
	<cm>left ventricle basal anteroseptal</cm>
	segment
Mid-Anterior Wall	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>T-32617</cv>
	<cm>left ventricle mid anterior</cm>
	segment
Mid-Anterolateral Wall	<csd>SRT </csd>
	<cv>R-1007C</cv>
	<cm>left ventricle mid anterolateral</cm>
	segment
Mid-Posterolateral Wall	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>R-1007B</cv>
	<cm>left ventricle mid inferolateral</cm>
	segment
Mid-Inferior Wall	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>T-32616</cv>
	<cm> left ventricle mid inferior</cm>
	segment
Mid-Inferior Septum	<csd>SRT</csd>
	<cv>R-10078</cv>
	<cm>left ventricle mid inferoseptal</cm>

Mercury Segment Name	DICOM Mapping
	segment
Mid-Anterior Septum	<csd>SRT</csd> <cv>R-10077</cv> <cm> left ventricle mid anteroseptal</cm>
Apical Anterior Wall	segment <csd>SRT</csd> <cv> T-32613</cv> <cm> left ventricle apical anterior</cm>
Apical Lateral Wall	segment <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>T-3261C</cv>
Apical Inferior Wall	<pre><cm>left ventricle apical lateral segment</cm> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>T-32618</cv></pre>
Apical Septum	<pre><cm> left ventricle apical inferior segment</cm> <csd>SRT</csd> <cv>T-32614</cv> <cm>left ventricle apical septal</cm></pre>
	segment

A.2.37 Not mapped measurements in HD11

HD11 Label	DICOM Mapping
Aortic R-R	Not Mapped
MM R-R int	Not Mapped
Annular Vel	Not Mapped
Myocardial Vel	Not Mapped
EDA	Not Mapped
ESA	Not Mapped
LVLd % diff	Not Mapped
LVLs % diff	Not Mapped
Lvmass(AL)dI	Not Mapped
Lvmass(C)dI	Not Mapped
Pul V D	Not Mapped
Pul V S	Not Mapped

HD11 Label	DICOM Mapping
Pul V A wave max	Not Mapped.
FAC	Not Mapped.

END OF DOCUMENT