

Patients receive the ventilation they need, when they need it

Proportional pressure ventilation (PPV) on the Respironics V60

Our ventilatory requirements change continuously as do those of our patients. In acute respiratory failure, patients generally do not generate sufficient effort to overcome imposed work of breathing due to muscle fatigue. As a result, these patients are unable to effectively adapt their ventilation according to their needs. When intact, nothing beats a patient's own breathing control mechanisms to adjust desired volume breath to breath. PPV provides inspiratory flow and pressure in proportion to the patient's spontaneous effort,¹ thus improving patient control over their ventilation.²

Key advantages

- Provides ventilation in proportion to the patient's effort resulting in improved neuro-ventilatory coupling^{2,3}
- Reduces the pressure required for the same volume in other spontaneous modes ^{1,2}
- Enables normalized breathing patterns² and improved comfort versus conventional pressure support ^{2,4}

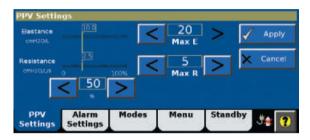


PPV mode parameters

Parameters	Range	
Primary settings		
Max E	0 – 100 cmH ₂ 0/L	
Max R	1 – 50 cmH ₂ 0/L/sec	
% PPV	0 – 100 %	
Max volume	200 – 3500 ml	
Max pressure	5 – 40 cmH ₂ 0	
EPAP	4 – 25 cmH ₂ 0	
O ₂ concentration	21 – 100 %	
PPV backup settings		
IPAP	4 – 40 cmH ₂ 0	
I-Time	0.30 – 3.00 sec	
Rate	4 – 60 BPM	
Rise time	1-5	



Global view of selected PPV parameters



Intuitive parameter menu

Ordering Information

Description	Legacy part number	Philips part number
V60 factory installed PPV option	1053086	989805628361
V60 RespiLink installed PPV option	1053087	989805628351
V60 field installed PPV option	1053088	453561516981

References

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- Wysoski M. Noninvasive proportional assist ventilation compared with noninvasive pressure support ventilation in hypercapneic acute respiratory failure. Critical Care Med. 2002; 309(2):323-329

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